Blackall – Tambo Region Planning Scheme

General Development Code - Planning Scheme Section 6.2.2

What we want to achieve (Performance Outcomes)	One way to achieve it (Acceptable Outcomes)	What could be negotiated	What we don't want to see	Code Assessment
Site Layout				
PO1 The scale of new buildings and facilities suits its site and its surroundings.	AO1 New buildings cover less than the following percentage of site area: Township zone (where not in a precinct) - 50%; Township zone (Commercial precinct) - 90%; Township zone (Mixed Use precinct) - 50%; Township zone (Industrial precinct) - 40%; Recreation and Open Space zone – 10%; and Rural zone – no acceptable outcome prescribed.	Total site cover may be able to be increased if proven to provide long term benefits to area – e.g. goods and service store in a Township zone (where not in a precinct).	The scale of new buildings and facilities exceeds what is intended for the site and surrounding area.	Complies less than 50% as per Site Plan provided
Editor's note—The follow met.				
	View animated code provision.			

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PO2 Setbacks for buildings and structures for the front, side and rear are in keeping with other nearby buildings.	Setbacks are to meet the Building Code of Australia requirements (including any variations as per the Queensland Development Code). AO2.2 Setbacks are to allow for off street parking and vehicle movement, and in the Commercial precinct, off street parking is located at the rear of buildings to allow for easy vehicle movement and access.	Sometimes different setbacks are needed depending on the site layout or the type of new buildings proposed. It is important to make sure that reductions in setbacks don't impose on other properties, make it difficult for others to then use their properties, or go against what is common in the street/surrounding area.	Building or site layout that means others can't use their properties properly, or that means the streetscape would look substantially different if the proposed new buildings or facilities were approved.	AO2.1 Complies with QDC Code Setbacks, being: Fronting Charles St – 6 metres Arthur St – 6 metres Side Boundaries > 1.5 metres AO2.2 Complies, off street parking will be beside each cabin for individual use. Access via both Charles & Arthur Streets. Parking will allow for easy moveability/access.
Editor's note—The follow met.	ving animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of h	ow the acceptable outo	come could be	

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PO3 Landscaping is provided to improve the presentation of the property – including, wherever possible, keeping existing trees that provide good shade.	AO3.1 Except in the Commercial precinct and the Rural zone, a minimum of 10% of the total area for new buildings and facilities is landscaped. AO3.2 In all areas, keep, or provide and maintain, shade trees and shrubs on the site – not just grass and shrubs.	Slight reductions in landscaping on site if it is offset in some other way that still provides good amenity and heat reduction.	Landscaping which doesn't improve the appeal of the surrounding streetscape and existing buildings – e.g. concrete dominating the site.	AO3.1 Landscaping will be kept to a minimum but be appealing from Street frontages. New lawn will be laid, Bottletrees retain and basic native gardens. AO3.2 Shaded common BBQ area will be erected in addition to existing trees & landscaping.
Editor's note—The follow met. Building Design	ving animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of View animated code provision.			
PO4 Building height is similar to the other	AO4 New buildings are less than the following heights:	The height of a building can be		Complies – single story structure and below 8.5m above ground level.

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buildings in town and around the Blackall- Tambo Region.	 Township zone (other than in the Industrial precinct) – 2 storeys or 8.5m above ground level; Township zone (Industrial precinct) – 15m above ground level; Rural zone – no acceptable outcome provided; and Recreation and Open Space zone – 8.5m above ground level. 	higher if it needs to be for a particular purpose – e.g. a church steeple, or a concrete batching plant.	Buildings higher than stated.	
met.	ing animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of h View animated code provision.	ow tne acceptable outc	ome could be	
PO5 New buildings have a similar look and feel to any surrounding buildings, and look like they belong in the local area.	In the Township zone (other than in the Commercial precinct, Industrial precinct and Mixed Use precinct), new buildings include at least 3 of the following: • verandas or porches; • awnings and shade structures; • variations to the roof and building lines; • recesses and projections of the external facade; • doors and window openings; • a range of building materials, colours and textures matching or complementing those prevailing in neighbouring buildings; or • windows or other design features which overlook the street to allow for passive surveillance.	Commercial and industrial buildings might need to look a certain way because of what they are used for (e.g. a service station, or a warehouse) – but buildings in these areas should still look and feel similar to other	Building designs which do not reflect the surrounding buildings, or contribute poorly to the streetscape.	Complies: - Proposed pitch roof in keeping surrounding homes. - Earthy tones - Cabins will have a veranda or porch. - Shade provided via roof over veranda, common area, shade trees etc. - Cabins will have access via doors and various window points.

