Blackall-Lambo Kegional Council



6 Coronation Drive, BLACKALL QLD 4472 PO Box 21, BLACKALL QLD 4472 P: (07) 4621 6600 F: (07) 4621 8855 admin@btrc.qld.gov.au

www.btrc.qld.gov.au

ABN: 42 062 968 922

Our Ref:DA05-2023-2024Enquire to:Kathy Dendle (Rate Administration Officer)Telephone:(07) 4621 6600

7 August 2023

Longhorn Transport Pty Ltd PO Box 665 EMERALD QLD 4720

Sent via email to: andrewb@mursurv.com

Dear Andrew

Confirmation Notice

Given under section 2 of the Development Assessment Rules

The development application described below was properly made to the Blackall-Tambo Regional Council on the 31 July 2023.

Applicant details		
Applicant name:	Longhorn Transport Pty Ltd	
Applicant contact details:	Po Box 665	
	EMERALD QLD 4720	
Location details		
Street address:	Davidson Road, Tambo	
Real property description:	Lot 17 on SP148104	
Local government area: Blackall-Tambo Regional Council		
Application details		
Application number:	DA05-2023-2024	
Approval sought:	Development Permit for Material Change of Use	
Description of development:	Transport Depot	
Category of Development:	Assessable Development	

Public notification details

Category of Assessment:

Part 4: Public Notification under the Development Assessment Rules is not applicable to this development application.

Code Assessment

Referral details

Part 2: Referral of the Development Assessment Rules is applicable to the development application. The development application must be referred to all relevant referral agency(s) within 10 business days starting the day after receiving this notice, or a further period agreed with the assessment

manager; otherwise the application will lapse under section 31 of the Development Assessment Rules.

PLANNING FOR AN NAME OF STATUS **ADDRESS** REGULATIO **APPLICATIO** AGENCY N 2017 N INVOLVING Schedule 10, Material Chief The Concurrenc Department of State Development. Part 9. change of use Executive Infrastructure, Local Government and e Division 4. of premises Planning Subdivision near a State Department Central Queensland Region Office 2. Table 4. transport of State PO Box 113 Item 1 corridor. Developmen **ROCKHAMPTON QLD 4700** Ph: (07) 4924 2913 t, Infrastructur Email: e, Local RockhamptonSARA@dsdilgp.qld.gov Government .au and Planning MyDAS2 online referrals: https://prod2.devassess.gld.gov.au/suite/

The development application must be referred to the following referral agencies:

It is the Applicant's responsibility to give each Referral Agency a copy of:

- The application;
 - This confirmation notice;
- Any required fee.

The Applicant must, within 5 business days after giving the application to the Referral Agency, give the Blackall-Tambo Regional Council a notice of the day the application was referred.

Information request

Blackall-Tambo Regional Council may still make an information request under Part 3 of the Development Assessment Rules.

Other details

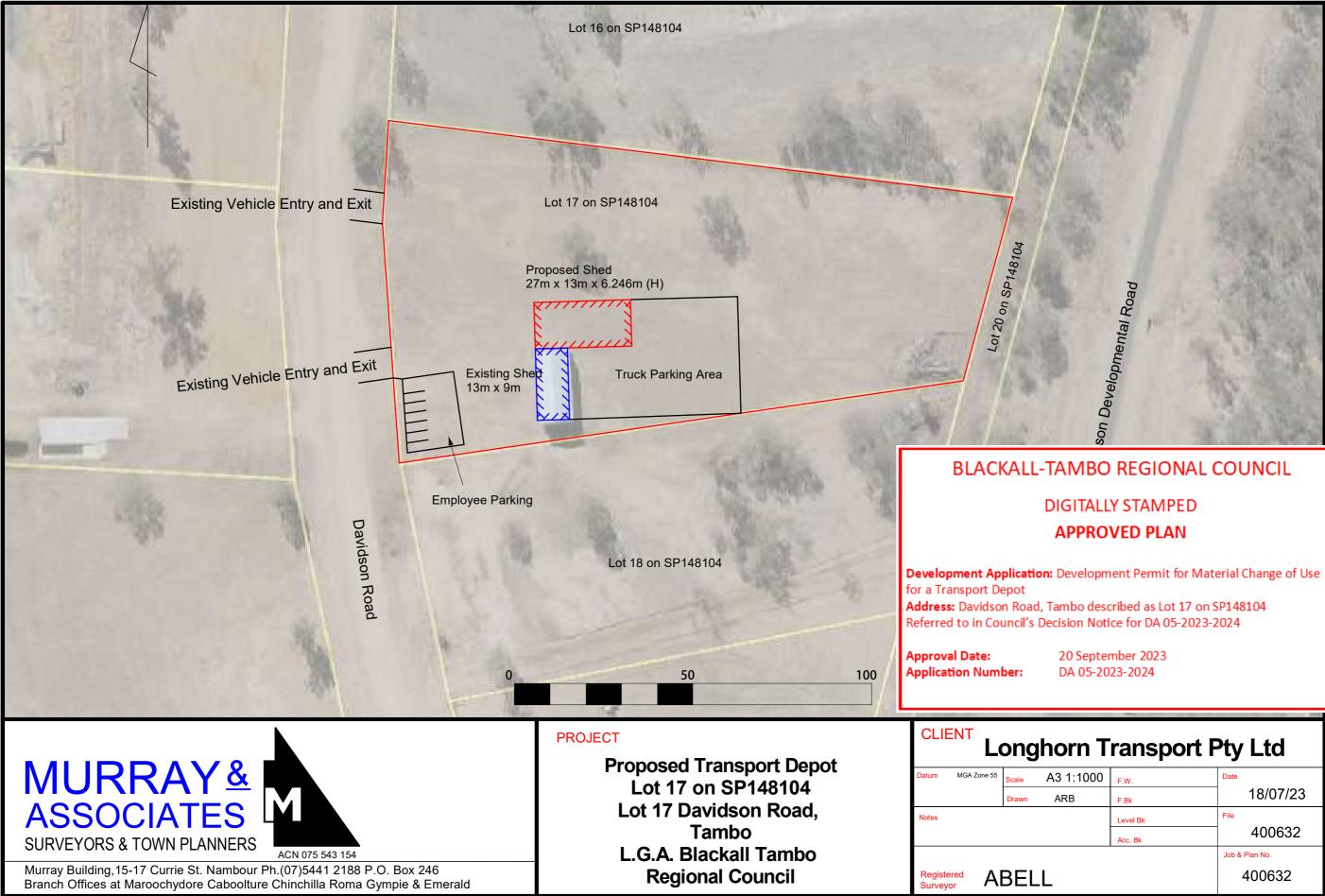
If you find an inaccuracy in any of the information provided above or have a query or seek clarification about any of these details, please contact me on the above telephone number.

For further information please contact Kathy Dendle, Rate Administration Officer, on (07) 4621 6600 or via email <u>rates@btrc.qld.gov.au</u>.

Yours sincerely

Mourand

DA Howard CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



A3 1:1000	F.W.	Date
ARB	F.Bk	18/07/23
	Level Bk	File
	Acc. Bk	400632
		Job & Plan No.
.L		400632



SARA reference:2308-36107 SRACouncil reference:DA05-2023-2024Applicant reference:204349

15 August 2023

Chief Executive Officer Blackall Tambo Regional Council PO Box 21 Blackall QLD 4472 ceo@btrc.qld.gov.au

Attention: Kathy Dendle

Dear Sir/Madam

SARA referral agency response— Davidson Road, Tambo

(Referral agency response given under section 56 of the Planning Act 2016)

The development application described below was confirmed as properly referred by the State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA) on 9 August 2023.

Response

Outcome:	Referral agency response - No requirements
	Under section 56(1)(a) of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , SARA advises it has no requirements relating to the application.
Date of response:	15 August 2023
Advice:	Advice to the applicant is in Attachment 1
Reasons:	The reasons for the referral agency response are in Attachment 2

Development details

Description:	Development permit	Material change of use for Transport Depot
SARA role:	Referral Agency	
SARA trigger:	Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 4, Item 1 (Planning Regulation 2017)	
	Development application for transport corridor	or a material change of use within 25m of a state

SARA reference:	2308-36107 SRA
Assessment manager:	Blackall Tambo Regional Council
Street address:	Davidson Road, Tambo
Real property description:	17SP148104
Applicant name:	Longhorn Transport Pty Ltd
Applicant contact details:	PO Box 665 Emerald QLD 4720 andrewb@mursurv.com
Human Rights Act 2019 considerations:	A consideration of the 23 fundament human rights protected under the <i>Human Rights Act 2019</i> has been undertaken as part of this decision. It has been determined that this decision does not limit human rights.

Representations

An applicant may make representations to a concurrence agency, at any time before the application is decided, about changing a matter in the referral agency response (s. 30 Development Assessment Rules).

Copies of the relevant provisions are in Attachment 3.

A copy of this response has been sent to the applicant for their information.

For further information please contact Monica Pollock, Senior Planning Officer, on 47583471 or via email RockhamptonSARA@dsdilgp.qld.gov.au who will be pleased to assist.

Yours sincerely

Anthony Walsh Manager Planning

cc Longhorn Transport Pty Ltd, and rewb@mursurv.com

enc Attachment 1 - Advice to the applicant Attachment 2 - Reasons for referral agency response Attachment 3 - Representations about a referral agency response provisions

Attachment 1—Advice to the applicant

Gen	General advice	
1.	Terms and phrases used in this document are defined in the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> its regulation or the State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP), (version 3.0). If a word remains undefined it has its ordinary meaning.	