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	In the Commercial precinct, new buildings will: • provide for tenancies fronting the street • provide an awning over the full length of the building frontage and setback a maximum of 0.25 metres from the kerb line • at the ground storey, a minimum of 65% of building frontage is provided as predominantly transparent windows or glazed doors and a maximum of 35% as solid façade. Editor's note—Refer to PO25 related to retention/reuse of existing commercial buildings.	buildings in the local area.		NOT APPLICABLE
Editor's note—The follow met.	ing animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of h			

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	View animated code provision.			
PO6 New buildings include design features which allow for passive surveillance of the streetscape and measures that increase the safety of the neighbourhood. Dual Occupancy and	Multiple Dwelling			Complies
•				
PO7 Dual occupancy and multiple dwellings are built to a high standard and look like they belong in the local area, by using similar design features and layout to other nearby buildings.	AO7.1 New buildings use high standards of design which reflects surrounding residential buildings. In particular, new buildings have at least one of these roof types with a pitch of 20 degrees or greater: • skillion • gable • hipped; or • pitched. AO7.2 Each dwelling includes the following design elements:	Sometimes newer buildings can look different to the surrounding area because of advances in architecture and building design. The design of new buildings should try as much as possible	Buildings that look like 'dongers' or trailer homes. Poor design and layout – e.g. poor positioning of car parks (stopping doors from	NOT APPLICABLE

What we want to achieve (Performance Outcomes)	One way to achieve it (Acceptable Outcomes)	What could be negotiated	What we don't want to see	Code Assessment
	 a visible entry (i.e. a front door) from the main street frontage bathroom, laundry and toilet windows which are located to offer privacy from the street and other dwellings on the premises privacy screening to adjacent neighbours, either through landscaping or screen structures on-site parking provided at the side or rear of the site. 	to complement the area they are located in.	opening fully or driveways leading onto intersections, or poor vehicle circulation designs. Poor and/or lack of privacy and shading.	
Additional uses on th	e same site (Ancillary uses)		_	
PO8 In areas other than the Rural zone, additional buildings such as sheds, which support or do not dominate the purpose of the main building/s are reasonable in size and function.	AO8 In areas other than the Rural zone, ancillary buildings are not more than 10% of the floor area of the main building/s on the premises.	It is important that an additional building or use doesn't dominate the site it is on, or the purpose of the original building, useless it is supporting the function of the building/s.	Additional buildings with a gross floor area over 10% of the main building and do not support the use of the main building/s and streetscape.	NOT APPLICABLE
Editor's note— Development on the		Additional uses on the same site		

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same premises as an existing use that does not support that purpose, or dominates it, is considered a new use.		in the Rural zone may be a material change of use.		
Editor's note—The followmet.	ving animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of h			
Traffic, access, man	oeuvring and parking			
PO9 Expected increases in traffic volume are properly managed and mitigated.	AO9.1 Local transport and traffic design standards/local laws are met. PO9.2 Development makes sure that: • local and residential roads are used only for local traffic; and • traffic or freight movement on local and residential roads is avoided.	Some uses may need to utilise local or residential roads for short or limited heavy vehicle movements, so actual impact will be a consideration in the assessment. Some uses may create a lot of	Flows of heavy vehicle or significantly increased traffic along residential streets that could create unacceptable noise or inconvenience to residents, or impact on the condition	A09.1 Complies, sufficient to cater for. A09.2 Usage will be local & residential roads only.

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		new vehicle movements, and these will need to be analysed against traffic standards as part of the assessment process.	of rural roads by heavy vehicles.	
PO10 Sufficient parking spaces are provided for the use.	AO10.1 Car parking is provided as per the rates in Table 6.2.2.1. AO10.2 On-street parking is maintained.	If there is no building work (and it is just a change of use), reductions in onsite parking can be considered.	Poor or lack of onsite parking. Reductions in on-street parking, unless more is provided on site.	Onsite parking is available to each accommodation proposed beside cabin. Propose six cabins each with individual parking beside.

Table 6.2.2.1 Car parking requirements

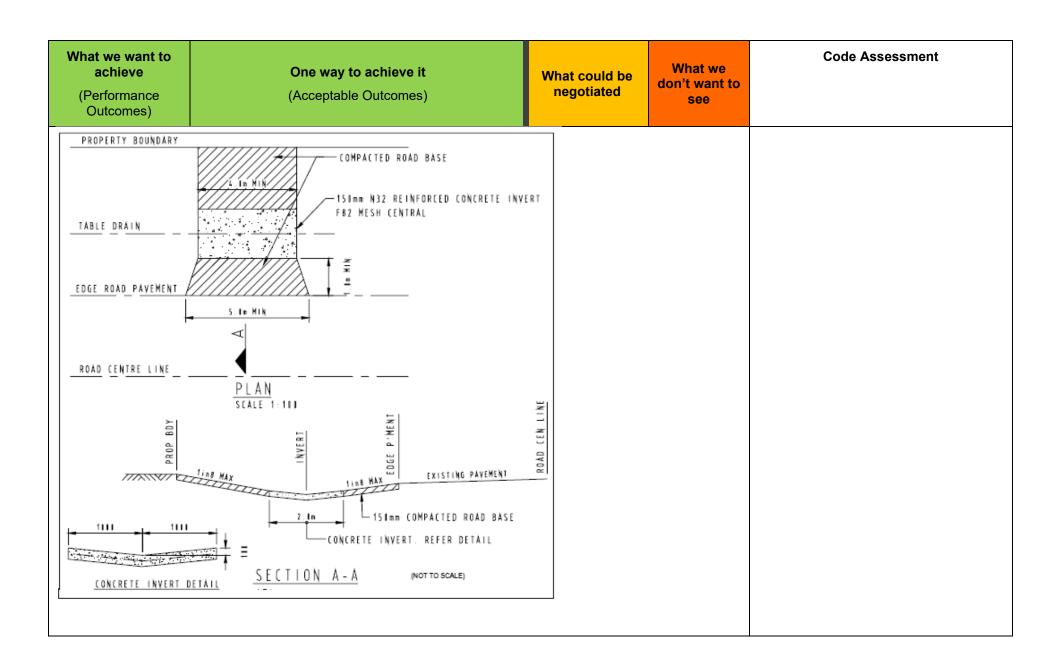
Use	Requirements
Childcare Centre	1 space for every employee, and 1 space for every 4 children.
Commercial activities	1 space per 50m2 of gross floor area.
Dual Occupancy	1 covered space for every 2 bedrooms, plus 1 space for every additional bedroom.

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Dwelling house	1 covered space per dwelling.				
Dwelling unit	1 covered space per dwelling unit.				
Home-based business	1 space of additional parking to be pro	vided for the dwelling.			
Industrial activities		1 space per 50m2 of gross floor area for the first 1000m2 and 1 additional space per 100m2 of gross floor area exceeding 1000m2.			
Multiple dwelling	1 covered space for every 2 bedrooms additional bedroom.	1 covered space for every 2 bedrooms, plus 1 space for every additional bedroom.			
Non-resident workforce accommodation	1 space per unit plus 1 visitor space p	1 space per unit plus 1 visitor space per every 5 units.			
Rural activities	1 space per 100m2 of gross floor area	1 space per 100m2 of gross floor area			
Service station	1 space per 30m2 site area.	1 space per 30m2 site area.			
Short-term accommodat		1 covered space per guestroom or suite, 1 additional space per 30m2 of gross dining area, and 1 space per employee.			
Tourist park	1 space per site, plus 1 extra space for	r every 3 sites.			
All other uses	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Sufficient spaces to accommodate the amount of vehicle traffic likely to be generated by the particular use.			

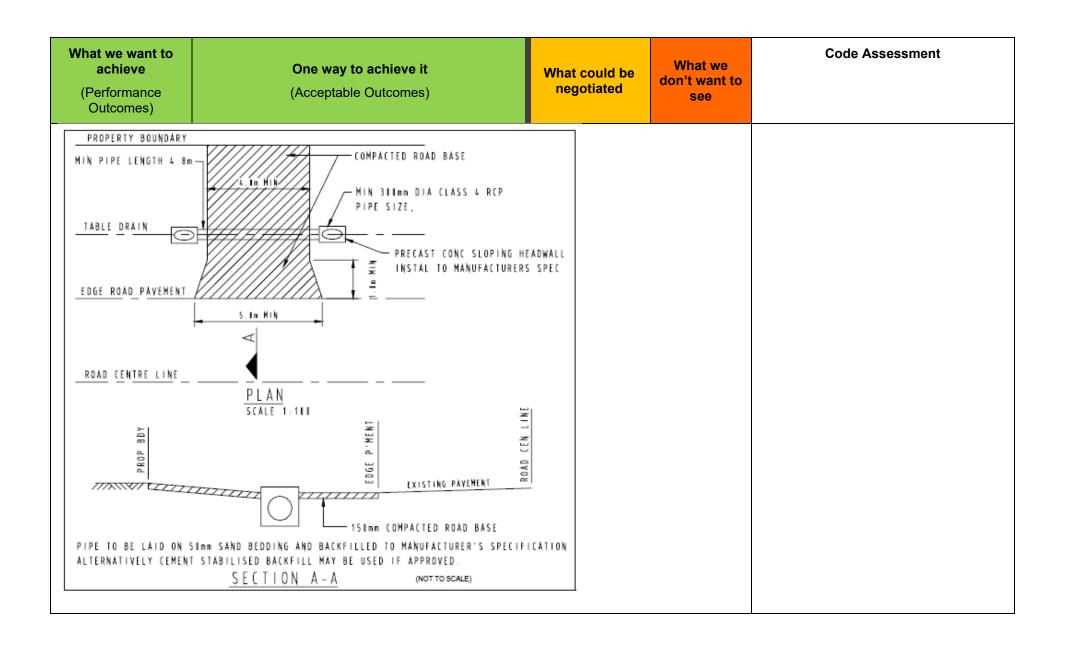
met.

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PO11 Vehicle access and movement is: • easy and safe; • does not create problems for the external road network; and • provides safe pedestrian access – this includes access for people with a disability.	View animated code provision. AO11.1 Car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed to comply with: • AS2890.1 – Parking Facilities; and • Austroads Publication AP-G34-13 – Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates. AO11.2 Avoid conflict with obstacles which may obstruct parking – e.g. manholes, power poles, vegetation, bus stops, gully pits and other obstacles. AO11.3 Vehicle crossovers are to be designed as per Figures 1 or 2 below. AO11.4 The minimum distance between a driveway and an intersection connecting to another street is 6m, and driveway access is provided from the quietest/smallest road frontage available.		Tight parking which reduces manoeuvring – both on premises and on-street. Lack of safe pedestrian access and parking for people with disabilities. Obstacles on or near driveway – e.g. bus stops, man holes etc. Driveway is poorly positioned and is not safe –	Complies A011.1 Parking will be designed to comply. Access to accommodation via two street frontages, Charles & Arthur Streets. A011.2 Site has been reviewed via visual, Google Earth & DBYD. In any case manholes, power poles, vegetation etc. will be avoided. A011.3 Will comply A011.4 Will comply
			e.g. within 6m of an intersection with another	

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			street or leads onto a busy road.	
Figure 1 – Vehicle Cross	Figure 1 – Vehicle Crossover Non-Piped			



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Figure 2 – Vehicle Cr	ossover – Piped			



What we want to achieve (Performance Outcomes)	One way to achieve it (Acceptable Outcomes)	What could be negotiated	What we don't want to see	Code Assessment
Editor's note—The follow be met. Off-site impacts				
PO12 Development avoids air, light and noise pollution which impacts the surrounding occupants, environment and streetscape.	Industrial and commercial activity adhere to air, light and noise pollution requirements. Editor's note—Reports prepared to justify compliance with AO12.1 should follow best practice, such as the guidelines in the Department of Environment and Science's Noise Measurement Manual, National Environment Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measure (NEPC 1998), AS/NZS 1269 Set: Occupational Noise Management Set and Australian Standard 1055.2:1997 – Acoustics – Description and measurement of environment noise. AO12.2 New buildings and facilities include measures to reduce the impacts of air, light and noise pollution if situated along busy roads and/or near areas of industrial and/or commercial activity – such as sound dampening in walls, or acoustic barriers.	Depending on where new buildings or facilities are located, or what is actually proposed, these requirements might not be required. E.g. In a very remote area, noise might not be an issue.	New buildings or facilities that increase pre-existing levels of air, noise, or other pollutants in areas where other residents might be affected. New buildings situated along busy roads which do not minimise the impacts from air and noise	NOT APPLICABLE

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			pollution caused by large amounts of traffic.	
Infrastructure and Se	ervices			
PO13 Suitable connections to power and telecommunications are provided.	AO13 Telecommunications and power supplies are designed to meet provider requirements.			Power & Water will be connected where available. There will be no onsite managers cabin but will review telecommunications and make access if required.
PO14 Adequate supply of potable water is provided to the premises, and new buildings are designed to be able to appropriately treat	AO14.1 In the Township zone, all new buildings are connected to Blackall-Tambo Regional Council's reticulated water supply network in accordance with: • Water Services Association of Australia (WSAA), 2011, "WSA 03-11 Water Supply Code of Australia" Version 3.1; and			Water will be connected where available.

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and dispose of effluent and other waste water.	Queensland Department of Energy and Water Supply, 2010, Planning Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage.			
	In the Recreation and Open Space zone and Rural zone, a potable water supply is provided. AO14.3 In the Township zone, all new buildings and facilities are connected to a reticulated sewerage network, where available.			NOT APPLICABLE Will be connected where available
	AO14.4 In the Recreation and Open Space zone and Rural zone, or in the Township zone where a reticulated sewerage network is not available, sewage disposal is provided generally in accordance with the Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code.			NOT APPLICABLE
PO15 Stormwater is collected and discharged to ensure no impacts on adjoining land, or Council or state infrastructure, while also ensuring environmental values	 AO15 Stormwater drainage is provided in accordance with: Queensland urban drainage manual, 3rd Edition, Queensland Department of Energy and Water Supply, 2013; and Pilgrim, DH, (ed)., Australian Rainfall & Runoff – A Guide to Flood Estimation, Institution of Engineers, Australia, Barton, ACT, 1987. 			Stormwater drainage will be connected to ensure no impacts to adjoining lands.

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of receiving waters are maintained.				
Council assets				
PO16 Council infrastructure is protected from encroachment or interference.	AO16.1 All building proposals are clear of Council easements and underground infrastructure within site boundaries. AO16.2 All invert crossing(s) and driveways are clear of all gully pits, street lights, power poles and other infrastructure located within the road reserve with a minimum separation distance of 1 metre.		New buildings that impact the function and use of Blackall-Tambo Regional Council assets.	Complies A016.1 Does not impede any easements or underground infrastructures. DBYD has been engaged to confirm. A016.2 Driveways are clear of streetlights which are located on each corner of Charles St and toward back of land Arthur St. Driveways will comply.
Development located	in a Bushfire Prone Area			
PO17 Vulnerable uses, essential service uses and hazardous chemical facility uses are not established or intensified within a bushfire prone area.				CHECKED & NOT APPLICABLE
PO18 Development in a bushfire prone area, or intensification of existing uses in a	AO18.1 New buildings and facilities are not situated in a bushfire prone area as identified on SPP mapping – Safety and Resilience to Hazards (Natural Hazards Risk and Resilience – Bushfire Prone Area)		New buildings in bushfire prone areas.	NOT APPLICABLE

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bushfire prone area, is avoided, or, the risk to people and property from bushfire is mitigated to an acceptable or tolerable level.	AO18.2 Development mitigates the risk to people and property from bushfire to an acceptable or tolerable level by: Incorporating an adequate bushfire defendable space between buildings and hazardous vegetation; and Providing safe evacuation routes for occupants and access for emergency services; and Providing a dedicated static water supply available for fire fighting; and Does not create additional bushfire risk through revegetation or landscaping.			NOT APPLICABLE
PO19 Emergency services and community infrastructure continue to function effectively during and immediately after a bushfire event.	AO19.1 Emergency services and community infrastructure is not located in a bushfire prone area as identified on SPP mapping – Safety and Resilience to Hazards (Natural Hazards Risk and Resilience – Bushfire Prone Area).		Emergency services cannot function in or access the area, facility or building.	NOT APPLICABLE
PO20 Development avoids or mitigates the bushfire risk from	AO20.1 Hazardous materials are not stored or manufactured in a bushfire prone area as identified on SPP mapping		New buildings or activities involving	NOT APPLICABLE

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manufacture or storage of hazardous materials within a bushfire prone area.	— Safety and Resilience to Hazards (Natural Hazards Risk and Resilience — Bushfire Prone Area) OR AO20.2 Buildings and structures used for the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials are designed to prevent exposure of the hazardous materials in the event of a bushfire Editor's note—Refer to the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and associated Regulation and Guidelines; the Environmental Protection Act 1994; and the relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975 for requirements related to the manufacture and storage of hazardous substances. Information is provided by Business Queensland on the requirements for storing and transporting hazardous chemicals, available at www.business.gld.gov.au/running-business/protecting-business/risk-management/hazardous-chemicals/storing-transporting		manufacture or storage of hazardous materials in bulk in a bushfire prone area.	NOT APPLICABLE
·	in a Flood Hazard Area			
PO21 People and property are not exposed to intolerable risk from flood hazards.	AO21.1 New development is: situated outside of mapped flood areas identified in Schedule 2 – Flood mapping; or if within a mapped flood area, a fit for purpose risk assessment is conducted to ensure that		Uses and activities that are incompatible	Identified to be outside of Flood Mapping area.

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	development in that area does not increase risk		with the flood	
	beyond a tolerable level.		risk present.	
	AO21.2		The	
	New buildings in a mapped flood area identified in		development	
	Schedule 2 - Flood mapping should include a		relies on	NOT APPLICABLE
	finished floor level 300mm higher than the defined		evacuation	
	flood level for that area.		routes that are	
			subjected to	
	Editor's note—Refer to Council resolution in Schedule 4 .		flooding.	
	AO21.3		Infrastructure	
	If located in a mapped flood area identified in		and essential	
	Schedule 2 - Flood mapping, at least one		community	
	evacuation route is provided which allows safe		services are	NOT APPLICABLE
	passage for emergency evacuation during flood		unable to	
	events (this must be sufficient to cater for evacuation		function	
	and emergency access).1		during and	
	10044		following a	
	AO21.4		flood event.	
	If located in a mapped flood area identified in		N 1 7 7 7	
	Schedule 2 – Flood mapping, hazardous materials are not stored on site, or are stored so the release of		New buildings	NOT ADDITIONAL F
	the hazardous materials is prevented.		that increase	NOT APPLICABLE
	the hazardous materials is prevented.		the	
	AO21.5		vulnerability of people located	
	AULIN		heobie iocated	

¹ The State Planning Policy – state interest guidance material for Natural hazard, risk and resilience – flood provides specifications for evacuation routes. Refer to https://dilgpprd.blob.core.windows.net/general/spp-guidance-natural-hazards-risk-resilience-flood.pdf.

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	Development in a mapped flood area identified in Schedule 2 – Flood mapping does not: • alter a watercourse or floodway, including by clearing vegetation; or • involve filling or excavating greater than 10m³. AO21.6 Development maintains the protective function of landforms and vegetation to lessen the flood risk.		in a flood hazard area. New buildings which impede or restrict the response of emergency services before, during and after a hazard event. New buildings or facilities that significantly increases the intensity of use and users in a hazard	NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE
PO22 Essential community services and infrastructure continue to be functional during and after a flood event.	AO22 Community infrastructure is located in accordance with community infrastructure flood immunity standards identified in the SPP guidance material on Natural hazards, risk and resilience - flood.		Essential services like hospitals, substations, or water treatment	NOT APPLICABLE

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Outcomes)			plants placed where they might be adversely affected by flooding	

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Ctack Davida Nativorile				
Stock Route Network				

PO23

Stock routes are able to operate efficiently and safely without impact or interference from buildings, operations, or accesses, including without disruptions caused by proximity of sensitive land uses like residential or commercial uses.

Editor's note—
Pasturage rights exist where the mapped
Stock Route Network adjoins a term lease for pastoral purposes.
Section 432 of the Land Act 1994 provides guidance on the extent to which the pasturage rights overlap the adjoining lease area in this instance.

Editor's note—
Conditions required by a lease or permit relating to travelling stock, pastures for the use of depasturing travelling stock, or fencing, are complied

AO23.1

Development occurring adjacent to or nearby a stock route identified in <u>SPP mapping – Economic</u>

<u>Development (Agriculture – Stock Route Network)</u>

should not impact the operation and safety of the stock route.

AO23.2

The stock route is to be easily accessible at all times by stock route users.

Development that makes it more difficult for people to access the stock route network or otherwise makes use of the route more challenging, or impacts the safety of the routee.g.non-rural or residential activities within the 800m designated pasturage rights area either side of an unsurveyed road or stock route and access points across the stock route should be limited to one access per

Will not impede stock route

with in accordance with the Stock Route Management Act 2002. Stock Route Stock Ro	
Management Act 2002.	

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Petroleum/high press	sure gas pipelines			
PO24 Pipelines carrying petroleum and gas continue to operate without impact. Editor's note—The holder of the Pipeline Licence or Petroleum Facility Licence must be consulted prior to activities in those areas in accordance with sections 807 and 808 of Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004.	New buildings are not situated within 200m of petroleum and gas pipelines or easements as identified on SPP mapping – Safety and Resilience to Hazards (Emissions and Hazardous Activities – High Pressure Gas Pipelines).		New buildings within 200m of petroleum and gas pipelines or easements.	NOT APPLICABLE
Local heritage place	s			
PO25 Heritage places, and other buildings that give the town its character, are kept in place wherever possible or re-used as a means to reflect local values and cultural heritage.	AO25.1 Development: • does not impact, destroy or modify any local heritage place identified in Table SC3.1–Local Heritage Place of Schedule 3 and requires no building or operational work; or • is in accordance with current best practice guidance as made under the Queensland Heritage	As a means to encourage retention and refurbishment of older buildings (particularly in commercial areas), re-use of older buildings	Development which either impacts, destroys or modifies the value, use, facilities and significance of	NOT APPLICABLE

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	 Act 1992 in relation to development of heritage places²; or is undertaken in accordance with an exemption certificate issued under the Queensland Heritage Act 1992. AO25.2 Demolition or removal of key parts of the place's cultural heritage significance is avoided unless there is no prudent and reasonable alternative to demolition or removal. Editor's note—Reports prepared to justify compliance with the AO above must be prepared by suitably qualified consultants, such as conservation architects or engineers, and detail alternative options investigated. The report must also provide an archival record to document the proposed changes. 	could be accompanied by reductions in car parking requirements for the new use.	local heritage places. Undertaking development (including demolition) without having an exemption certificate, or without suitable assessment by Council.	NOT APPLICABLE
Editor's note—The follow met.	ving animation is included to provide an illustrated indication of h			

² This is presently the guideline 'Developing reuse places - using the development criteria' prepared by the then department of Environment and Heritage Protection. It is available at https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/assets/documents/land/heritage/gl-heritage-development.pdf.

One way to achieve it (Acceptable Outcomes)	What could be negotiated	What we don't want to see	Code Assessment		
Biodiversity					
Development occurring outside of the Township zone must be 100m from the bank of all waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance as identified in SPP mapping – Environment and Heritage (Biodiversity).		New development in areas of environmental significance that are identified by the State Planning Policy. New buildings within 100m of the banks of waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance. Activities which	NOT APPLICABLE		
:	(Acceptable Outcomes) AO26 Development occurring outside of the Township zone must be 100m from the bank of all waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance as identified in SPP	(Acceptable Outcomes) AO26 Development occurring outside of the Township zone must be 100m from the bank of all waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance as identified in SPP	AO26 Development occurring outside of the Township zone must be 100m from the bank of all waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Planning Policy. New development in areas of environmental Significance as identified in SPP interest in areas of environmental significance that are identified by the State Planning Policy. New buildings within 100m of the banks of waterways, water storages and areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance. Activities		

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			environment or negatively impact ecological connectivity.	
Airports and Aviation	n facilities			
PO27 The Blackall airport, Tambo airport and aviation facilities can operate as normal without impact from development. Note—Refer to the SPP Mapping – Strategic Airports and Aviation Facilities for infrastructure of State significance to be protected. Editor's note-As at the adoption of this planning scheme, no Strategic Airports and Aviation Facilities of State significance have been identified in the planning scheme area, however the function of	 AO27.1 Development situated within the building restricted area for an aviation facility must not: disrupt the line of sight between the antenna by physical obstructions; create electrical or electromagnet fields which interfere with signals transmitted by the facility; or include reflective surfaces that could deflect or interfere with signals transmitted by the facility. AO27.2 Development and associated activities must not: create a permanent or temporary physical or transient intrusion into an airport's operational airspace, unless the intrusion is approved in accordance with the relevant federal legislation; include a light source or reflective surfaces that could distract or confuse pilots approaching the airport to land; cause emissions which significantly increase air turbulence, reduce visibility or compromise the 		Any sort of development which may interfere with the function of airports and aviation facilities	Complies

What we want to achieve (Performance Outcomes)	One way to achieve it (Acceptable Outcomes)	What could be negotiated	What we don't want to see	Code Assessment
Blackall-Tambo Regional Council's airport infrastructure and aviation facilities must also be protected.	operation of aircraft engines the operational airspace of an airport; attract wildlife or increase wildlife hazards to the operational airspace of the airport or the airport land; increase the number of people living, working or congregating in the Public Safety Area; or involve the manufacture, use or storage of flammable, explosive, hazardous or noxious materials in the Public Safety Area Editor's note—For further guidance on achieving or applying the above outcomes, refer to the 'State Planning Policy state interest guidance material: Strategic airports and aviation facilities', available at https://dilgpprd.blob.core.windows.net/general/spp-strategic-airports-and-aviation-facilities-july-2017.pdf .			

Blackall – Tambo Region Planning Scheme

Township Code - Planning Scheme Section 5.2.1.3

What we want to achieve	One way to achieve it	Code Response
(Performance Outcomes)	(Acceptable Outcomes)	
For assessable development		
Hotel, rooming accommodation, relocatable home park and short-term accommodation uses are provided in a location where: (a) it can be serviced with infrastructure (b) is complementary to the existing character of the area; (c) does not have an adverse impact on residential amenity in terms of privacy, safety, noise, odour and fumes, lighting and traffic generation; (d) does not lead to a reduced quality of accommodation experiences available within the location.		Transportable cabins will be of construction that is complementary to existing buildings in the area. Roof will be pitched as imaged *noting final selection of cabin pending. Exterior colour will be more earthy. There will be no impact on residential amenities by way of privacy, noise, lighting etc.

PO2		NOT APPLICABLE
The industrial precinct and existing industrial land uses		
are protected from encroachment by incompatible land		
uses.		
PO3		Design will be compatible with residential use.
Uses are compatible with, and complementary to, the existing residential uses.		
PO4	AO4.1	NOT APPLICABLE
Where adjoining a residential use, non-residential uses are located and designed to avoid impacts on existing levels of residential amenity including privacy, safety,	Commercial uses are located in the commercial precinct and industrial uses are located in the industrial	NOT APPLICABLE
noise, odour and fumes, lighting and traffic generation.	precinct.	NOT APPLICABLE
	AO4.2 Non-residential uses do not overlook the living areas of any adjoining residential use.	
PO5	AO5	NOT APPLICABLE
Dual Occupancy is located on appropriately sized lots to avoid impacts on residential amenity and safety.	Dual Occupancy are located on a site with an area of at least:	
	 (a) 2000m² where not connected to reticulated sewerage network; or (b) 800m² where connection is available to reticulated sewerage network. 	

facilit dens	ple dwellings, residential care facilities, retirement ties and rooming accommodation are of a scale, sity and character that is complementary and patible with the surrounding residential area.	AO6.1 Multiple dwellings are located on lots with a minimum area of 1000m². AO6.2 The number of dwellings contained in a multiple dwelling and/or retirement facility is calculated as follows: (a) one bedroom units per 350m² of site area; and (b) units comprising more than one bedroom per 400m² of site area.	NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE
chille exam (a) (b) (c)	impact industry use involving commercial-use or box/es for the storage of animal carcasses (for inple, associated with macropod harvesting): does not have an adverse impact on surrounding residential or accommodation uses in terms of amenity, noise, odour and fumes, lighting and traffic generation; and are serviced by reliable electricity and water required for the use; and are designed and installed/constructed so that the chiller box/es may be readily unsecured and removed from the site, if necessary to protected public health and safety in response to an incident.		NOT APPLICABLE
PO8 Hour	essessable development in the Commercial precing a sof operation are consistent with maintaining a conable level of amenity for nearby land in a lential precinct.	AO8 Hours of operation are limited to 6am to 10pm.	NOT APPLICABLE

PO9 New buildings maintain and enhance the existing streetscape and relationship with adjoining buildings.	AO9.1 Where adjoining an existing awning, a new awning connection is made at the same or very similar height to provide connectivity for weather protection. AO9.2 A footpath is provided in accordance with Council's minimum standards for all development.	NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE
PO10 Waste disposal and servicing areas are screened from public view and do not have adverse amenity impacts on adjoining properties.	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	NOT APPLICABLE
PO11 Development is designed and located so that adverse impacts on privacy and amenity on nearby residential uses are minimised.	AO11.1 Buildings are set back 2m from any boundary shared with a residential use, or half the height of that part of the building, whichever is the greater.	NOT APPLICABLE
	AO11.2 A 1.8m high solid screen fence is provided along all boundaries shared with a residential use.	NOT APPLICABLE
	AO11.3 Windows that have a direct view into an adjoining residential use are provided with fixed screening that is a maximum of 50% transparent to obscure views and maintain privacy for residents.	NOT APPLICABLE

PO12		NOT APPLICABLE
New uses developed in the Commercial precinct do not		
detract from the precinct's predominant commercial		
nature.		
For assessable development in the Industrial precinc	t	
PO13		NOT APPLICABLE
Industrial development does not result in sensitive land		
uses located outside of the Industrial precinct being		
affected by industrial air, noise and odour emissions.		
PO14		NOT APPLICABLE
Uses, other than Industrial uses are consistent with and		
make a positive contribution to the economy and		
character of the Industrial precinct, and do not detract		
from the Commercial precinct as being the primary		
location for commercial development.		
PO15		NOT APPLICABLE
Sensitive land uses (other than Caretaker's		
accommodation) are not established within the		
Industrial precinct.		
PO16	AO16.1	NOT APPLICABLE
Adverse impacts on the health, safety or amenity of	Development achieves the noise	
nearby land in the Township zone or sensitive land uses	generation levels set out in the	
are minimised.	Environmental Protection (Noise)	
	Policy 2019.	
Editor's note—Applicants should have regard to relevant	40400	NOT APPLICABLE
legislative, industry and licensing requirements.	AO16.2	
	Development achieves the air quality	
	objectives set out in the Environmental	
PO17	Protection (Air) Policy 2019.	NOT ADDITIONED F
	AO17	NOT APPLICABLE
Development does not compromise the viability of the	No more than one (1) caretaker's	
primary use of the site.	accommodation dwelling is established on the site.	
	on the site.	

For assessable development in the Mixed Use precin	ct	
PO18 Development does not have an adverse impact on residential amenity in terms of privacy, safety, noise, odour and fumes, lighting and traffic generation.		NOT APPLICABLE
PO19 Non-residential uses are compatible with and do not detract from the domestic scale, intensity, form and character of the precinct.	AO19.1 New buildings and structures comply with the building heights stated in A04 of the General Development Code.	NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE
	AO19.2 The scale of ancillary buildings comply with AO8 of the General Development Code.	THO TALLES ABLE
For non-residential uses, hours of operation are consistent with maintaining a reasonable level of amenity for nearby residential uses and does not prejudice the future use of other and in the Mixed Use precinct for residential use.	AO20 Hours of operation are limited to 7am to 6pm.	NOT APPLICABLE
PO21 Development does not compromise the viability of the primary use of the site.	AO21 No more than one (1) caretaker's accommodation dwelling is established on the site.	NOT APPLICABLE
PO22 Waste disposal and servicing areas are screened from public view and do not have adverse amenity impacts on adjoining properties.		NOT APPLICABLE