Attachment 2—Reasons for referral agency response

(Given under section 56(7) of the Planning Act 2016)

The reasons for SARA's decision are:

The development complies with the SDAP, State code 1: Development in a state-controlled road environment. Specifically, the development:

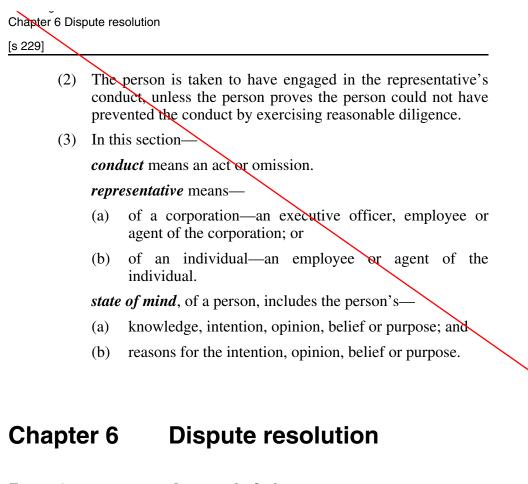
- does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.
- does not compromise the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road, road transport infrastructure or road works.
- does not adversely impact the function and efficiency of the state-controlled road.
- stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.
- The development is considered generally in accordance with the requirements of SDAP State code 1.

Material used in the assessment of the application:

- the development application material and submitted plans
- Planning Act 2016
- Planning Regulation 2017
- the SDAP, version 3.0, as published by SARA
- the Development Assessment Rules
- SARA DA Mapping system
- Section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*

Attachment 3— Representations about a referral agency response provisions

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Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* 2018—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)-5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

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- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

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(7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise,

whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and

(c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Rart 2 Development tribunal

Division 1

General

233 Appointment of referees

- (1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the *appointer*) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—
 - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
 - (b) has demonstrated an ability
 - (i) to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and
 - (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
 - (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
 - (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
- (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
- (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*; or
- (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
- (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
- (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—

storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Table 1		
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal		

1. Development applications

For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if any)	
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 	
			3 Any eligible advice agency for the application	
			4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—

(a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of the change application.

	Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Co	lumn 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Ap	opellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
			(if any)	by election (if any)	
1 2	The applicant If the responsible entity is the	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal— the applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application	
	assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice			2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager	
				3 A private certifier for the development application	
				4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application	
				5 Any eligible submitter for the change application	

3. Extension applications

For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—

(a) the assessment manager's decision on the extension application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager	

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—

- (a) the notice involved an error relating to—
 - (i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge—

- the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or
 - (iii) an offset or refund; or
- (b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- (c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or
- (d) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The person given the	The local		_	
infrastructure	government that gave			
charges notice	the infrastructure charges notice			
5. Conversion applica	tions	L		
An appeal may be ma	de against—			
(a) the refusal of a co	onversion application;	or		
(b) a deemed refusal	of a conversion applic	ation.		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The applicant	The local			
	government to which the conversion			
	application was			
	made			
6. Enforcement notice	es			
An appeal may be ma	de against the decision	to give an enforcement	nt notice.	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The person given the			If the enforcement	
enforcement notice	authority		authority is not the local government for	
			the premises in	
			relation to which the	
			offence is alleged to have happened—the	
			local government	

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or

(b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision		

2. Eligible submitter appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

· · ·			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
1 For a	1 For a	1 The applicant	any) Another eligible
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	 If the applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency 	submitter for the application

Current as at 19 March 2020

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column	n 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appella	int	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
			(if any)	by election (if any)	
app elig sub dev app 2 For app elig sub cha app 3 An adv for dev app cha	r a velopment blication—an gible omitter for the velopment blication r a change blication—an gible omitter for the ange blication eligible vice agency the velopment blication or ange blication	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	 The applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency 	Another eligible submitter for the application	
4. Compensation claims					
An appeal may be made against—					
	(b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or				
(c) a de	(c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).				

	Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if any)	
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	—	_	
5. Registered premise An appeal may be ma	s de against a decision c	of the Minister under cl	hapter 7, part 4.	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
 A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is 	The Minister	_	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises	
2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or			•	
occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered				
premises who is dissatisfied with the decision				

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Planning Act 2016

Schedule 1

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and	The local government	_	
(b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.			

Table 3Appeals to a tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval
			2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

Table 3Appeals to a tribunal only

2. Inspection of building work

An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision		—

3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018

An appeal may be made against-

- (a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or
- (b) a decision under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision		

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Table 3Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made		_

5. Failure to make a decision about an application or other matter under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*

An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, within the period required under that Act, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision		