









Planning Scheme
Blackall Shire

Integrated Planning Act 1997

PLANNING SCHEME FOR BLACKALL SHIRE

Adoption

The local government for Blackall Shire adopted this planning scheme on 14 June 2006.

"Commencement"

This planning scheme took effect on 30 June 2006.

State Planning Policies

The Minister for Local Government and Planning has identified the following relevant State Planning Policies as having been appropriately reflected in the planning scheme –

- 1. State Planning Policy 1/92 Development and Conservation of Agricultural Land
- 2. The bushfire and landslide components of the State Planning Policy 1/03 Mitigating the Adverse Impacts of Flood, Bushfire and Landslide
- 3. State Planning Policy 1/02 Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities

The Minister for Local Government and Planning has advised the Integrated Development Assessment System trigger for Department of Main Roads continues to have effect.

Brenda Kelly Chief Executive Officer Blackall Shire Council

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Effective: 30 June 2006

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PART 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of the Planning Scheme

- (1) In accordance with the Integrated Planning Act 1997 (IPA) the local government for Blackall Shire has prepared this planning scheme as a framework for managing "Development" in a way that advances the purpose of the Integrated Planning Act by:
 - (a) identifying outcomes sought to be achieved in the local government area as the context for assessing "Development";
 - (b) identifying exempt, self-assessable and assessable development; and
 - (c) identifying specific measures to guide and regulate "Development" within the local government area

1.2 Planning Scheme Functions as Part of IDAS

(1) The planning scheme functions as part of IDAS¹ and must be read together with the IPA.

1.3 Structure of the Planning Scheme

(1) The planning scheme has the following components:

STRATEGIC DIRECTION (PART 3)

Desired Environmental Outcomes (DEOs)

DEOs represent what is sought to be achieved through the planning scheme and are expressions of endstates.

Strategies

Strategies enunciate how the DEOs will be sought to be achieved for the local government area.

ZONES (PART 4)

"Zones" organise the local government area into broad land use allocations.

TABLES OF ASSESSMENT (PART 4)

Tables of assessment identify "Development", the relevant level of assessment and the applicable code provisions.

CODES (PARTS 4 & 5)

Zone Codes R.O.L Code

Codes identify the matters that will form the basis of requirements for self-assessable and assessable development.

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¹ IDAS—integrated development assessment system—is the system detailed in chapter 3 of the IPA for integrating State and local government assessment processes for development.

SCHEDULES

Schedules contain details that support the assessment criteria such as design and construction standards, separation distance requirements, and listings of specific sites for e.g. cultural heritage sites.

POLICIES

Policies identify additional requirements, procedural matters and information needs for assessable development.

MAPPING

Zone Mapping

"Zone" mapping spatially identifies the distinct land use allocation groupings for the local government.

Land Characteristic Areas Mapping

Land characteristic areas mapping spatially identifies particular areas of environmental, economic, or cultural importance where specific outcomes are sought to protect or promote the identified qualities, resource or constraint.

1.4 **General Assessment Provisions**

- (1) Area Covered by the Planning Scheme:
 - This planning scheme covers the whole of the local government area including roads and (a) "Watercourses".
 - (b) The provisions of the planning scheme apply to all roads and "Watercourses".

(2) **Exempt Development**

- The following "Development" is exempt development within the local government area:
 - "Development" that is made exempt pursuant to Schedule 9 of IPA, Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3 of IPA^2 ;
 - land designated for community infrastructure exempt development pursuant to IPA3; (ii)
 - "Development" involving the supply of road transport infrastructure in existing to roads; (iii)
 - "Development" involving "Railway activities" in existing rail corridors; (iv)

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Schedule 9, part 3 of IPA lists exempt development that may not be made assessable or self-assessable development under a planning scheme. For further clarification, the following is exempt for the purposes of the planning scheme and is in accordance with Table 4 Items 2 and 6 of Schedule 9 of the Act:

Operational works that is ancillary works and encroachments that are carried out in accordance with requirements specified by gazette notice by the chief executive under the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994 (including the excavating and borrowing of material necessary for road making, maintenance or repair) or done as required by a contract entered into with the chief executive under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, section 47; and

Operational work (including maintenance or repair work) carried out by or on behalf of a public sector entity authorized under State Law, (e.g. the Council or the Department of Main Roads) to carry out the work.

⁴ For the purpose of section 1.4(2) existing means – lawfully existing at "Commencement" or lawfully established after "Commencement"

- (v) "Development" involving water cycle management infrastructure, including infrastructure for water supply, sewerage, collecting water, treating water, stream managing, disposing of waters and flood mitigation, but excluding water supply or sewage treatment plants;
- (vi) "Development" involving the reticulation and distribution of electricity in: existing electricity easements; or existing electricity corridors; or roads;
- (vii) "Development" involving the reticulation and distribution of gas in: existing gas easements; or existing gas corridors; or roads;
- (viii) "Development" involving the reticulation and distribution of telecommunications, where colocated with existing telecommunications facilities;
- (ix) "Development" involving the reticulation and distribution of mobile telecommunications, other than by way of cables, where co-located with existing mobile telecommunications facilities:
- (x) "Development" for the purpose of a "Park";
- (xi) "Building work" being demolition; and
- (xii) "Operational work" other than excavation or filling.

(3) Self-assessable Development

- (a) The following "Development" is self-assessable development within the local government area:
 - (i) "Development" identified as self-assessable in Schedule 8 of IPA; and
 - (ii) "Development" identified as self-assessable in the table of assessment for each "Zone".
- (b) Where "Development" is identified as self-assessable it:
 - requires no development application; and
 - (ii) must comply with applicable code provisions whilst the "Development", including the "Use" component thereof, continues.
- (c) For self-assessable development ⁵:
 - (i) the relevant assessment criteria is the applicable code; and
 - (ii) compliance with the code is achieved only where all applicable acceptable solutions have been met; and
 - (iii) non-compliance with any applicable acceptable solution will result in the need for a code assessment development application.

(4) Assessable Development

The following "Development" is assessable "Development" within the local government area:

- (i) "Development" identified as assessable in Schedule 8 of IPA; and
- (ii) "Development" identified as requiring either Code or Impact assessment in the table of assessment for each "Zone".

(a) Code Assessment

The following "Development" is assessable "Development" requiring code assessment within the local government area:

- (i) "Development" identified as code assessment in the table of assessment for each "Zone", and
- (ii) Self-assessable "Development" that does not comply with any applicable acceptable solution/s.

Where "Development" is identified as assessable development - code assessment it:

- (i) requires a development application and development permit before "Development" can start; and
- (ii) is assessed against applicable codes.

For assessable development - code assessment:

- (i) the code is the purpose, performance criteria and the acceptable solutions; and
- (ii) acceptable solutions are probable solutions and are one way of achieving compliance with the performance criteria; and

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⁵ Compliance with the applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development does not remove the need to obtain other development approvals such as a development permit authorising "Building work" assessed against the Building Act 1975 and other statutory, licensing or "Local Law" requirements.

(iii) an acceptable solution for a performance criterion provides a guide for achieving that criterion in whole or in part and does not limit the assessment manager's discretion under the IPA to impose conditions on a development approval.

(b) Impact Assessment

The following "Development" is assessable "Development" requiring impact assessment within the local government area:

(i) "Development" identified as impact assessment in the table of assessment for each "Zone".

Where "Development" is identified as assessable development - impact assessment it:

- requires a development application and development permit before "Development" can start; and
- (ii) is assessed against the whole "Scheme" including any relevant codes⁶.

For assessable development - impact assessment:

- (i) the code is a relevant code; and
- (ii) the code is the purpose, performance criteria and the acceptable solutions; and
- (iii) acceptable solutions are probable solutions and are one way of achieving compliance with the performance criteria; and
- (iv) an acceptable solution for a performance criterion provides a guide for achieving that criterion in whole or in part and does not limit the assessment manager's discretion under the IPA to impose conditions on a development approval.

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⁶ For impact assessable development, applicable codes are provided to assist the preparation of an application and in no way affect the regard given to the planning scheme as a whole in accordance with section 3.5.5 of the IPA.

Part 2 Definitions

PART 2 DEFINITIONS¹

- "Accommodation building" means "Premises" comprising primarily of "accommodation units" such as motels, boarding-houses, guest-houses, hostels, unlicensed hotels, nursing homes, serviced rooms, or residential clubs and attached accommodation for the owner or the manager but does not include "Caretaker's residence", "Detached house", "Hotel", "Multiple dwelling" or "Visitor accommodation".
- "Accommodation unit" means any separate residential use area that is not self contained and is generally associated with temporary accommodation.
- "Act" means the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Agriculture" means the use of "Premises" for commercial or other non-domestic activities involving the cultivation or harvesting of plants and includes forestry. The term does not include "Intensive agriculture".
- "Airport" means all site facilities and any building, installation and equipment used for the control of aircraft operations and any facility provided at such premises for the housing, servicing, maintenance and repair of aircraft, and for the assembly of passengers or goods.
- "Bed and banks" has the meaning given in the Water Act 2000.
- "Bed and breakfast premises" means "Premises" used for small scale accommodation purposes contained within the curtilage of an existing "Detached house".
- "Building" has the meaning given in the Building Act 1975.
- "Building work" has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Caretaker's residence" means "Premises" used for a "Dwelling unit" for accommodation for a person/s having the care of "Premises" lawfully used for business, commercial, charitable or sporting purposes where those "Premises" are on the same allotment as the "Dwelling unit".
- "Catering premises" means "Premises" used for the sale of food and refreshments such as restaurants, take-away food shops, cafes, kiosks and reception lounges but does not include "Hotel" or "Indoor recreation".
- "Cattery or kennel" means "Premises" used for boarding, breeding, keeping, or training of cats or dogs for business purposes or for their impoundment.
- "Child care centre" means "Premises" used for the care, protection or supervision of children and includes a crèche, kindergarten and pre-school.
- "Child oriented uses" includes the following uses:
- (1) "Child care centre",
- (2) "Home business" providing home-based child care service;
- (3) "Educational establishment" providing for preschool and primary school students.
- "Commencement" the day the "Scheme" took effect.
- "Commercial activities" means "Premises" used for activities involving the provision of goods, food, services or entertainment, including:
- (1) "Catering premises";
- (2) "Commercial premises";
- (3) "Hotel";
- (4) "Professional office";

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Effectives 20 June 2000

¹ Part 2 Definitions contains, Use definitions and Administrative definitions. Uses are further clustered into activity definitions.

- (5) **"Shop"**; and
- (6) "Tourist facility"

"Commercial premises" - means "Premises" used for business offices or for other business or commercial purposes but not for "Professional office".

- "Community oriented activities" means "Premises" used for activities involving the provision of social, cultural, educational, community, infrastructure, hospital, cemeteries, crematorium, and government services, including:
- (1) "Child care centre":
- (2) "Educational establishment";
- (3) "Place of worship"; and
- (4) "Public utility".

"Council" - means the Blackall Shire Council.

"Detached house" – means "Premises" used for residential accommodation which comprises one "Dwelling unit" on one lot.

"Development" – has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.

"Dwelling unit" - means any "Building" or part thereof comprising a self-contained unit exclusively for residential use and includes the curtilage thereof.

"Educational establishment" - means "Premises" used for a school, college, university, technical institute, academy, educational centre, public library, lecture hall, art gallery or museum.

"Electricity Transmission Line Easement" – means an existing easement over land in favour of an entity responsible for the carriage or supply of electricity, which is intended to be used or used for the transmission of electricity.

"Extractive industry" - means "Premises" used for mining or an industrial activity involving:

- (1) the extraction of sand, gravel, clay, soil, rock, stone or any similar substance from land, whether or not any overburden is also extracted:
- (2) the rehabilitation of the land, and
- (3) the treatment including crushing or screening of that substance on, or on land abutting, the land from which that substance is extracted.

"Grazing" – means the use of "Premises" for commercial or other non-domestic activities involving the breeding, keeping or depasturing of animals, but does not include "Intensive animal industries".

"Habitable Buildings" – means any building, part of building or structure able to be lawfully used for "residential activities".

"Home business" – means "Premises" used for a commercial activity undertaken within the curtilage of a "Detached house" or "Dwelling unit", excluding the use of "Premises" as a shop selling goods not produced on the "Premises" or for any "Industrial activities". The term includes home-based childcare service, caring for up to 6 children.

"Hotel" - means "Premises" used for the sale of liquor for consumption on the "Premises", or on and off the "Premises", together with the provision of meals and accommodation.

"Indoor recreation" - means "Premises" used for any sporting or recreational activities where such "Use" is primarily indoors and includes the sale of food or refreshment.

"Industrial activities" – means "Premises" used for activities involving the manufacture, production, servicing, storage and distribution of goods, articles, equipment or vehicles, including:

- (1) "Extractive industry";
- (2) "Industry";
- (3) "Noxious industry";

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- (4) "Service station";
- (5) "Storage facility"; and
- (6) "Transport terminal".

"Industry" - means "Premises" used for:

- (1) an industrial activity such as:
 - (a) a manufacturing process whether or not such process results in the production of a finished article:
 - (b) the breaking up or dismantling of any goods or article for trade, sale, or gain, or ancillary to any business:
 - (c) repairing, servicing and cleaning of articles, including vehicles, machinery; or
 - (d) an operation connected with the installation of equipment and services but not including on-site work on "Premises"; and
- (2) the following activities when carried out in connection with an industrial activity:
 - (a) the storage of goods used in connection with or resulting from an industrial activity;
 - (b) the provision of amenities for persons engaged in an industrial activity;
 - (c) the sale of goods resulting from but ancillary to an industrial activity; and
 - (d) any work of administration or accounting.

"Intensive agriculture" – means the use of "Premises" for commercial or other non-domestic activities involving the cultivation or harvesting of plants where the use involves the application of agricultural chemicals (other than for the treatment of pests or diseases declared under a statute such as the Rural Lands Protection Act 1985 or the Plant Protection Act 1989) or of irrigation water.

"Intensive animal industry" – means the use of "Premises", including buildings, structures, pens, storage areas and effluent treatment areas, for commercial or other non-domestic activities involving the breeding, keeping, or depasturing of animals where the animals:

- (1) are reliant on prepared or manufactured feed for production purposes; ² and/or
- (2) are temporarily held pending transportation or marketing.

The term includes the use of premises for purposes such as:

- (1) Aquaculture
- (2) Dairy
- (3) Commercial Livestock Dip
- (4) Lot Feeding
- (5) Piggery
- (6) Poultry Farm
- (7) "Stable"
- (8) "Cattery"
- (9) "Kennel"
- (10) Commercial Stockyard

"Lake" - has the meaning given in the Water Act 2000.

"Local Law" - means a "Local Law" of the "Council" made under the authority of the Local Government Act 1993.

"Material change of use" - has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.

"*Minor building work*" – means "*building work*" that increases the gross floor area of an existing building by less than 10% of the gross floor area or by 25 sq metres whichever is the lesser.

"Multiple dwelling" – means "Premises" used for longer term residential accommodation for several discrete households, domestic groups or individuals which:

- (1) comprises more than one "Dwelling unit";
- (2) includes, but is not limited to:
 - (a) community dwelling (where unrelated people maintain a common discipline, religion or similar);
 - (b) duplex;

² Excluding supplemental feeding for weaning purposes or for emergency purposes.

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- (c) flats;
- (d) retirement village;
- (e) relocatable home park; and
- (3) may include ancillary activities such as:
 - (a) recreation facilities which cater exclusively for the residents of the dwelling; and
 - (b) a manager's office and residence.

"Noxious industry" - means an industry where:

- (1) the use of "Premises" causes detriment to the amenity of the area by reason of the emission of noise or vibration; and
- (2) the process involved; or the method of manufacture; or the nature of the materials or goods which are used, produced or stored:
 - (a) causes fumes, vapours or gases, or discharges dust, foul liquid, blood or other impurities; or
 - (b) constitutes a danger to persons or "Premises".

- "Open space and recreation activities" means "Premises" used for activities involving sport, active or passive recreation, including:
- (1) "Indoor recreation"; and
- (2) "Outdoor recreation"
- "Outdoor activity area" includes storage areas, carparking, vehicle manoeuvring and loading / unloading areas and recreation areas associated with the "Use". The term does not include passive areas, such as landscaping areas, cropping areas associated with "Agriculture" or pasture areas associated with "Grazing".
- "Outdoor recreation" means "Premises" used for any sporting or recreational activities where such "Use" is primarily outdoors and includes the sale of food or refreshment.
- "Park" means an area of land and associated "Buildings" or "Structures" used solely for passive recreation, picnic areas or gardens, which are open without charge to the public.
- "Place of worship" means "Premises" used for the public religious and associated social and recreational activities of a religious organisation whether or not those "Premises" are also used for religious instruction but does not include a "Child care centre" or "Educational establishment".
- "Plan area" has the meaning given to the planning scheme area in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Plan of survey" means an accurate plan prepared by an authorised or qualified surveyor which divides or subdivides any land into allotments or otherwise, whether or not such division or subdivision includes any new road, pathway, lane or reserve.
- "Plumbing or drainage work" has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Premises" ³ has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Prescribed fee" means the fee determined by "Council" from time to time as payable to "Council" in respect of a development application under the "Act".
- "Professional offices" means "Premises" used for the provision of professional services or the giving of professional advice but does not include "Commercial premises" or "Home business".
- "Public utility" means "Premises" used for a waste landfill site, the supply of water, hydraulic power, electricity or gas, or provision of telephone, sewerage, postal or drainage services or the provision or maintenance of roads or traffic controls or railways or railway controls.

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[&]quot;Operational work" - has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.

³ Existing premises – means "Premises": used for an existing use; or lawfully established after the "Commencement".

- "Railway activities" means "Premises" used for the purposes of planning, construction, maintaining and operating rail infrastructure, facilities and rolling stock, including:
- (1) rail maintenance depots;
- (2) rail workshops; and
- (3) rail freight centres.
- "Reconfiguring a lot" has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.
- "Residential activities" means "Premises" used for activities involving the accommodation of persons, including:
- (1) "Accommodation building";
- (2) "Bed and breakfast premises";
- (3) "Caretaker's residence";
- (4) "Detached house";
- (5) "Home business";
- (6) "Multiple dwelling"; and
- (7) "Visitor accommodation".
- "Rural activities" means "Premises" used for activities involving: horticulture or the growing of crops; and/or the keeping of livestock, including:
- (1) "Agriculture";
- (2) "Grazing";
- (3) "Intensive agriculture"; and
- (4) "Intensive animal industry".
- "Scheme" means the Planning Scheme for the Blackall Shire.
- "Sensitive land use" includes, "Accommodation building", "Bed and breakfast premises", "Child care centre", "Detached house", "Educational establishment", "Home business" providing home-based child care service, "Multiple dwelling", "Tourist facility", and "Visitor accommodation" and includes any land in the Urban "Zone".
- "Service station" means "Premises" used for:
- (1) the fuelling of motor vehicles involving the sale by retail of motor fuel; and
- (2) the following activities when carried out in connection with the fuelling of motor vehicles:
 - (a) the sale by retail of petroleum products, automotive parts and accessories and goods for the comfort and convenience of travellers; and
 - (b) the servicing and minor repairs of motor vehicles.

The term does not include "Shop" or "Industry".

- **"Shop"** means "Premises" (not elsewhere defined in this section) used for the displaying or offering of goods for sale by retail or hire to members of the public. The term includes an integrated "Premises" commonly referred to as shopping centre involving "Shops" and other "Uses" such as "Catering premises", "Commercial premises" and "Professional offices".
- "Stable" means "Premises" used for boarding, breeding, keeping, or training of horses for business purposes or for their impoundment, other than where associated with "Grazing".
- "State controlled road" has the meaning given in the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.
- "Storage facility" means "Premises" used for the storage of goods, including the selling of those goods by wholesale. The term includes storage activities such as a builder's yard or construction contractor's yard, a truck, vehicle or plant parking depot. The term also includes the following activities when carried out in connection with a storage activity:
 - (a) the work of administration or accounting; and
 - (b) the garaging and routine servicing of vehicles associated with the conduct of the storage activity.

"Structure" – has the meaning given in the Building Act 1975.

"Total use area" – means the sum of all parts of the lot used for that particular "Use", including any ancillary use, but does not include areas used for:

- car parking;
- (2) landscaping; and
- (3) vehicle manoeuvring.

For the purpose of calculating carparking requirements the term includes the total floor area of all "Buildings".

"Tourist facility" - means "Premises" providing entertainment, recreation or similar facilities for use mainly by the general tourist or holidaying public.

"Transport terminal" - means "Premises" used for the transport of goods and people, including the loading, unloading and temporary storage of goods. The term also includes the garaging and routine servicing of vehicles engaged in the transport of such goods and people.

"Use" 45 - has the meaning given in the Integrated Planning Act 1997.

"Visitor accommodation" - means "Premises" used for the temporary accommodation of and rendering services to travellers or tourists and includes "Uses" such as cabin parks, camping grounds, caravan parks and farm stays.

"Watercourse" - has the meaning given in the Water Act 2000.

"Zone" - means the divisions into which the "Plan area" is divided by the "Scheme".

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Part 2 Definitions

⁴ Ancillary use - means a "Use" associated with and directly related to, but incidental and subordinate to the predominant "Use".

⁵ Existing use - means "Development" which lawfully existed at "Commencement".

PART 3 STRATEGIC DIRECTION

Desired environmental outcomes are based on ecological sustainability established by the Integrated Planning Act and are the basis for the measures of the planning scheme.

Each desired environmental outcome is sought to be achieved to the extent practicable having regard to each of the other desired environmental outcomes.

The desired environmental outcomes for Blackall Shire are as follows:

3.1 The Environment

In Blackall Shire, ecological systems, the natural environment (including the landscape and natural features such as Idalia National Park) and items and places of cultural and heritage significance are protected and enhanced by development.

- Development is managed to minimise any adverse impacts on air and water quality, to prevent land degradation, loss of habitat and biodiversity and to protect riparian areas.
- Protected areas (including Idalia National Park) and areas, local items and places of cultural significance (including areas along water courses) are identified to ensure their environmental, landscape values and historic significance are protected and enhanced through compatible development.

3.2 Economic Development

The economy of Blackall Shire is enhanced and diversified through the sustainable use of land (including rural land) and natural resources and through a wide range of other economic activities.

- The Planning Scheme reinforces the role of Blackall as the principal places for administrative services, business, industry and commerce within the Shire.
- Productive rural land, rural industries and natural features are protected to reflect and enhance their continued economic potential and viability.
- The Shire's industrial areas in Blackall are consolidated and protected to ensure their role as the key areas for industrial activity are reinforced.

3.3 Community and Services

Development in Blackall Shire is consistent with community expectations and needs, and contributes to community well-being through the provision and enhancement of core community elements (including the built environment, services, facilities and infrastructure).

- The settlement pattern is logical and sequenced and the built environment contributes to the overall rural amenity and character of Blackall Shire.
- People are connected to public spaces (including recreational areas) and community services through an appropriate land use structure and the provision of infrastructure, particularly within the Town of Blackall.
- Development contributes to the health and safety of people and provides a diverse range of housing types, services and facilities.
- Infrastructure (including water, sewerage and roads) reflects community expectations and needs, meets engineering and environmental standards and is provided in an orderly and logical sequence to ensure cost effectiveness.

PART 4 ZONES

4.1 Rural "Zone"

4.1.1 Intent:

The Rural "Zone" is intended primarily for rural uses and associated activities.

4.1.2 Rural "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1) "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Accommodation building"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
"Agriculture"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
"Bed and breakfast premises"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
-	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
"Caretaker's residence"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
"Commercial activities" where involving a "Material	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
Change of Use" from one to another of "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where not involving "Building Work"	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural <i>"Zone"</i> Code
"Detached house"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
"	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
"Grazing"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
"Hotel"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
"Home business"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code Rural "Zone" Code
"Industrial activities"	Code Assessment where having a "Total use area" less than 150.0 m ² Impact Assessment otherwise	Rural "Zone" Code Rural "Zone" Code
"Intensive agriculture"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
"Intensive animal industry"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
"Multiple dwelling"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
"Visitor accommodation"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code	Rural "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Rural "Zone" Code

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot Code

(3) "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Building work" where not identified as exempt in section 1.4(2) of the "Scheme"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Rural "Zone" Code Rural "Zone" Code

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
Excavation or filling	Self-assessable where: (1) less than 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving less than 100m³ of material; or (2) 1 metre or more above or below natural ground level and involving less than 50m³ of material; and where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Rural "Zone" Code Code Assessment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Rural "Zone" Code Rural "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones - Rural Zone Effective: 30 June 2006

4.1.3 Rural "Zone" Code

4.1.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.1.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.1.3.2:

Table 4.1.3.2

"Material change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Agriculture"	AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS15.1 AS15.2
-	AS17 AS18.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1
	AS30.2 AS30.3 AS32 AS35 AS36 AS37
"Bed and breakfast premises"	AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.3 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS14.1
	AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2
	AS22 AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31 AS32
	AS35 AS36 AS37 AS40.1 AS40.2
"Material Change of Use"	AS3 AS4.1 AS4.2 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17
from one to another of:	AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2
"Commercial premises",	AS30.3 AS31 AS35 AS36
"Professional office" or	
"Shop" and where not	
involving "Building work"	
"Caretaker's residence"	AS5.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS14.1 AS14.2
	AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22
	AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31 AS32 AS35
	AS36 AS37
"Detached house"	AS5.1 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.3 AS13.5 AS13.6
	AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1
	AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31
"	AS32 AS35 AS36 AS37
"Grazing"	AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.4 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS15.1
	AS15.2 AS17 AS18.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2
"Home business"	AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS32 AS35 AS36 AS37 AS4.1 AS4.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS14.1 AS14.2
Home business	AS4.1 AS4.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22
	AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31 AS32 AS35
	AS36 AS37 AS42.1 AS42.2 AS42.3 AS42.4 AS42.5
"Home business" providing	AS4.1 AS4.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.5 AS13.6 AS14.1 AS14.2
home-based childcare	AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22
nome-based childcare	AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31 AS32 AS35
	AS36 AS37 AS42.1 AS42.4 AS42.5
"Visitor accommodation"	AS4.1 AS4.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS10 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.3 AS13.5 AS13.6
VISITOI ACCOMMINUTATION	AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1
	AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS26.1 AS26.2 AS30.1 AS30.2 AS30.3 AS31
	AS32 AS35 AS36 AS37 AS45.1 AS45.2 AS45.3
"Building work" where not	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
associated with a "Material Change	- Pp. 1000 piakito Columbia
of use"	
"Building work"	AS1 AS2.1 AS2.2 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS8 AS9 AS10 AS11
	AS12.1 AS12.2
"Operational work" where not	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
associated with a "Material Change	
of use"	A CO 4 A CO 0 A CO 0 A CO 4 A C C A CO 4 A C C A CO 4 A C C
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS8 AS9 AS10

4.1.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) The Rural "Zone" retains its viability as an area of primary production.
- (3) Future "Rural activities" are appropriately located within the Rural "Zone" and existing and future "Rural activities" are not prejudiced by inappropriate development.
- (4) Within the Rural "Zone", "development":
 - (a) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water, compatible with healthy natural systems and ensures public health and safety;
 - (b) protects Good Quality Agricultural Land (GQAL) from fragmentation, alienation or encroachment of incompatible land "uses" in accordance with State Planning Policy 1/92 Development and Conservation of Agricultural Land;
 - (c) is located, designed and operated in a manner that protects and enhances the predominant rural scale, intensity, form and character:
 - (d) maintains the rural amenity;
 - (e) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (f) does not prejudice extractive or mining resources;
 - (g) has an appropriately designed access to the road network, and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network;
 - (h) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values:
 - (i) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (j) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure;
 - (k) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events;
 - (I) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use"; and
 - (m) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.
- (5) Within the Rural "Zone", the Rural "Zone" Code allows for:
 - (a) tourist related uses ("bed and breakfast premises" and "visitor accommodation") and "home businesses" where they are of a small scale and are compatible with surrounding "uses"; and
 - (b) limited industrial "uses", where it can be demonstrated those "uses" are associated with rural production and can not reasonably be established in the Industrial "Zone".

Part 4 Zones – Rural Zone

4.1.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Location	PC1 Non-"Rural activities" - Locational Criteria Non-"Rural activities" are located in the Rural "Zone" only where those activities: (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of the Rural "Zone", (b) demonstrate a nexus with rural activities or natural or cultural resources; (c) do not prejudice the consolidation of like non-"Rural activities" in other more appropriate "Zones", (d) do not prejudice the productive capacity of existing or future rural land; and (e) protect the landscape values and scenic qualities of the rural "Zone".	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	Scrience)
Amenity	PC2 Non-"Rural activities" - Scale Non-"Rural activities" are of an appropriate scale to protect the amenity of the Rural "Zone" and do not prejudice the operation and viability of other "Uses" or activities in the Rural "Zone" or other "Zones".	AS2 The "Total use area" is less than 150m ² on a lot.	
Amenity	PC3 Non-"Rural activities" - Operating Hours Non-"Rural activities" are operated so as to ensure that the activities and the operation of equipment occur at appropriate times to protect the amenity of the Rural "Zone".	AS3 Non-"Rural activities" are operated only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"

Part 4 Zones - Rural Zone

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
nity	PC4 Non-"Rural activities" - Delivery of Goods The loading and unloading of goods in connection with non- "Rural activities" occurs at appropriate times to protect the amenity of the Rural "Zone".	AS4.1 Loading and unloading occurs only between the hours of: (a) 7:00am and 6:00pm, Monday to Friday and (b) 7:00am and 12:00 (noon) on Saturdays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Visitor accommodation" - "Home business"
Amenity		AS4.2 No loading and unloading occurs on Sundays and Public Holidays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Visitor accommodation" - "Home business"
Amenity	PC5 "Residential Activities" - Density Land within the Rural "Zone" is maintained for rural activities.	For "Detached houses": AS5.1 No more than 1 (one) "Detached house" per lot. For "Caretaker's residences": AS5.2 No more than 1 (one) "Caretaker's residence" per lot. For all other "Residential activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.	- "Detached house" - "Caretaker's residence"
Amenity	PC6 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Rural "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant rural form.	AS6 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building" and excluding windmills, silos and other rural operational equipment).	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
nity	PC7 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the rural amenity is protected and enhanced.	AS7.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 20 metres from any road frontage other than a State Controlled Road as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Amenity		AS7.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side and rear boundary clearances of not less than 15 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation" 	
Amenity	PC8 Transport Movements Transport movements associated with the use protect the amenity of the locality.	For "Rural activities" and "Industrial activities": AS8 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas. For all other "Uses": No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC9 "Building" and "Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are designed such that the amenity of the Rural "Zone" is protected and maintained.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC10 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect rural character and landscape values.	AS10 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 50 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken and excluding windmills and other rural operational equipment.)	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation" 	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC11 Landscaping and External Activity Areas Landscaping and external activity areas are provided on site to: (a) contribute to a pleasant and functional rural built form; (b) provide positive sun and breeze control; (c) make provision for recreation areas; and (d) contribute to the Rural "Zone's" positive visual qualities.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC12 Lighting The design of lighting does not prejudice the amenity of the Rural "Zone" through poorly directed lighting, lighting overspill or lighting glare.	AS12 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the boundary of the site.	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation" 	

Part 4 Zones – Rural Zone

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC13 Separation of Incompatible Land Uses Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) the future viability of surrounding "Uses"; (b) infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; (c) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety; and (d) conflict arising from incompatible "Uses" is minimised.	For "Sensitive land uses" and "rural activities" other than "Intensive animal industries": AS13.1 Minimum separation between "Sensitive land uses" and "rural activities" comply with the "Buffer Area Design Criteria" as contained in Table 2 of Section 3.47 of SPP1/92 – Planning Guideline – "Separating Agricultural and Residential Land Uses". For "Intensive animal industries": AS13.2 Minimum separation distances to "Sensitive land uses" are as stated in Schedule 2, Division 1: Separation Distances – Intensive Animal Industries, Section 1.1. For "Sensitive land uses": AS13.3 Minimum separation distances to "Intensive animal industries" are as stated in Schedule 2, Division 1: Separation Distances –	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast" - "Detached house" - "Visitor accommodation" - "Bed and breakfast" - "Detached house" - "Visitor accommodation"
Amenity		Intensive Animal Industries, Section 1.2. For "Grazing": AS13.4 Pens and yards maintain a minimum separation distance of 300 metres to "sensitive land uses" not associated with the "grazing". For all "Uses" other than "Extractive Industries": AS13.5 "Buildings", "Structures" and "Outdoor Activity Areas" maintain a minimum separation distance to "Extractive Industries" as stated in Schedule 2, Division 2: Separation Distances – Extractive Industries, Section 2.1.	- "Grazing" - "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"
		For all "Uses": AS13.6 "Buildings", "Structures" and "Outdoor Activity Areas" maintain a minimum separation distance to petroleum and gas pipelines (as identified on Land Characteristics Map — Features Map) and refuse tips (as identified in Schedule 2, Division 5: Refuse Tips, Section 5.1) as stated in Schedule 2, Division 4: Separation Distances — Infrastructure Items, Section 4.1.	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC14 Water Supply All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use".	AS14.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system. or	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrastructure		AS14.2 "Premises" are connected to an approved water allocation as provided by the relevant agency. Or	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
		For "Residential Activities": AS14.3 "Premises" are connected to a rain water tank with a minimum capacity of: (a) 22 000 litres where not in a reticulated water supply area; (b) 11 000 litres where in a reticulated water supply area.	 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Visitor accommodation" "Home business" 	
		For all "Uses" other than "Residential Activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC15 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	AS15.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. or	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrast		AS15.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrastructure	PC16 Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	AS16 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC17 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS17 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrastructure	PC18 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	For "Agriculture", "Bed and breakfast premises", "Caretaker's residence", a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" where not involving "Building work", "Detached house", "Grazing", "Home business" and "Visitor accommodation": AS18.1 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access is to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(2).	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
		For all other "Uses": AS18.2 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).		

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC19 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking and service vehicle provision is adequate for the "Use" and ensures safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS19.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a)	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
		AS19.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)		
Infrastructure	PC20 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS20 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)		

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC21 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS21.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrasti		AS21.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Infrastructure	PC22 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetated Buffers Vegetated buffers adjoining an "Electricity transmission line easement" are maintained to provide: (a) a visual buffer to the easement; and (b) a separation distance from the easement.	AS22 Existing vegetation, comprising trees and/or shrubs, shall be retained within 20 metres of an "Electricity transmission line easement" as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 4.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Infrastructure	PC23 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS23 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation"
Environmental	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS24 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"
Environmental	PC25 Vegetation Retention "Development" retains vegetation for the: (a) protection of scenic quality; (b) protection of general habitat; (c) protection of soil quality; and (d) establishment of open space corridors and networks.	AS25 Vegetation comprising 20% of each regional ecosystem type is retained within each lot with retained vegetation made up of woody remnant, regrowth or replanted natural species, excluding deep-rooted crops and clear fell plantation forestry. The shade lines are a minimum of 10 metres in width; clumps have an area greater than 2 hectares.	

	"Material change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	"Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS26.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes".	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"
Enviro		AS26.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"
Environmental	PC27 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC27 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
Performance Criteria		Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	Environmental	PC28 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
	Environmental	PC29 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

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² One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC28 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC29 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC30 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS30.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm.	"Scheme") - "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Environmental		AS30.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
		AS30.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	 "Agriculture" "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Grazing" "Home business" "Visitor accommodation" 	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environment	PC31 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS31 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Constraint	PC32 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports": (a) protects the operation of the "Airport"; (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 4	AS32 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Constraint	PC33 Good Quality Agricultural Land Areas Good Quality Agricultural Land areas as identified on the Land Characteristics Map – Good Quality Agricultural Land are conserved and managed for the longer term and protected from development that may lead to its alienation or diminished productivity. ⁵	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

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⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC32 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

In order to demonstrate compliance with PC33 the applicant shall prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with the requirements of State Planning Policy 1/92 – The Development and Conservation of Agricultural Land and the Planning Guidelines: The Identification of Good Quality Agricultural Land and Separating Agricultural and Residential Land Uses 1997.

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Constraint	 "Premises" are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding. 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	AS35 A minimum separation distance of 100 metres is provided to Protected Areas as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map and as identified in Schedule 2, Division 8: Artesian Springs, Section 8.1.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS36 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"

⁶ To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC34, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood level.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Constraint	PC37 Transport Infrastructure Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) transport infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; and (b) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety is provided to adjoining "Uses".	AS37 "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum separation distance to Rail Lines and State Controlled Roads (as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map) as stated in Schedule 2, Division 4: Separation Distances – Infrastructure Items, Section 4.1.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
aint	PC38 "Aviation Facilities" Aviation facilities are protected from physical obstructions and electromagnetic emissions that may adversely affect their function.	AS38.1 "Development" is not undertaken within 150 metres of the Non-Directional Beacon (NDB) as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Aviation Facilities in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 7: Sensitive Areas for Aviation Facilities, Diagram 1.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	
Constraint		For "development" between 150 metres and 500 metres of the NDB: AS38.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" do not intersect the 30 plane extending from the NDB as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Aviation Facilities in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 7: Sensitive Areas for Aviation Facilities, Diagram 1.	- "Agriculture" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Grazing" - "Home business" - "Visitor accommodation"	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
"Nse"	 "Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
"Use"	PC40 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Premises" used for a "Bed and breakfast premises" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS40.1 Provision is made for no more than 6 (six) paying guests to be accommodated at any one time. AS40.2 "Premises" contains not more than 2 (two) "Accommodation units" for guest accommodation purposes.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Bed and breakfast premises"	
"Use"	"Premises" used for extractive industries: (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of other "Uses" in the Rural "Zone" or other "Zones"; (b) are designed and operated to ensure the protection and maintenance of environmental values; (c) are rehabilitated to provide for future re-use of the land and to prevent ongoing risk of adverse impacts on the local environment and amenity; and (d) are designed and operated so that the safety of persons and property is not compromised.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC39 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
"Use"	"Premises" used for a "Home business" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS42.1 No more than 1 (one) person other than the residents of the "Premises" is employed in the "Home business". AS42.2 No more than 50m² of "Total use area" is used for the purposes of a "Home business". AS42.3 No more than 2 (two) clients normally attend the "Premises" at any one time. AS42.4 No goods or products produced by other businesses are displayed for sale in any window or outdoor area. AS42.5 Operate only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	- "Home business" — excluding "home business" providing home-based child care - "Home business" — excluding "home business" providing home-based child care - "Home business" - "Home business"
"Use"	"Intensive agriculture" "Intensive agriculture" activities are designed and operated to ensure the maintenance and protection of: (a) flow characteristics and environmental flows of major "watercourses"; and (b) environmental values within the Lake Eyre Basin.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
"Use"	PC44 "Intensive animal industries": (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of the Rural "Zone", and surrounding areas; (b) are designed and operated to ensure the protection and maintenance of environmental values; and (c) are rehabilitated to provide for future re-use of the land and to prevent ongoing risk of adverse impacts on the local environment and amenity.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

	"Material change of use"		
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC45 "Visitor accommodation" "Premises" used for "Visitor	AS45.1 Provision is made for no more than 12 (twelve) paying guests to be accommodated at any one time.	- "Visitor accommodation"
"Nse"	accommodation" purposes are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity or the future productivity capabilities of the Rural "Zone".	AS45.2 "Premises" contain not more than 6 (six) "Accommodation units" or camping or caravan sites.	- "Visitor accommodation"
		AS45.3 "Premises" are not located on Good Quality Agricultural Land areas as identified on the Land Characteristics Map – Good Quality Agricultural Land.	- "Visitor accommodation"

4.1.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC1 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Rural "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant rural form.	AS1 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level (Excluding windmills, silos and other rural operational equipment).	– "Building work"	
Amenity	PC2 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure that rural amenity is protected and enhanced.	AS2.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 20 metres from any road frontage other than a State Controlled Road as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map. AS2.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side and rear boundary clearances not less than 15 metres from property boundaries.	"Building work""Building work"	
Amenity	PC3 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect rural character and landscape values.	AS3 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 50 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment (Excluding windmills, silos and other rural operational equipment).	– "Building work"	
Infrastructure	PC4 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS4 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC5 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS5 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC6 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS6 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Building work"	

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	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC7 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS7.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS7.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- "Building work" - "Building work"	
Constraint	PC8 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 8	AS8 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	- "Building work"	
Constraint	PC9 Protected Areas "Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	AS9 A minimum separation distance of 100 metres is provided to Protected Areas as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map and as identified in Schedule 2, Division 8: Artesian Springs, Section 8.1.	– "Building work"	
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS10 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	– "Building work"	

⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC8 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Constraint	PC11 Transport Infrastructure Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) transport infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; and (b) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety is provided to adjoining "Uses".	AS11 "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum separation distance to Rail Lines and State Controlled Roads (as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map) as stated in Schedule 2, Division 4: Separation Distances – Infrastructure Items, Section 4.1.	– "Building work"	
aint	PC12 "Aviation Facilities" Aviation facilities are protected from physical obstructions and electromagnetic emissions that may adversely affect their function.	AS12.1 "Development" is not undertaken within 150 metres of the NDB as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Aviation Facilities in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 7: Sensitive Areas for Aviation Facilities, Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Constraint		For "development" between 150 metres and 500 metres of the NDB: AS12.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" do not intersect the 3° plane extending from the NDB as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Aviation Facilities in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 7: Sensitive Areas for Aviation Facilities, Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	

4.1.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC1 General Design	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity of the Rural "Zone" is protected.			
Environmental	PC2 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; and	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	
Envir	(b) minimises soil erosion.	AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling	
<u></u>	PC3 Construction Activities	AS3 During construction soil erosion and	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1		
ıtal	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes"	AS4 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	any "Watercourse" or "Lake".		
	PC5 Vegetation Retention	AS5 Vegetation comprising 20% of each	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	"Development" retains vegetation for the: (a) protection of scenic quality; (b) protection of general habitat; (c) protection of soil quality; and (d) establishment of open space corridors and networks.	regional ecosystem type is retained within each lot with retained vegetation made up of woody remnant, regrowth or replanted natural species, excluding deep-rooted crops and clear fell plantation forestry. The shade lines are a minimum of 10 metres in width; clumps have an area greater than 2 hectares.		

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	"Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A separation distance of not less than 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC7 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁹	No acceptable solution is prescribed		
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	AS8 A minimum separation distance of 100 metres is provided to Protected Areas as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map and as identified in Schedule 2, Division 8: Artesian Springs, Section 8.1.	- Excavation or Filling	
Constraint	PC9 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS9 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling	
Constraint	PC10 "Aviation Facilities" Aviation facilities are protected from physical obstructions that may adversely affect their function.	AS10 "Development" is not undertaken within 150 metres of the NDB as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Aviation Facilities in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 7: Sensitive Areas for Aviation Facilities, Diagram 1.	- Excavation or Filling	

⁹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC7 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 4 ZONES

4.2 Urban "Zone"

4.2.1 Intent:

The Urban "Zone" is intended primarily for residential uses.

4.2.2 Urban "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1) "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Airport"	Impact Assessment	Urban "Zone" Code
"Bed and breakfast premises"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code	Urban <i>"Zone"</i> Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code
"Caretaker's residence"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code	Urban "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code
"Commercial activities" where involving a "Material	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code	Urban <i>"Zone"</i> Code
Change of Use from one to another of "Commercial	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code
premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where		
not involving " <i>Building</i> Work"		
"Detached house"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code	Urban "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code
"Home business"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code	Urban "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code
"Hotel"	Impact	Urban "Zone" Code
"Industrial activities"	Code Assessment where having a "Total use area" less than 60.0 m ² Impact Assessment otherwise	Urban "Zone" Code Urban "Zone" Code
"Intensive animal industry"	Impact Assessment	Urban "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Urban "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Urban "Zone" Code

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot Code

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(3) "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
identified as exempt in	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Urban "Zone" Code Urban "Zone" Code

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
Excavation or filling	Self-assessable where: (1) less than 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving less than 100m³ of material; or (2) 1 metre or more above or below natural ground level and involving less than 50m³ of material; and where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Urban "Zone" Code Code Assessment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Urban "Zone" Code Urban "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones – Urban Zone

4.2.3 Urban "Zone" Code

4.2.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.2.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.2.3.2:

Table 4.2.3.2

"Material change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Bed and breakfast premises"	AS7 AS8.1 AS8.2 AS8.3 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS31 AS34 AS36.1 AS36.2
"Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where not involving "Building work"	AS3 AS4.1 AS4.2 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS34
"Caretaker's residence"	AS5.2 AS7 AS8.1 AS8.2 AS8.3 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS31 AS34
"Detached house"	AS5.1 AS7 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS31 AS34
"Home business"	AS7 AS8.1 AS8.2 AS8.3 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS31 AS34 AS37.1 AS37.2 AS37.3 AS37.4 AS37.5 AS37.6
"Home business" providing home-based childcare	AS7 AS8.1 AS8.2 AS8.3 AS12 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS14.3 AS15.1 AS15.2 AS16 AS17 AS18.1 AS19.1 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS22 AS23 AS24 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS29.1 AS29.2 AS29.3 AS30 AS31 AS34 AS37.1 AS37.4 AS37.5 AS37.6
"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Building work"	AS1 AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS7 AS8
"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5.1 AS5.2 AS7

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4.2.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) The Urban Zone remains for a range of "residential activities" and housing types.
- (3) Existing urban areas are consolidated and "residential activities" are not prejudiced by inappropriate development.
- (4) Within the Urban "Zone", "development":
 - (a) enhances the residential amenity;
 - (b) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water compatible with healthy natural systems and public health and safety:
 - (c) is located, designed and operated in a manner that protects and enhances residential scale, intensity, form and character;
 - (d) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (e) has an appropriately designed access to the road network and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network;
 - (f) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values:
 - (g) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (h) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure, including social infrastructure;
 - (i) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events;
 - (j) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use"; and
 - (k) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.
- (5) Within the Urban "Zone", the Urban "Zone" Code allows for:
 - (a) tourist related "uses" ("bed and breakfast premises", "visitor accommodation") where they are of a small scale and are compatible with surrounding "uses", and
 - (b) "community oriented activities", necessary to service the town and its surrounding rural area, where they are of a small scale and are compatible with surrounding "uses".

Part 4 Zones – Urban Zone

4.2.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

	"Material change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC1 Non-"Residential activities" - Locational Criteria	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Location	Non-"Residential activities" are located in the Urban "Zone" only where those activities: (a) provide primarily a local service; (b) do not impact adversely on the residential amenity and character of the Urban "Zone", and (c) do not prejudice the consolidation of like non-"Residential activities" in other more appropriate "Zones".		
	PC2 Non-"Residential activities" - Scale	AS2 The "Total use area" is less than 60m ² on a lot.	
Amenity	Non-"Residential activities" are of a domestic scale, intensity, form and character to protect the residential amenity of the Urban "Zone" and do not prejudice the operation and viability of other "Uses" or activities in the Urban "Zone" or other "Zones".		
Amenity	PC3 Non-"Residential activities" - Operating Hours Non-"Residential activities" are operated so as to ensure that the activities and the operation of equipment occur at appropriate times to protect the residential amenity of the Urban "Zone".	AS3 Non-"Residential activities" are operated only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Amenity	PC4 Non-"Residential activities" - Delivery of Goods The loading and unloading of goods in connection with non- "Residential activities" occurs at appropriate times to protect the residential amenity of the Urban "Zone".	AS4.1 Loading and unloading occurs only between the hours of: (a) 7:00am and 6:00pm, Monday to Friday and (b) 7:00am and 12:00 (noon) on Saturdays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"
Ame		AS4.2 No loading and unloading occurs on Sundays and Public Holidays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"
	PC5 "Residential Activities" - Density The density of "Residential activities" contributes to residential amenity and the	For "Detached houses": AS5.1 No more than 1 (one) "Detached house" per lot. For "Caretaker's residences": AS5.2 No more than 1 (one) "Caretaker's	- "Detached house" - "Caretaker's residence"
Amenity	character of the Urban "Zone".	residence" per lot. For "Multiple Dwelling": AS5.3 No more than one "Dwelling unit" per 300 sq metres of site area. For "Accommodation building": AS5.4 No more than one "Accommodation	
		unit" per 150 sq metres of site area. For all other "Residential activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	PC 6 "Residential Activities" - "Total use area" "Development" does not impact adversely on the residential amenity of the Urban "Zone" through over intensification.	For "residential activities" other than a "Detached house" and "Caretakers residence": AS6 "Total use area" is no more than 50% of site area.	
Amenity	PC7 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Urban "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant residential form.	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken).	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	rformance Criteria Acceptable Solution		
	PC8 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the residential amenity and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS8.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. or	"Scheme") - "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Amenity		AS8.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback within 20% of the existing setbacks of adjoining "Buildings" and "Structures".	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
		For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS8.3 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Amenity	PC9 Transport Movements Transport movements associated with the use protect the residential amenity of the locality and do not exceed those normally associated with residential activities.	For non-"Residential activities": AS9 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas. For all other "Uses": No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	"Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are of a domestic scale, form and character to enhance the residential amenity and contribute to the streetscape of the Urban "Zone".	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Amenity	PC11 Landscaping and External Activity Areas Landscaping and external activity areas are provided on site to: (a) contribute to a pleasant and functional built form; (b) provide positive sun and breeze control; (c) make provision for recreation areas; and (d) contribute to the Urban "Zone's" positive visual qualities.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	PC12 Lighting The design of lighting does not prejudice the amenity of the Urban "Zone" through poorly directed lighting, lighting overspill or lighting glare.	AS12 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the boundary of the site.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house - "Home business"
Amenity	PC13 Separation of Incompatible Land Uses Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) the future viability of surrounding "Uses"; (b) infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; (c) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety; and (d) conflict arising from incompatible "Uses" is minimised.	For "Grazing": AS13 Pens and yards maintain a minimum separation distance of 300 metres to "sensitive land uses" not associated with the "grazing". For all other "uses". No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

	"Material change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC14 Water Supply All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use".	AS14.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system. or	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure		AS14.2 "Premises" are connected to an approved water allocation as provided by the relevant agency. Or	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
		For "Residential Activities": AS14.3 "Premises" are connected to a rain water tank with a minimum capacity of: (a) 22 000 litres where not in a reticulated water supply area; (b) 11 000 litres where in a reticulated water supply area.	 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Home business"
		For all "Uses" other than "Residential Activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

	"Material change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Infrastructure	PC15 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	AS15.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. or AS15.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business" - "Bed and breakfast premises"
		accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC16 Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	AS16 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Infrastructure	PC17 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS17 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC18 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	For "Bed and breakfast premises", "Caretaker's residence", a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" where not involving "Building work", "Detached house" and "Home business": AS18.1 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access is to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(2).	 "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Home business"
		AS18.2 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).	

	"Material change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Infrastructure	PC19 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking and service vehicle provision is adequate for the "Use" and ensures safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS19.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a)	 "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Home business"
		AS19.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)	
Infrastructure	PC20 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS20 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
ıcture	PC21 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS21.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure		AS21.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC22 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetated Buffers Vegetated buffers adjoining an "Electricity transmission line easement" are maintained to provide: (a) a visual buffer to the easement; and (b) a separation distance from the easement.	AS22 Existing vegetation, comprising trees and/or shrubs, shall be retained within 20 metres of an "Electricity transmission line easement" as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 4.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC23 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS23 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Home business" 	

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	PC24 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS24 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Environmental	PC25 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS25.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes".	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Enviror		AS25.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Environmental	PC26 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC26 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

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"Material change of use"			
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	PC27 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Environmental	PC28 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

² One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC27 is to prepare a study that

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

3 One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC28 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC29 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS29.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Environmental		AS29.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
		AS29.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	

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	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environment	PC30 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS30 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Constraint	PC31 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 4	AS31 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Constraint	 "Premises" are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding.⁵ 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Constraint	PC33 Protected Areas "Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC31 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC32, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood

level.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC34 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to	AS34 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of	
Constraint	ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.		Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
	PC35 "Airport"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
"Nse"	 "Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 6 			
"Use"	PC36 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Premises" used for a "Bed and breakfast premises" are of a	AS36.1 Provision is made for no more than 6 (six) paying guests to be accommodated at any one time.	- "Bed and breakfast premises"	
Ŋ.,	scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS36.2 "Premises" contains not more than 2 (two) "Accommodation units" for guest accommodation purposes.	- "Bed and breakfast premises"	

⁶ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC35 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC37 "Home business" "Premises" used for a "Home business" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not	AS37.1 No more than 1 (one) person other than the residents of the "Premises" is employed in the "Home business".	- "Home business"	
	to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS37.2 No more than 50m ² of "Total use area" is used for the purposes of a "Home business".	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care	
"Nse"		AS37.3 No more than 2 (two) clients normally attend the " <i>Premises</i> " at any one time.	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care	
		AS37.4 No goods or products produced by other businesses are displayed for sale in any window or outdoor area.	– "Home business"	
		AS37.5 Operate only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	– "Home Business"	
		AS37.6 Delivery of goods occurs only between the hours of 8:00am and 6:00pm Monday to Friday, excluding Public Holidays.	– "Home Business"	
	PC38 "Intensive animal industries"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
	"Intensive animal industries": (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of the Urban "Zone", and surrounding areas;			
"Ose"	(b) are designed and operated to ensure the protection and maintenance of environmental values; and			
	(C) are rehabilitated to provide for future re-use of the land and to prevent ongoing risk of adverse impacts on the local environment and amenity.			

4.2.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC1 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Urban "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant residential form.	AS1 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level.	– "Building work"	
	PC2 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure that residential amenity is protected and enhanced.	For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS2.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. or AS2.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a	"Building work""Building work"	
Amenity		setback within 20% of the existing setbacks of adjoining "Buildings" and "Structures". For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS2.3 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	– Building work"	
Infrastructure	PC3 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS3 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC4 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS4 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Building work"	
Environmental	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS5 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Building work"	

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC6 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	"Building work""Building work"	
Constraint	PC7 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". The vicinity of the "Airport".	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	– "Building work"	
Constraint	PC8 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS8 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	– "Building work"	

⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC7 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.2.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity of the	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
'	Urban "Zone" is protected.		
tal	PC2 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm.	- Excavation or Filling
Environmental	"Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion.	AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	 Excavation or Filling
Ä		AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling
ental	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes"	AS4 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	Excavation or Filling
Environmental	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.		
	PC5 Cultural Heritage	AS5.1 A separation distance of not less than 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks"	Excavation or Filling
Environmental	"Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS5.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial	- Excavation or Filling
Ü		sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	

"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.2.2 and 4.2.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	PC6 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁸	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS7 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling

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⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC6 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 4 ZONES

4.3 Commercial "Zone"

4.3.1 Intent:

The Commercial "Zone" is intended primarily for "commercial activities".

4.3.2 Commercial "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1) "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Airport"	Impact Assessment	Commercial "Zone" Code
"Bed and breakfast premises"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Commercial "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code
"Caretaker's residence"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Commercial "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code
"Commercial activities" where involving a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where not involving "Building Work"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Commercial "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code
"Home business"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Commercial "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code
"Industrial activities"	Code Assessment where having a "Total use area" less than 150.0 m ² Impact Assessment otherwise	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code
"Intensive animal industry"	Impact Assessment	Commercial "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Commercial "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Commercial "Zone" Code

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot Code

(3) "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Minor building work"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Commercial "Zone" Code	Commercial "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Commercial "Zone" Code
All other "Building work" where not identified as exempt in section 1.4(2) of the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Commercial "Zone" Code

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Type Assessme	nt Category	Applicable Code
(1) less the	able where: an 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving an 100m³ of material; or e or more above or below natural ground level and involving an 50m³ of material; complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the "Zone" Code ssment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is	Commercial "Zone" Code Commercial "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones – Commercial Zone

4.3.3 Commercial "Zone" Code

4.3.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.3.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.3.3.2:

Table 4.3.3.2

"Material change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Bed and breakfast premises"	AS5 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13 AS14.1 AS15.1 AS17.1 AS17.2 AS18 AS19 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS24.3 AS25 AS26 AS28 AS30.1 AS30.2
"Material Change of Use"	AS2 AS3.1 AS3.2 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13 AS14.1 AS15.1 AS17.1
from one to another of:	AS17.2 AS19 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS24.3 AS25 AS28
"Commercial premises",	
"Professional office" or	
"Shop" and where not	
involving "Building work"	
"Caretaker's residence"	AS5 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13 AS14.1 AS15.1 AS17.1 AS17.2 AS18
	AS19 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS24.3 AS25 AS26 AS28
"Home business"	AS5 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13 AS14.1 AS15.1 AS17.1 AS17.2 AS18
	AS19 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS24.3 AS25 AS26 AS28 AS31.1
	AS31.2 AS31.3 AS31.4 AS31.5 AS31.6
"Home business" providing	AS5 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13 AS14.1 AS15.1 AS17.1 AS17.2 AS18
home-based childcare	AS19 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS24.3 AS25 AS26 AS28 AS31.1
"Dediction of the state of the	AS31.4 AS31.5 AS31.6
"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
of use"	
"Minor Building work"	AS1 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS7 AS8
g	
"Operational work" where not	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
associated with a "Material Change	
of use"	
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5.1 AS5.2 AS7

Part 4 Zones - Commercial Zone

4.3.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) A range of "commercial activities" are allowed for, to ensure the Commercial "Zone" continues as the main commercial focus for the Shire.
- (3) The existing Commercial area is consolidated.
- (4) Within the Commercial "Zone", "development":
 - (a) contributes to an identifiable, vibrant, compact business core servicing the Shire;
 - (b) is located, designed and operated in a manner that protects and enhances commercial scale, intensity, form and character;
 - (c) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water compatible with healthy natural systems and public health and safety;
 - (d) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (e) has an appropriately designed access to the road network and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network;
 - (f) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values:
 - (g) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (h) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure, including social infrastructure;
 - (i) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events;
 - (j) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use"; and
 - (k) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.
- (5) Within the Commercial "Zone", the Commercial "Zone" Code allows for:
 - (a) "community oriented activities", necessary to service the town and its surrounding rural area; and
 - (b) "tourist facilities" and "visitor accommodation".

4.3.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

"Material change of use"				
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC1 Non-"Commercial activities" and non – "Community oriented activities"- Locational Criteria	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Location	Non-"Commercial activities" and non- "Community oriented activities" are located in the commercial "Zone" only where: (a) there is a clear community need for such activities; (b) the consolidation of such activities in other more appropriate "Zones" is not prejudiced; and (c) the core function, amenity, character and streetscape of the Commercial "Zone" are not prejudiced.			
Amenity	"Uses" are operated to ensure the amenity of the commercial "Zone" and of surrounding areas is protected.	AS2 "Uses" are operated only between the hours of 7:00am and 9:00pm.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"	
Amenity	PC3 Delivery of Goods The loading and unloading of goods occurs at appropriate times to protect the amenity of the Commercial "Zone" and surrounding areas.	AS3.1 Loading and unloading occurs only between the hours of: (a) 7:00am and 6:00pm, Monday to Friday and (b) 7:00am and 12:00 (noon) on Saturdays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"	
Ame		AS3.2 No loading and unloading occurs on Sundays and Public Holidays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"	

Part 4 Zones – Commercial Zone

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	"Development" is of a scale that contributes to the amenity of the Commercial "Zone".	AS4 "Total use area" is no more than 75% of site area.		
Amenity	PC5 "Building" and "Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are designed so that: (a) the amenity of the Commercial "Zone" is protected and maintained; (b) character and streetscape are enhanced; (c) they address the street frontage; and (d) compliment the local traditional building elements.	AS5 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken).	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Amenity	PC6 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local character and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC7 Transport Movements Transport movements associated with the use protect the amenity of surrounding residential areas.	AS7 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas.		
Amenity	PC8 Landscaping and External Activity Areas Landscaping and external activity areas are provided on site to: (a) contribute to built form and streetscape; (b) provide positive sun and breeze control; and (c) make provision for recreation areas.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Amenity	PC9 Lighting The design of lighting does not prejudice the amenity of the Commercial "Zone" or surrounding areas through poorly directed lighting, lighting overspill or lighting glare.	AS9 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the boundary of the site.	 "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC10 Water Supply All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use".	AS10 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC11 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	AS11.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. Or AS11.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business" - "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial
			premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC12 Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	AS12 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC13 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS13 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC14 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	For "Bed and breakfast premises", "Caretaker's residence", a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" where not involving "Building work", and "Home business": AS14.1 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access is to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(2).	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
		AS14.2 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).		

	"Material change of use"			
		Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Carryonapul	iiii asii uctule	PC15 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking, service vehicle areas, loading and unloading areas (including refuse storage areas) are: (a) adequate for the "Use"; (b) ensure safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians; and (c) located to allow for the servicing of the "Use", while protecting the amenity of surrounding "Uses".	AS15.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a)	 "Bed and breakfast premises" "Caretaker's residence" "Home business" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"
			AS15.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)	
Californatocatal	IIIII dell'inclure	PC16 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS16 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC17 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS17.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Infrasti		AS17.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC18 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS18 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Environmental	PC19 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS19 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC20 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS20.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes".	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Enviro		AS20.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	 "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Home business" 	
Environmental	PC21 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC22 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC21 is to prepare a study that

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC22 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC23 Water Quality	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Environmental	The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3		

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³ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC23 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC24 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS24.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"
Environmental		AS24.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"
		AS24.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	 "Bed and breakfast premises" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" "Caretaker's residence" "Home business"
Environment	PC25 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS25 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Constraint	PC26 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 4	AS26 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Constraint	 "Premises" are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding. 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS28 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Bed and breakfast premises" - A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	

⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC26 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC27, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood

level.

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC29 "Airport"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
"Use"	"Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 6		
	PC30 "Bed and breakfast premises"	AS30.1 Provision is made for no more than 6 (six) paying guests to be accommodated at any one time.	- "Bed and breakfast premises"
"Nse"	"Premises" used for a "Bed and breakfast premises" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS30.2 "Premises" contains not more than 2 (two) "Accommodation units" for guest accommodation purposes.	"Bed and breakfast premises"
	"Premises" used for a "Home business" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not	AS31.1 No more than 1 (one) person other than the residents of the "Premises" is employed in the "Home business".	- "Home business"
	to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS31.2 No more than 50m ² of "Total use area" is used for the purposes of a "Home business".	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care
"Use"		AS31.3 No more than 2 (two) clients normally attend the "Premises" at any one time.	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care
		AS31.4 No goods or products produced by other businesses are displayed for sale in any window or outdoor area.	– "Home business"
		AS31.5 Operate only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	– "Home Business"
		AS31.6 Delivery of goods occurs only between the hours of 8:00am and 6:00pm Monday to Friday, excluding Public Holidays.	– "Home Business"

⁶ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC29 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.3.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Building work"	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")		
Amenity	PC1 "Building" and "Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are designed so that: (e) the amenity of the Commercial "Zone" is protected and maintained; (f) character and streetscape are enhanced; (g) they address the street frontage; and (h) compliment the local traditional building elements.	AS1 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level.	– "Minor Building work"		
Amenity	PC2 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local character and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.			
Infrastructure	PC3 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS3 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Minor Building work"		
Environmental	PC4 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS4 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Minor Building work"		
Environmental	PC5 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS5 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Minor Building work"		

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC6 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- "Minor Building work" - "Minor Building work"	
Constraint	PC7 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". T	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	- "Minor Building work"	
Constraint	PC8 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS8 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	– "Minor Building work"	

⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC7 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.3.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity and streetscape of the Commercial "Zone" is protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC2 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion.	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height. AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS4 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	- Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC5 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS5.1 A separation distance of not less than 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS5.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC6 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁸	No acceptable solution is prescribed		
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS7 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling	

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⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC6 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 4 ZONES

4.4 Industrial "Zone"

4.4.1 Intent:

The Industrial "Zone" is intended primarily for "industrial activities".

4.4.2 Industrial "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1) "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Airport"	Impact Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code
"Caretaker's residence"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Industrial "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Industrial "Zone" Code Industrial "Zone" Code
"Commercial activities" where involving a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where not involving "Building Work"	Code Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code
"Community oriented activities" other than "public utility"	Impact Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code
"Residential activities" other than "caretaker's residence"	Impact Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Industrial "Zone" Code

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot Code
		Code

(3) "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
All other "Building work" where not identified as		Industrial "Zone" Code
exempt in section 1.4(2) of the "Scheme"	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Industrial "Zone" Code

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
Excavation or filling	Self-assessable where: (1) less than 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving less than 100m³ of material; or (2) 1 metre or more above or below natural ground level and involving less than 50m³ of material; and where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Industrial "Zone" Code Code Assessment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Industrial "Zone" Code Industrial "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones – Industrial Zone

4.4.3 Industrial "Zone" Code

4.4.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.4.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.4.3.2:

Table 4.4.3.2

"Material change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions	
"Caretaker's residence"	AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS10 AS11.1 AS11.2 AS12.1 AS12.2 AS13 AS14 AS16.1 AS18.1 AS18.2 AS19 AS20 AS21.1 AS21.2 AS25.1 AS25.2 AS25.3 AS26 AS27 AS29	
"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions	
"Building work"	AS1 AS2.1 AS2.2 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS7 AS8	
"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions	
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5.1 AS5.2 AS7	

Effective: 30 June 2006 Part 4 Zones – Industrial Zone

4.4.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) The Industrial "Zone" continues to accommodate a wide range of "industrial activities".
- (3) Within the Industrial "Zone" "industrial activities":
 - (a) are consolidated, within an identifiable area, so as to ensure other "uses" in the locality are protected from any adverse impacts associated with "industrial activities"; and
 - (b) are not prejudiced by the intrusion of incompatible "uses".
- (4) Within the Industrial "Zone", "development":
 - is located, designed and operated in a manner that maintains the industrial scale, intensity, form and character;
 - (b) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water compatible with healthy natural systems and public health and safety:
 - (c) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (d) has an appropriately designed access to the road network and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network;
 - (e) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values;
 - (f) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure;
 - (g) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (h) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events;
 - (i) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use"; and
 - (j) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.

Part 4 Zones – Industrial Zone

4.4.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

"Material change of use"				
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC1 Non-"Industrial activities"- Locational Criteria	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Location	Non-"Industrial activities" are located in the industrial "Zone" only where: (a) it can be demonstrated those activities are associated with industrial activities and cannot reasonably be established in other more appropriate "zones"; and (b) those activities do not prejudice the operation of "industrial activities".			
	PC2 Protection of Surrounding Areas	AS2.1 "Uses" are operated only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.		
Amenity	"Uses" are operated to ensure the amenity of the surrounding areas is protected.	AS2.2 A 1.8 metre high solid screen fence is erected along the full length of any boundary common with land in a Mixed Use "Zone".		
	PC3 Delivery of Goods	AS3.1 Loading and unloading occurs only between the hours of:		
Amenity	The loading and unloading of goods occurs at appropriate times to protect the amenity of the Industrial "Zone" and surrounding areas.	(a) 7:00am and 6:00pm, Monday to Friday and(b) 7:00am and 12:00 (noon) on Saturdays.		
		AS3.2 No loading and unloading occurs on Sundays and Public Holidays.		
2	PC4 "Total use area"	AS4 "Total use area" is no more than 75% of site area.		
Amenity	"Development" is of a scale that contributes to the amenity of the Industrial "Zone".	one area.		
	PC5 Height	AS5 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Amenity	The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Industrial "Zone" and surrounding areas.	"Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken).		

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC6 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances	AS6.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any	"Caretaker's residence"
Amenity	"Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local character and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	road frontage. AS6.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	– "Caretaker's residence"
_	PC7 Transport Movements	AS7 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas.	
Amenity	Transport movements associated with the use protect the amenity of surrounding residential areas.		
	PC8 "Building" and "Structure" Design	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	"Buildings" and "Structures" are designed so that the amenity of the Industrial "Zone" is maintained and the amenity of surrounding areas is protected.		
	PC9 Landscaping and External Activity Areas	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	Landscaping and external activity areas are provided on - site to: (a) contribute to built form and streetscape; (b) provide positive sun and breeze control; and (c) make provision for recreation areas.		
Ę.	PC10 Lighting	AS10 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the	- "Caretaker's residence"
Amenity	The design of lighting does not prejudice the local amenity.	boundary of the site.	
	PC11 Water Supply	AS11.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system.	- "Caretaker's residence"
Infrastructure	All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use".	or AS11.2 "Premises" are connected to an	"Covatakovia vasidavia"
ī		approved water allocation as provided by the relevant agency.	- "Caretaker's residence"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC12 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental	AS12.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. or	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Infra	values.	AS12.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	– "Caretaker's residence"	
Infrastructure	PC13 Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	AS13 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Infrastructure	PC14 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS14 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Infrastructure	PC15 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS15 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).		
Infrastructure	PC16 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking, service vehicle areas, loading and unloading areas (including refuse storage areas) are: (a) adequate for the "Use"; (b) ensure safe and functional operation for motorists and	AS16.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a) AS16.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and acceptance with Schedule 1	- "Caretaker's residence"	
	pedestrians; and (c) located to allow for the servicing of the Use, while protecting the amenity of surrounding "Uses".	constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)		
Infrastructure	PC17 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS17 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)		

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC18 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS18.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	– "Caretaker's residence"	
Infra		AS18.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	– "Caretaker's residence"	
Infrastructure	PC19 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS19 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Environmental	PC20 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS20 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	- "Caretaker's residence"	
onmental	PC21 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS21.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS21.2 A minimum separation distance of 20	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Caretaker's residence"	
Environm		metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- Caretaker's residerice	
Environmental	PC22 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

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¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC22 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC23 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC24 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC25 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS25.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS25.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height. AS25.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Caretaker's residence"	
Environment	PC26 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS26 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Caretaker's residence"	

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² One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC23 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

3 One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC24 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Constraint	PC27 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 4	AS27 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)	- "Caretaker's residence"	
Constraint	 "Premises" are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding. 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Constraint	PC29 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS29 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Caretaker's residence"	

⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC27 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC28, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood

level.

	"Material change of use"			
		Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")
		PC30 "Airport"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	ŕ
	"Nse"	"Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 6		
I		PC31 "Intensive animal industries"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
	"Use"	"Intensive animal industries": (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of the Industrial "Zone", and surrounding areas; (b) are designed and operated to ensure the protection and maintenance of environmental values; and (c) are rehabilitated to provide for future re-use of the land and to prevent ongoing risk of adverse impacts on the local environment and amenity.		

⁶ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC30 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.4.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC1 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Industrial "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant industrial form.	AS1 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level.	– "Building work"	
Amenity	PC2 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local character and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	AS2.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. AS2.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	"Building work""Building work"	
Infrastructure	PC3 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS3 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC4 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS4 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- "Building work"	
Environmental	PC5 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS5 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Building work"	

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC6 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial	"Building work""Building work"	
Ш		sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.		
Constraint	PC7 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". T	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	- "Building work"	
Constraint	PC8 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS8 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Building work"	

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⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC7 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.4.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC1 General Design	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity and streetscape of the Industrial "Zone" and surrounding areas is protected.			
	PC2 Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%,	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion.	are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- Excavation or Filling	
Envir		AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling	
	PC4 "Watercourses" and	AS4 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".		
Environmental	"Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS5.1 A separation distance of not less than 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS5.2 A minimum separation distance of 20	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	
Envi		metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.		

"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.4.2 and 4.4.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	PC6 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁸	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS7 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling

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⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC6 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 4 ZONES

4.5 Mixed Use "Zone"

4.5.1 Intent:

The Mixed Use "Zone" is an intermediate "Zone" between the Urban and Industrial "Zones", intended for "Detached houses" and small scale industrial uses, where conducted in association with the "Detached house".

4.5.2 Mixed Use "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1) "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Airport"	Impact Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Caretaker's residence"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed Use "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Commercial activities"		Mixed Use "Zone" Code
where involving a "Material	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed Use "Zone" Code	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
Change of Use" from one to another of "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" and where	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
not involving "Building Work"		
"Commercial activities" other than as above	Impact Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Detached house"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed Use "Zone" Code	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Home business"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed "Zone" Code	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Industrial activities"	Code Assessment where having a "Total use area" less than 150.0 m ² Impact Assessment otherwise	Mixed Use "Zone" Code Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Intensive animal industry"	Impact Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
"Residential activities" other than "caretaker's residence" and "detached house"	Impact Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Mixed Use "Zone" Code

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot
		Code

(3) "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
identified as exempt in	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed Use "Zone" Code Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Mixed Use "Zone" Code Mixed Use "Zone" Code

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
Excavation or filling	Self-assessable where: (1) less than 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving less than 100m³ of material; or (2) 1 metre or more above or below natural ground level and involving less than 50m³ of material; and where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Mixed Use "Zone" Code Code Assessment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Mixed Use "Zone" Code Mixed Use "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones - Mixed Use Zone

4.5.3 Mixed Use "Zone" Code

4.5.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.5.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.5.3.2:

Table 4.5.3.2

"Material change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Material Change of Use"	AS3 AS4.1 AS4.2 AS11 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS15 AS16
from one to another of:	AS17.1 AS18.1 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS21 AS23 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS28.1 AS28.2
"Commercial premises",	AS28.3 AS29 AS33
"Professional office" or	
"Shop" and where not	
involving "Building work"	
"Caretaker's residence"	AS5.2 AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS7.3 AS11 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS13.3 AS14.1
	AS14.2 AS15 AS16 AS17.1 AS18.1 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS21 AS22 AS23
	AS24.1 AS24.2 AS28.1 AS28.2 AS28.3 AS29 AS30 AS33
"Detached house"	AS5.1 AS6 AS11 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS13.3 AS14.1 AS14.2 AS15 AS16
	AS17.1 AS18.1 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS21 AS22 AS23 AS24.1 AS24.2 AS28.1
	AS28.2 AS28.3 AS29 AS30 AS33
"Home business"	AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS7.3 AS11 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS13.3 AS14.1 AS14.2
	AS15 AS16 AS17.1 AS18.1 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS21 AS22 AS23 AS24.1
	AS24.2 AS28.1 AS28.2 AS28.3 AS29 AS30 AS33 AS36.1 AS36.2 AS36.3
<i>((1)</i>	AS36.4 AS36.5 AS36.6
"Home business" providing	AS6 AS7.1 AS7.2 AS7.3 AS11 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS13.3 AS14.1 AS14.2
home-based childcare	AS15 AS16 AS17.1 AS18.1 AS20.1 AS20.2 AS21 AS22 AS23 AS24.1
	AS24.2 AS28.1 AS28.2 AS28.3 AS29 AS30 AS33 AS36.1 AS36.4 AS36.5 AS36.6
"Decilations are well as because the	1100010
"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
of use"	
"Building work"	AS1 AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS7 AS8
"Operational work" where not	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
associated with a "Material Change	
of use"	
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5.1 AS5.2 AS7

Part 4 Zones - Mixed Use Zone

4.5.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) The Mixed Use "Zone" remains for small scale, low impact "industrial activities", on the same "premises" as the "detached house", where the "industrial activities" are located, designed and operated in a manner that is consistent with and protects residential scale, intensity, form and character.
- (3) Within the Mixed Use "Zone", "development":
 - (a) maintains the residential amenity;
 - (b) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water compatible with healthy natural systems and public health and safety;
 - (c) is located, designed and operated in a manner that protects residential scale, intensity, form and character:
 - (d) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (e) has an appropriately designed access to the road network and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network;
 - (f) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values:
 - (g) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (h) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure, including social infrastructure;
 - (i) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events;
 - (j) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use"; and
 - (k) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.

Part 4 Zones – Mixed Use Zone

4.5.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC1 "Uses" other than "Dwelling house" and "Industrial activities" located on the same lot as a "Dwelling house" - Locational Criteria	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Location	"Uses" other than "Dwelling house" and "Industrial activities" located on the same lot as a "Dwelling house" are located in the Mixed use "Zone" only where those "Uses": (a) do not prejudice the operation of small scale "industrial activities" (b) do not impact adversely on the residential amenity and character of the Mixed use "Zone"; and (c) can not reasonably be located in other more appropriate "Zones".		
Amenity	PC2 Non-"Residential activities" - Scale Non-"Residential activities" are of a domestic scale, intensity, form and character to protect the residential amenity of the Mixed Use "Zone" and do not prejudice the operation and viability of other "Uses" or activities in the Mixed Use "Zone" or other "Zones".	For "Industrial activities" located on the same lot as a "Dwelling house": AS2.1 The "Total use area" of the "industrial activity" is less than 150m ² on a lot. For all other non-"Residential activities": AS2.2 The "Total use area" is less than 60m ² on a lot.	
Amenity	PC3 Non-"Residential activities" - Operating Hours Non-"Residential activities" are operated so as to ensure that the activities and the operation of equipment occur at appropriate times to protect the residential amenity.	AS3 Non-"Residential activities" are operated only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"

Part 4 Zones - Mixed Use Zone

"Material change of use"				
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC4 Non-"Residential activities" - Delivery of Goods The loading and unloading of goods in connection with non- "Residential activities" occurs at appropriate times to protect the residential amenity.	AS4.1 Loading and unloading occurs only between the hours of: (a) 8:00am and 6:00pm, Monday to Friday and (b) 8:00am and 12:00 (noon) on Saturdays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"	
		AS4.2 No loading and unloading occurs on Sundays and Public Holidays.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work"	
Amenity	PC5 "Residential Activities" - Density The density of "Residential activities" does not impact adversely on the residential amenity of the Mixed use "Zone" through over intensification.	For "Detached houses": AS5.1 No more than 1 (one) "Detached house" per lot. For "Caretaker's residences": AS5.2 No more than 1 (one) "Caretaker's residence" per lot. For all other "Residential activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.	- "Detached house" - "Caretaker's residence"	
Amenity	PC6 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Mixed use "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant residential form.	AS6 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken).	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	

"Material change of use"				
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC7 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local amenity and streetscape are protected and enhanced.	For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS7.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. or	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Amenity		AS7.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback within 20% of the existing setbacks of adjoining "Buildings" and "Structures"	"Caretaker's residence""Home business"	
		For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS7.3 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Home business"	
Amenity	PC8 Transport Movements Transport movements associated with the use protect the amenity of the locality.	For non-"Residential activities": AS8 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas adjoining the Mixed use "Zone". For all other "Uses": No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC9 "Building" and "Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are of a domestic scale, form and character to maintain the residential amenity.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC10 Landscaping and External Activity Areas Landscaping and external activity areas are provided on site to: (a) contribute to a pleasant and functional built form; (b) provide positive sun and breeze control; (c) make provision for recreation areas; and (d) contribute to the Mixed use "Zone's" positive visual qualities.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC11 Lighting The design of lighting does not prejudice the amenity of the Mixed use "Zone" through poorly directed lighting, lighting overspill or lighting glare.	AS11 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the boundary of the site.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house - "Home business"	
Amenity	PC12 Separation of Incompatible Land Uses Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) the future viability of surrounding "Uses"; (b) infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; (c) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety; and (d) conflict arising from incompatible "Uses" is minimised.	For "Grazing": AS12 Pens and yards maintain a minimum separation distance of 300 metres to "sensitive land uses" not associated with the "grazing". For all other "uses": No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC13 Water Supply All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use".	AS13.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system. or	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure		AS13.2 "Premises" are connected to an approved water allocation as provided by the relevant agency. Or	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
		For "Residential Activities": AS13.3 "Premises" are connected to a rain water tank with a minimum capacity of: (a) 45 000 litres where not in a reticulated water supply area; (b) 22 500 litres where in a reticulated water supply area.	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
		For all "Uses" other than "Residential Activities": No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
ucture	PC14 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	AS14.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. or	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure		AS14.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC15 Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	AS15 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Infrastructure	PC16 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS16 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC17 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	For "Caretaker's residence", a "Material Change of Use" from one to another of, "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" where not involving "Building work", "Detached house" and "Home business": AS17.1 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access is to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(2).	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
		For all other "Uses": AS17.2 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).		
Infrastructure	PC18 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking and service vehicle provision is adequate for the "Use" and ensures safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS18.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a)	 "Caretaker's residence" "Detached house" "Home business" A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" 	
		AS18.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)		
Infrastructure	PC19 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS19 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)		

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
ucture	PC20 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS20.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	 A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure		AS20.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC21"Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetated Buffers Vegetated buffers adjoining an "Electricity transmission line easement" are maintained to provide: (a) a visual buffer to the easement; and (b) a separation distance from the easement.	AS21 Existing vegetation, comprising trees and/or shrubs, shall be retained within 20 metres of an "Electricity transmission line easement" as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 4.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Infrastructure	PC22 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS22 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC23 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS23 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Environmental	PC24 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS24.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes".	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Environ		AS24.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"	
Environmental	PC25 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

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¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC25 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC26 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC27 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

² One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC26 is to prepare a study that

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

3 One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC27 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC28 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS28.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Environmental		AS28.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
		AS28.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Environment	PC29 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS29 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"

		"Material change of use"	
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Constraint	 PC30 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport"; (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". * 	AS30 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)	- "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"
Constraint	 "Premises" are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding. 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Constraint	PC32 Protected Areas "Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Constraint	PC33 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS33 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- A "Material Change of Use" from one to another of: "Commercial premises", "Professional office" or "Shop" - where not involving "Building work" - "Caretaker's residence" - "Detached house" - "Home business"

⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC30 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC31, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood

level.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
	PC34 "Airport"	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
"Use"	 "Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 6 			
	PC35 "Bed and breakfast premises"	AS35.1 Provision is made for no more than 6 (six) paying guests to be accommodated at any one time.		
"Ase"	"Premises" used for a "Bed and breakfast premises" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the amenity of the locality.	AS35.2 "Premises" contains not more than 2 (two) "Accommodation units" for guest accommodation purposes.		
	PC36 "Home business"	AC2C 4 No more than 2 (time) persons other	"I I I	
	"Premises" used for a "Home business" are of a scale and are operated in a manner so as not to impact adversely on the	AS36.1 No more than 2 (two) persons other than the residents of the "Premises" are employed in the "Home business".	– "Home business"	
	amenity of the locality.	AS36.2 No more than 60m ² of "Total use area" is used for the purposes of a "Home business".	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care	
"Nse"		AS36.3 No more than 2 (two) clients normally attend the "Premises" at any one time.	- "Home business" - excluding "home business" providing home-based child care	
		AS36.4 No goods or products produced by other businesses are displayed for sale in any window or outdoor area.	– "Home business"	
		AS36.5 Operate only between the hours of 7:00am and 6:00pm.	– "Home Business"	
		AS36.6 Delivery of goods occurs only between the hours of 8:00am and 6:00pm Monday to Friday, excluding Public Holidays.	– "Home Business"	

⁶ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC34 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

I	"Material change of use"			
Performance Criteria		Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	"Use"	industries" "Intensive animal industries": (a) do not impact adversely on the amenity of the Mixed Use "Zone", and surrounding areas; (b) are designed and operated to ensure the protection and maintenance of environmental values; and (c) are rehabilitated to provide for future re-use of the land and to prevent ongoing risk of adverse impacts on the local environment and amenity.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

4.5.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC1 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Mixed use "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant residential form.	AS1 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level.	– "Building work"	
nity	PC2 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure that residential amenity is protected and enhanced.	For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS2.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. or AS2.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback within 20% of the existing setbacks of	"Building work""Building work"	
Amenity		adjoining "Buildings" and "Structures" For all "Uses" other than a "Detached House": AS2.3 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearance of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	– Building work"	
Infrastructure	PC3 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS3 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC4 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS4 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC5 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS5 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Building work"	

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	"Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A minimum separation distance of 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial	"Building work""Building work"	
ū		sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.		
Constraint	PC7 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports": (a) protects the operation of the "Airport"; (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". T	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	- "Building work"	
Constraint	PC8 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS8 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	– "Building work"	

⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC7 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.5.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

	"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity of the Mixed use "Zone" is protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC2 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; and (b) minimises soil erosion.	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height. AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	- Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS4 A minimum 10 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	Excavation or Filling	
Environmental	PC5 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS5.1 A separation distance of not less than 10 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS5.2 A minimum separation distance of 20 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling	

"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.5.2 and 4.5.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Environmental	PC6 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁸	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS7 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling

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⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC6 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 4 ZONES

4.6 Open Space and Recreation "Zone"

4.6.1 Intent:

The Open Space and Recreation "Zone" is intended for "Open space and recreation activities", parks and areas of conservation value.

4.6.2 Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Table of Assessment:

(1)(a) Protected Areas - "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
All "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part A (PC1 – PC9)
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part A (PC1 – PC9)

(1)(b) Areas other than Protected Areas - "Material change of use"

"Use"	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
All "Uses" defined in the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part B (PC10 – PC45)
All other "Uses" not defined in the "Scheme"	Impact Assessment	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part B (PC10 – PC45)

(2) "Reconfiguring a lot"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Reconfiguring a lot"	Code Assessment	Reconfiguring a lot
		Code

(3)(a) Protected Areas - "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Building work" where not identified as exempt in section 1.4(2) of the "Scheme"	Code Assessment	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part A (PC1 – PC6)

(3)(b) Areas other than Protected Areas - "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
"Building work" where not identified as exempt in section 1.4(2) of the "Scheme"	Self-assessable where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part B (PC7 - PC15)
Scheme	Code Assessment if any applicable acceptable solution is not met.	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code Part B (PC7 - PC15)

(4) "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Туре	Assessment Category	Applicable Code
Excavation or filling	Self-assessable where: (1) less than 1 metre above or below natural ground level and involving less than 100m³ of material; or (2) 1 metre or more above or below natural ground level and involving less than 50m³ of material; and where complying with the applicable acceptable solutions in the Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code
	Code Assessment otherwise, or if any applicable acceptable solution is not met	Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code

Part 4 Zones – Open Space and Recreation Zone

4.6.3 Open Space and Recreation "Zone" Code

4.6.3.1 Applicability

- (1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being any:
 - (a) "Material change of use";
 - (b) "Building work"; or
 - (c) "Operational work".

4.6.3.2 Self-assessable Development - Applicable Provisions

Applicable acceptable solutions for self-assessable development are as follows in Table 4.6.3.2:

Table 4.6.3.2

Areas other than protected areas - "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
"Building work"	AS7 AS8.1 AS8.2 AS9 AS10 AS11 AS12 AS13.1 AS13.2 AS14 AS15
"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"	Applicable Acceptable Solutions
Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 AS2.2 AS2.3 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6.1 AS6.2 AS8

Part 4 Zones – Open Space and Recreation Zone

4.6.3.3 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) The Shire has an appropriate land use structure that is in accordance with the environmental characteristics of the locality and that avoids conflict between incompatible "uses".
- (2) The Open Space and Recreation "Zone" ensures:
 - (a) the continued conservation of protected areas; and
 - (b) areas remain for the provision of recreational facilities.
- (3) "Development" in protected areas:
 - (a) results in minimal impacts on the natural environment; and
 - (b) maintains conservation, biodiversity and habitat values.
- (4) "Development" in areas other than protected areas:
 - (a) is located, designed and operated in a manner that protects the local amenity;
 - (b) does not prejudice or impact adversely on other "uses" including those within other "Zones";
 - (c) has an appropriately designed access to the road network and traffic generated by the development does not impact adversely on the local road network and local amenity;
 - (d) has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal and power, to appropriate standards, adequate for the "use";
 - (e) maintains the environment, including soil, air and water, compatible with healthy natural systems and public health and safety;
 - (f) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve an efficient provision of infrastructure;
 - (g) protects areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values:
 - (h) protects and maintains the integrity of the Lake Eyre Basin;
 - (i) is located and designed in ways that minimise the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and to protect people and premises from such natural events; and
 - (j) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.

4.6.3.4 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Material change of Use"

Part A – Protected Areas:

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution Acceptable Solution Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per ta 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of t "Scheme")		
	PC1 Protected Areas	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Location	"Development" in protected areas as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map: (a) provides activities and / or facilities having a direct relationship with the conservation role of protected areas; (b) is located, designed and operated with minimal impacts on the natural environment; and (c) maintains the conservation, biodiversity and habitat values.			
ant	PC2 Buildings and Structures	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environment	"Buildings" and "Structures" are designed and located to ensure minimal impact on the local conservation and environmental qualities.			
	PC3 Infrastructure	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environment	"Development" is provided with physical infrastructure that protects the local conservation and environmental qualities; has minimal impacts on those qualities; and ensures no release of contaminants.			
+	PC4 Access	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environment	"Development" is provided with access that protects the local conservation and environmental qualities and has minimal impacts on those qualities.			

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC5 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS5 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.		
Environmental	PC6 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.		
Environmental	PC7 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect local character and landscape values.	AS7 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 20 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken.)		
Environmental	PC8 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS8 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1		
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS9 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.		

Part B – Areas other than Protected Areas:

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")
	PC10 Areas other than protected areas	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Location	"Development" in areas other than protected areas as identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map, provides areas for, or facilities for sporting and / or recreational activities for the community.		
	PC11 Scale	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	"Development" is of an appropriate scale to protect the local amenity.		
>	PC12 Operating Hours	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	"Development" is operated so as to protect the local amenity.		
	PC13 Delivery of Goods	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Amenity	The loading and unloading of goods occurs at appropriate times to protect the local amenity.		
	PC14 "Total use area"	AS14 "Total use area" is no more than 75% of	
Amenity	"Development" is of a scale that maintains the local amenity.	site area	
	PC15 Height	AS15 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an	
Amenity	The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the local amenity of the Open Space and Recreation "Zone".	"Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC16 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure the local amenity is protected and enhanced.	AS16.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. AS16.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearances of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building").		
Amenity	PC17 Transport Movements Transport movements associated with the use protect the amenity of surrounding residential areas.	AS17 Transport movements do not occur through residential areas.		
Amenity	PC18 "Building" and "Structure" Design "Buildings" and "Structures" are designed so that the local amenity is maintained and the amenity of surrounding areas is protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC19 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect local character and landscape values.	AS19 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 20 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken.)		
Amenity	PC20 Landscaping Landscaping is provided on-site to: (a) contribute to a pleasant and functional built form; and (b) contribute to the local visual qualities.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Amenity	PC21 Lighting The design of lighting does not impact adversely on the local amenity through poorly directed lighting, lighting overspill or lighting glare.	AS21 Direct lighting or lighting does not exceed 8.0 lux at 1.5 metres beyond the boundary of the site.		

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Amenity	PC22 Separation of Incompatible Land Uses Separation distances are provided to ensure: (a) the future viability of surrounding "Uses"; (b) infrastructure items are protected from incompatible "Development"; (c) an appropriate standard of amenity and public safety; and (d) conflict arising from incompatible "Uses" is minimised.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	
Infrastructure	PC23 Water Supply All "Premises" have an adequate volume and supply of water for the "Use.	AS23.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated water supply system. or AS23.2 "Premises" are connected to an approved water allocation as provided by the relevant agency.	
Infrastructure	PC24 Effluent Disposal All "Premises" provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	AS24.1 "Premises" are connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system. or AS24.2 "Premises" not in a sewered area have an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for Sewerage, Section 4.2.	
Infrastructure	PC25Stormwater Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values.	AS25 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section 5.1.	
Infrastructure	PC26 Electricity "Premises" are provided with an adequate supply of electricity for the "Use".	AS26 All "Premises" have a supply of electricity.	

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Infrastructure	PC27 Vehicle Access Vehicle access is provided to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS27 All "Premises" must have vehicle access to a formed road. Access to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1).		
Infrastructure	PC28 Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Provision Vehicle parking and service vehicle provision is adequate for the "Use" and ensures safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	AS28.1 All "Uses" provide vehicle parking in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(a) AS28.2 Car parking, service vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.2(1)(b)		
Infrastructure	PC29 Roads Adequate all-weather road access is provided between the "Premises" and the existing road network.	AS29 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)		
Infrastructure	PC30 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetation Transmission lines within an "Electricity transmission line easement" are protected from vegetation.	AS30.1 Planted vegetation within an "Electricity transmission line easement" shall have a mature height not exceeding 2.5 metres as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3. AS30.2 No part of planted vegetation, at its mature size, is located closer than 2.5 metres to an electricity transmission line as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 3.		
Infrastructure	PC31 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Vegetated Buffers Vegetated buffers adjoining an "Electricity transmission line easement" are maintained to provide: (a) a visual buffer to the easement; and (b) a separation distance from the easement.	AS31 Existing vegetation, comprising trees and/or shrubs, shall be retained within 20 metres of an "Electricity transmission line easement" as shown in Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.2 Diagram 4.		

"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")
Infrastructure	PC32 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	AS32 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	
Environmental	PC33 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS33 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake". Buffer areas include a cover of vegetation, including grasses.	
Environmental	PC34 Vegetation Retention "Development" retains vegetation for the: (a) protection of scenic quality; (b) protection of general habitat; (c) protection of soil quality; and (d) establishment of open space corridors and networks.	AS34 Vegetation comprising 20% of each regional ecosystem type is retained within each lot with retained vegetation made up of woody remnant, regrowth or replanted natural species, excluding deep-rooted crops and clear fell plantation forestry. The shade lines are a minimum of 10 metres in width; clumps have an area greater than 2 hectares.	
Environmental	PC35 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS35.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS35.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	
Environmental	PC36 Air Emissions Air emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses". 1	No acceptable solution is prescribed.	

¹ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC36 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC37 Noise Emissions Noise emissions from "Premises" do not cause environmental harm or nuisance to adjoining properties or "Sensitive land uses".2	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC38 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. 3	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC39 Excavation or Filling Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the "Premises" and land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality.	AS39.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%, are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS39.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height. AS39.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1		
Environment	PC40 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS40 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1		

² One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC37 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 1997.

3 One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC38 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Constraint	 PC41 "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports": (a) protects the operation of the "Airport"; (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". 4 	AS41 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level. (Except where establishing in an existing "Building" and no "Building works" are being undertaken for that existing "Building".)		
Constraint	 *PC42 Flooding *Premises* are designed and located so as: (a) not to be adversely impacted upon by flooding; (b) to protect life and property; and (c) not to have an undesirable impact on the extent or magnitude of flooding. 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Constraint	PC43 Environmental Areas "Development" is undertaken to ensure areas of significant biodiversity and habitat value and high scenic quality are protected.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Constraint	PC44 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS44 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.		

⁴ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC41 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

To assist an applicant to demonstrate compliance with PC42, the maximum recorded flood may be adopted as an indication of flood

level.

	"Material change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
"Nse"	 "Airport" activities: (a) do not adversely impact on the amenity of surrounding residents; (b) ensure the safe operation of aeronautical and support activities; and (c) ensure the safety of surrounding "Premises". 	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		

⁶ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC45 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.6.3.5 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

Part A – Protected Areas:

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	"Buildings" and "Structures" are designed and located to ensure minimal impact on the local conservation and environmental qualities.	No acceptable solution is prescribed.		
Environmental	PC2 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect landscape values.	AS2 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 50 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment.		
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1		
Environmental	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS4 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".		
Environmental	PC5 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS5.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS5.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.		

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"				
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")		
Constraint	"Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS6 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.			

Part B – Areas other than Protected Areas:

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Amenity	PC7 Height The height of "Buildings" and "Structures" does not impact adversely on the amenity of the Open Space and Recreation "Zone" and is consistent with the predominant rural form.	AS7 "Buildings" and "Structures" other than those within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 8.5 metres in height and are not more than 2 (two) storeys at any point above natural ground level.	– "Building work"	
Amenity	PC8 Setbacks and Boundary Clearances "Buildings" and "Structures" are located to ensure that local amenity is protected and enhanced.	AS8.1 "Buildings" and "Structures" have a setback of not less than 6 metres from any road frontage. AS8.2 "Buildings" and "Structures" have side boundary clearances of not less than 2.5 metres and rear boundary clearances of not less than 6 metres from property boundaries.	"Building work""Building work"	
Amenity	PC9 Ridgelines and Escarpments Ridgelines and escarpments are maintained in a natural state to protect rural character and landscape values.	AS9 All "Buildings" and "Structures" maintain a minimum 20 metre separation distance to a ridgeline or escarpment.	– "Building work"	
Infrastructure	PC10 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located so as to promote community safety.	AS10 "Habitable buildings" and "Buildings" and "Structures" associated with "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1(1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC11 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS11 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	– "Building work"	
Environmental	PC12 "Watercourses" and "Lakes" "Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	AS12 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of any "Watercourse" or "Lake".	– "Building work"	

	"Building work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"			
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")	
Environmental	PC13 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS13.1 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS13.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	"Building work""Building work"	
Constraint	PC14 "Development" in the Vicinity of "Airports" "Development" in the vicinity of "Airports". (a) protects the operation of the "Airport", (b) is designed and located to achieve a suitable standard of amenity for the proposed activity; and (c) does not restrict the future operational requirements of the "Airport". The vicinity of the "Airport".	AS14 "Buildings" and "Structures" within 100 metres of the boundary of an "Airport" are less than 7.5 metres in height at any point above natural ground level.	- "Building work"	
Constraint	PC15 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (c) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (d) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS15 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- "Building work"	

⁷ One way an applicant may demonstrate compliance with PC14 is to prepare a study identifying that the proposed development is in accordance with the relevant outcomes for State Planning Policy 1/02 – Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities and the Planning Guidelines: Development in the Vicinity of Certain Airports and Aviation Facilities as may be applicable to the proposed development having regard to the nature of the airport facility and its operational characteristics.

4.6.3.6 Performance Criteria, Acceptable Solutions and Self Assessable Applicability – "Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"

"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"					
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")		
	PC1 General Design	No acceptable solution is prescribed.			
Amenity	"Operational works" are designed and constructed so that the visual amenity and environmental values of the locality are protected.				
	PC2 Excavation or Filling	AS2.1 Batters have a maximum slope of 25%,	Excavation or Filling		
Environmental	Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for the users of the	are terraced at every rise of 1.5 metres and each terrace has a minimum depth of 750mm. AS2.2 Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of			
	"Premises" and land in close proximity; and (b) minimises soil erosion.	any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height.	Excavation or Filling		
		AS2.3 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	 Excavation or Filling 		
Environmental	PC3 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS3 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1	 Excavation or Filling 		
Environmental	PC4 "Watercourses" and "Lakes"	AS4 A minimum 50 metre wide buffer area is provided extending out from the high bank of	Excavation or Filling		
	"Development" ensures the maintenance of riparian areas and water quality including protection from off-site transfer of sediment.	any "Watercourse" or "Lake".			
Environmental	PC5 Vegetation Retention	AS5 Vegetation comprising 20% of each	 Excavation or Filling 		
	"Development" retains vegetation for the: (a) protection of scenic quality; (b) protection of general habitat; (c) protection of soil quality;	regional ecosystem type is retained within each lot with retained vegetation made up of woody remnant, regrowth or replanted natural species, excluding deep-rooted crops and clear fell plantation forestry. The shade lines are a minimum of 10 metres in width; clumps have an area greater than 2 hectares.			
	and (d) establishment of open space corridors and networks.				

"Operational work" where not associated with a "Material Change of use"					
Performance Criteria		Acceptable Solution	Self Assessable Development Applicability (to be read as per table 4.6.2 and 4.6.3.2 of the "Scheme")		
Environmental	PC6 Cultural Heritage "Development" ensures the protection and maintenance of places and items of cultural heritage.	AS6.1 A separation distance of not less than 50 metres is provided to the "Bed and banks" of "Watercourses" and "Lakes". AS6.2 A minimum separation distance of 50 metres is provided to cemeteries and burial sites as identified in Schedule 2, Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage, Section 6.1.	- Excavation or Filling - Excavation or Filling		
Environmental	PC7 Water Quality The standard of effluent and / or stormwater runoff from "Premises" ensures the quality of surface and underground water is suitable for: (a) the biological integrity of aquatic ecosystems; (b) recreational use; (c) supply as drinking water after minimal treatment; (d) agricultural use; or (e) industrial use. ⁸	No acceptable solution is prescribed			
Constraint	PC8 Sloping Land "Development" is undertaken to ensure: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS8 "Development" is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.	- Excavation or Filling		

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⁸ One way an applicant may demonstrate how the development achieves the outcomes stated in PC 7 is to prepare a study that identifies how the development is in accordance with Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997.

PART 5 RECONFIGURING A LOT CODE

5.1 Applicability

(1) The provisions of this code apply to "Development" being: "Reconfiguring a Lot"

5.2 Code Purpose

The following outcomes are the Purpose of the Code:

- (1) "Reconfiguring a lot":
 - achieves a lot size appropriate for the "Zone" in which the site is located and maintains the local amenity and environmental characteristics of the locality through appropriate lot layout and design;
 - (b) satisfies a demonstrated community need;
 - (c) is undertaken in an orderly and logical sequence to achieve efficient provision of infrastructure;
 - (d) does not prejudice extractive or mining resources;
 - (e) minimises the need for flood and landslide mitigation, and protects people and premises from such natural events; and
 - (f) does not impact adversely on infrastructure.
- (2) Each lot created by the reconfiguration has water supply, stormwater disposal, sustainable effluent and waste disposal, power and access to the road network, to appropriate standards.
- (3) "Reconfiguring a lot" protects:

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- (a) Good Quality Agricultural Land (GQAL) from fragmentation, alienation or encroachment of incompatible land "uses" in accordance with State Planning Policy 1/92 – Development and Conservation of Agricultural Land; and
- (b) areas and sites of conservation importance, including cultural and high landscape values.

5.3 Performance Criteria and Acceptable Solutions – "Reconfiguring a Lot"

"Reconfiguring a Lot"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution
Rural "Zone"	PC1 Rural "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size The reconfiguring of lots ensures the Rural "Zone" retains its viability as an area of primary production, consistent with the local character. 1	AS1 All lots have: (a) a minimum area of 5000 hectares; (b) a minimum frontage of 1000 metres; and (c) a minimum width to depth ratio of 1:5.
Urban "Zone"	PC2 Urban "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size Lots within the Urban "Zone" are of a sufficient size to accommodate residential uses, consistent with the local character.	AS2 All lots have: (a) a minimum area of 800 sq metres; (b) a minimum frontage of 20 metres; and (c) a minimum width to depth ratio of 1:5.
Commercial "Zone"	PC3 Commercial "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size Lots within the Commercial "Zone" are of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial uses, consistent with the local character.	AS3 All lots have: (a) a minimum area of 600 sq metres; and (b) a minimum frontage of 15 metres.
Industrial "Zone"	PC4 Industrial "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size Lots within the Industrial "Zone" are of a sufficient size to accommodate industrial uses, consistent with the local character.	AS4 All lots have: (a) a minimum area of 800 sq metres; (b) a minimum frontage of 20 metres; and (c) a minimum width to depth ratio of 1:5.
Mixed Use "Zone"	PC5 Mixed Use "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size Lots within the Mixed Use "Zone" are of a sufficient size to accommodate industrial uses, consistent with the local character.	AS5 All lots have: (c) a minimum area of 1000 sq metres; (d) a minimum frontage of 20 metres; and (e) a minimum width to depth ratio of 1:5
Open Space and Recreation "Zone"	PC6 Open Space and Recreation "Zone" – Minimum Lot Size Lots within the Open Space and Recreation "Zone" are of a sufficient size to accommodate recreational uses, consistent with the local character.	No acceptable solution is prescribed

1.

¹Where lot sizes are proposed below 5000 hectares in an area identified as Good Quality Agricultural Land on the Land Characteristics Map, the applicant shall demonstrate compliance with PC1 by preparing a study in accordance with the requirements of State Planning Policy 1/92 – The Development and Conservation of Agricultural Land and the Planning Guidelines: The Identification of Good Quality Agricultural Land and Separating Agricultural and Residential Land Uses 1997.

	"Reconfiguring a Lot"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution	
	PC7 Need - General	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Need	The reconfiguring a lot satisfies a community need.		
	PC8 Layout and Design	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Layout and Design	The reconfiguring of lots: (a) ensures safe and liveable communities; (b) ensures safe and legible vehicle and pedestrian movements areas and roads; (c) integrates with adjoining land; and (d) ensures and protects environmental values, significant features, open space areas and areas of high conservation or landscape value.		
-	PC9 "Electricity Transmission Line Easement"	AS9 Lot layout and design is in accordance with Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1, Diagram	
Layout and Design	Lot layout and design adjoining an "Electricity transmission line easement" promotes community safety and health and well being.	2.	
	PC10 Siting of Buildings and Structures	No acceptable solution is prescribed	
Layout and Design	Lot size, layout and design enable future uses to comply with separation distances for buildings and structures in respect of: (a) "Watercourses" and "lakes"; (b) ridgelines and escarpments; (c) cultural heritage places; and (d) protected areas.		
re	PC11 Street Lighting	AS11 Street lighting is designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking,	
Infrastructure	Street lighting is provided: (a) to ensure safety for vehicles, cyclists and pedestrians; and (b) to an appropriate engineering standard.	Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)	
Infrastructure	PC12 Water Supply Each lot has an adequate volume and supply of water, which is also adequate for fire fighting purposes.	AS12 Each lot is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 3: Standards for Water Supply.	

"Reconfiguring a Lot"		
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution
ıre	PC13 Effluent Disposal	AS13 Each lot is connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 4: Standards for
Infrastructure	Each lot provides for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water to ensure the protection of public health and environmental values.	Sewerage, Section 4.1.
	PC14 Stormwater	AS14 Stormwater is collected and discharged in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 5: Standards for Stormwater Drainage, Section
Infrastructure	Stormwater is collected and discharged so as to: (a) protect the stability of buildings or the use of adjacent land; and (b) protect and maintain environmental values	5.1.
ture	PC15 Electricity	AS15 Each lot is connected to the reticulated electricity supply.
Infrastructure	Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of electricity.	
ure	PC16 Vehicle Access	AS16 Each lot has vehicle access to a formed road. Access is to be designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2:
Infrastructure	Vehicle access is provided to each lot to ensure the safe and functional operation for motorists and pedestrians.	Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.3(1) and (2).
ure	PC17 Roads	AS17 Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking,
Infrastructure	Adequate all-weather road access is provided between each lot and the existing road network.	Manoeuvring Areas and Access, Section 2.1(1)
ıcture	PC18 "Electricity transmission line easement" - Separation Distance	AS18 "Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" maintain a minimum separation distance from the most proximate boundary of an "Electricity transmission line easement" in accordance with
Infrastructure	"Habitable buildings" and "Child oriented uses" are located to ensure community safety.	Schedule 2, Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements, Section 3.1 (1) and Section 3.1 Diagram 1.
	PC19 Excavation or Filling	AS19 Excavation or filling is undertaken in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section
Environmental	 Excavating or filling of land: (a) ensures safety and amenity for each lot and for land in close proximity; (b) minimises soil erosion; and (c) limits detrimental impacts on water quality. 	1.1

	"R	Peconfiguring a Lot"
	Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solution
	PC20 Vegetation Retention	No acceptable solution is prescribed
Environmental	Reconfiguring a lot retains vegetation for the: (a) protection of scenic quality; (b) protection of general habitat; (c) protection of soil quality; (d) establishment of open space corridors and networks; and (e) purpose of positive climate response	
Environment	PC21 Construction Activities Erosion control measures and silt collection measures ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.	AS21 During construction soil erosion and sediment is controlled in accordance with standards contained in Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities, Section 1.1
Constraint	PC22 Sloping Land Reconfiguring a lot ensures: (a) vulnerability to landslip, erosion and land degradation is minimised; and (b) safety of persons and property is not compromised.	AS22 Reconfiguring a lot is not undertaken on slopes greater than 15%.

PLANNING SCHEME POLICY 1 - INFORMATION COUNCIL MAY REQUEST

1.0 Purpose

- (1) To ensure "Council" has appropriate information to assist with development assessment.
- (2) To ensure applicants are aware of the information "Council" may request during the development application process.¹

2.0 Information Requirements

2.1 Plans

- (1) Plans should contain sufficient information to enable an accurate assessment of the proposal. Appropriate plans include:
 - (a) a site analysis plan identifying and describing all existing site features, such as the cadastral boundaries of the site, "Buildings", "Structures", roads, vehicle and pedestrian access, car parking, servicing areas, vegetation, topographic, hydraulic and geological features;
 - (b) a proposal plan identifying and describing the extent of modification of site features, such as, the cadastral boundaries of the site, "Buildings", "Structures", roads, vehicle and pedestrian access, car parking, servicing areas, vegetation, topographic, hydraulic and geological features;
 - (c) a landscaping plan detailing the location, extent, densities and species of proposed plantings and other external treatments.
- (2) Plans should be drawn to scale and observe recognised drafting conventions.

2.2 Existing "Use" and Site Details

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the nature and extent of the current "Use" of the site as well as the extent of built and natural features on the site. The following details should be provided:
 - (a) existing and previous "Use" of the site;
 - (b) existing and previous "Use" of adjoining or adjacent sites;
 - (c) floor areas of "Buildings" and other external activity areas, including car parking, storage areas and the like;
 - (d) site characteristics eg. levels and contours;
 - (e) descriptions of surrounding land uses, including, the height and appearance of "Buildings", and
 - (f) the nature and location of all services and infrastructure, including easement details.

2.3 Proposed "Use" and Site Details

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the nature of the proposed "Development". The following details should be provided:
 - details of the proposed "Use", including floor area of "Buildings", external materials, treatments and colours of "Buildings" and "Structures", and
 - (b) details of external activity areas, including car parking, storage areas and the like.

2.4 Amenity

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the likely impact of the proposal on the amenity of the locality. The following details should be provided:
 - (a) hours of operation;
 - (b) delivery times of goods;
 - (c) heights of "Buildings" and "Structures";
 - (d) setbacks and boundary clearances of all "Buildings" and "Structures", and
 - (e) external lighting arrangements.

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¹ An information request may be made pursuant to section 3.3.6 of IPA.

2.5 Infrastructure

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately assess infrastructure requirements. The following information should be provided:
 - (a) known or determined flood levels;
 - (b) proposed water supply;
 - (c) proposed effluent disposal;
 - (d) proposed stormwater disposal;
 - (e) proposed method of liquid and solid waste disposal;
 - (f) proposed electricity supply; and
 - (g) proposed telecommunication.

2.6 Traffic and Servicing

- (1) Sufficient information should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately assess traffic related matters. The following information should be provided:
 - (a) traffic likely to be generated by the proposal;
 - (b) the number, type and frequency of vehicles likely to service the proposal;
 - (c) the times and arrangements for servicing of the "Premises", and
 - (d) anticipated carparking requirements;
 - (e) the extent of car parking, vehicle manoeuvring areas, crossover / access details, loading / unloading areas, service areas.

2.7 Emissions

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the extent and nature of likely impacts arising from emissions. The following information should be provided:
 - (a) the nature of any anticipated emissions (including odour, noise, dust, run-off and the like);
 - (b) measures proposed for the control of emissions;
 - (c) the location and methods of containment and control of waste disposal and waste storage areas;
 - (d) types, quantities, storage methods, and protection measures relating to storage and use of chemicals; and
 - (e) emergency equipment and procedures to be utilised.

2.8 Environmental

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the likely environmental impact of the proposal. The following information should be provided:
 - (a) location of ridgelines and escarpments;
 - (b) location of "Watercourses" and "Lakes" and the extent of associated riparian buffers;
 - (c) location of effluent disposal areas:
 - (d) location and extent of existing vegetation;
 - (e) location and extent of vegetation to be retained; and
 - (f) location of any known sites of indigenous, cultural or natural heritage.

2.9 Constraint Areas

(1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately determine the likely impact of the proposal on constraint areas, as identified in the Planning Scheme.

2.10 Reconfiguring a Lot

- (1) Sufficient detail should be provided to enable "Council" to accurately assess proposed reconfiguration of a lot. The following information should be provided:
 - (a) existing "Use" of the land;
 - (b) proposed "Use" of the land after the subdivision;
 - (c) details of all proposed lots and of areas proposed for roads, parks or other public spaces;
 - (d) details of any proposed filling or excavation;
 - (e) details of any encumbrances (for example, easements, leases and the like);
 - (f) contours and levels of the land;

Planning Scheme Policy 1

- (g) location of all services and infrastructure on or adjacent to the land;
- (h) details of any areas of land subject to subsidence, slip or erosion;
- (i) location of any "Watercourse" or waterhole;
- (j) details of any known flood levels;
- (k) location and size of existing "Buildings" and "Structures";
- (I) location of existing parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas;
- (m) preliminary design details of proposed infrastructure, including water supply, sewerage, and stormwater drainage; and
- (n) preliminary design details of proposed site access and of proposed new roads or upgrading of existing roads.
- (o) Details of any proposed easements for access or other purposes.
- (2) Details of the need for and suitability of the proposed reconfiguration (subdivision) should be provided. Appropriate information would include:
 - (a) existing subdivision pattern in the locality;
 - (b) the nature of the proposed subdivision within the context of that existing subdivision pattern;
 - (c) availability of alternative locations that may reduce the need for the proposed subdivision;
 - (d) availability of lots within the locality and recent trends in development and occupation of those lots;
 - (e) anticipated effect of the proposed subdivision on the future use and "Development" of land in the locality;
 - (f) potential for an oversupply of lots having regard for recent and anticipated rates of dwelling completions;
 - (g) details of existing or likely future rural "Development" in the locality involving "Intensive animal industry" or activities such as aerial spraying and the like;
 - (h) potential for the subdivision to detrimentally affect the preservation of Good Quality Agricultural Land:
 - (i) potential for the creation of ribbon "Development"; and
 - (j) potential for the need to upgrade infrastructure and services.
- (3) For subdivision within the Rural "Zone", additional information should be provided in relation to:
 - (a) economic viability of proposed lots for "Agriculture" or "Grazing";
 - (b) availability of water and the capacity of the soils to support crops or grow pasture; and
 - (c) sustainability of the new lots in relation to land degradation, including issues of slope/landslip, soil erosion and the like.

PLANNING SCHEME POLICY 2 - THIRD PARTY ADVICE OR COMMENT

1.0 Purpose

(1) To describe the methods that may be used by "Council" to obtain third party advice or comment on a development application.

2.0 Requirements

2.1 Consultation

- (1) Council may seek third party advice or comment on any development proposal.
 - (a) Advice may be sought from any individual, stakeholder or interest group.
 - (b) Advice or comment may be sought in any appropriate way, including:
 - (i) public notification in a newspaper
 - (ii) placing a notice on the premises
 - (iii) placing a notice at a public place
 - (iv) personal notification or contact
 - (v) public meetings
 - (vi) meeting with a person having a special interest

2.2 Information

- (1) When seeking third party advice or comment, "Council" will provide appropriate information on the proposal, including:
 - (a) a description of the proposal;
 - (b) details of where the development application may be inspected;
 - (c) details of where comments may be lodged; and
 - (d) the last day upon which "Council" will accept advice or comment.

SCHEDULE 1 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities

1.1 Construction Standards

(1) Construction activities are undertaken in accordance with:

Witheridge, G. and Walker, R., 1996, *Soil Erosion and Sediment Control: Engineering Guidelines for Queensland Construction Sites.* The Institution of Engineers Australia, Queensland Division, Brisbane (and later versions)

Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access

2.1 Standards for Roads

(1) Roads are designed and constructed in accordance with the following standards -

Infrastructure Item	Standard
Roads and Streets	Austroads Series – Part 1 Traffic Flow Part 2 Roadway Capacity Part 3 Traffic Studies Part 4 Road Crashes Part 5 Intersections at Grade Part 6 Roundabouts Part 7 Traffic Signals Part 8 Traffic Control Devices Part 9 Arterial Road Traffic Management Part 10 Local Area Traffic Management Part 11 Parking Part 12 Roadway Lighting Part 13 Pedestrians Part 14 Bicycles Rural Road Design Queensland Streets – Section 2 – The Residential Street Section 3 – The Street System Section 4 – Pedestrians and Cyclists Section 5 – Design Detail Section 6 – The Road System Section 7 – Development Concept Design Section 9 – Industrial Streets Section 10 – Multi-Unit Residential Streets
Pavement Design	Austroads Pavement Design 1992
Bridges	Austroads Bridge Design Code 1992 Sections 1 - 7
Traffic Control Devices	Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Parts 1 - 14
Street Lighting	AS1158 All parts AS/NZS1158 All parts

2.2 Standards for Carparking and Manoeuvring Areas

(1) Carparking areas are in accordance with the following Carparking Requirements and Carparking Design Standards -

(a) Carparking Requirements

Use	Car Parking Requirements
"Bed and breakfast premises"	1 space per "Accommodation unit"
"Catering premises"	1 space per 10m ² of "Total use area"
"Child care centre"	1 space per 7 children
"Commercial premises"	1 space per 30m ² of "Total use area"
"Detached house"	1 space
"Home business"	1 space
"Hotel"	1 space per "Accommodation unit" & 1 space per 30m ² of "Total use area" excluding the "Accommodation unit" areas.
"Industry"	1 space per 100m ² of "Total use area"
"Noxious industry"	1 space per 100m ² of "Total use area"
"Place of worship"	1 space per 10m ² of "Total use area"
"Professional offices"	1 space per 30m ² of "Total use area"
"Residential activities" where not identified elsewhere in this table	1 space per "Accommodation unit", or 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit
"Shop"	3 spaces per 50m ² of "Total use area"
"Storage facility"	1 space per 100m ² of "Total use area"
"Tourist facility"	1 space per 200m ² of "Total use area"
"Visitor accommodation"	1 space per "Accommodation unit", camping site or caravan site
All other "Uses"	No requirement prescribed

(b) Carparking and Manoeuvring Design Standards

Infrastructure Item	Standard	
Off-Street Carparking and Manoeuvring	AS2890.1 - Parking Facilities – Off-Street Carparking	
Off-Street Service Vehicle Parking and Manoeuvring	AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities – Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities	
Bicycle Parking Facilities	AS2890.3 – Parking Facilities – Bicycle Parking Facilities	
On-Street Parking	AS2890.5 – Parking Facilities – On-Street Parking	
Manoeuvring	AUSTROADS AP-34/95 Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates	

2.3 Access Standards

(1) Access is provided in accordance with the following standards -

Infrastructure Item	Standard
Off-Street Carparking and Manoeuvring	AS2890.1 - Parking Facilities – Off-Street Carparking
Off-Street Service Vehicle Parking and Manoeuvring	AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities – Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities

- (2) Crossovers are provided in accordance with the following standard drawings -
 - (a) Crossover Standards:

The crossover is not:

- (i) a second property access; or
- (ii) located on a bend in the road of more than 45°.

The crossover is not within:

- (i) 25.0 metres of a signalised road intersection;
- (ii) 20.0 metres of an unsignalised road intersection in an Industrial or Commercial "Zone";
- (iii) 2.0 metres of any adjoining property access, including shared property accesses, at the property line;
- (iv) 1.0 metre of any street signage, power poles, street lights, manholes, stormwater gully pits, or other Council asset;
- (v) the outer canopy of any street tree; or
- (vi) the turning area at the end of a cul-de-sac.

The crossover does not:

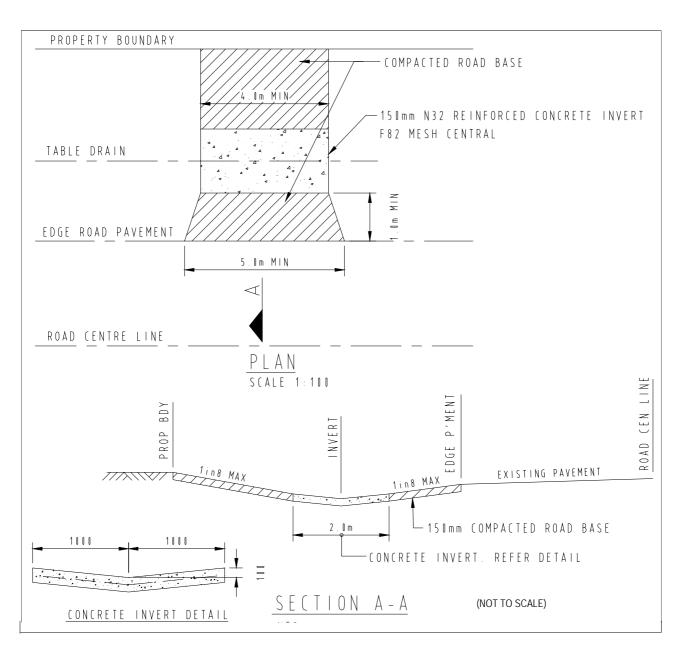
require the modification, relocation, or removal of any exiting infrastructure (e.g. street trees, fire hydrants, water meters, manholes or stormwater gully pits);

- (ii) front a traffic island, speed control device, car parking bay, bus stop, or other structure within the roadway;
- (iii) require any change to existing footpath/verge profiles;
- (iv) have access restricted by an access restriction strip or link reserve;
- (v) access an unformed or unkerbed road.

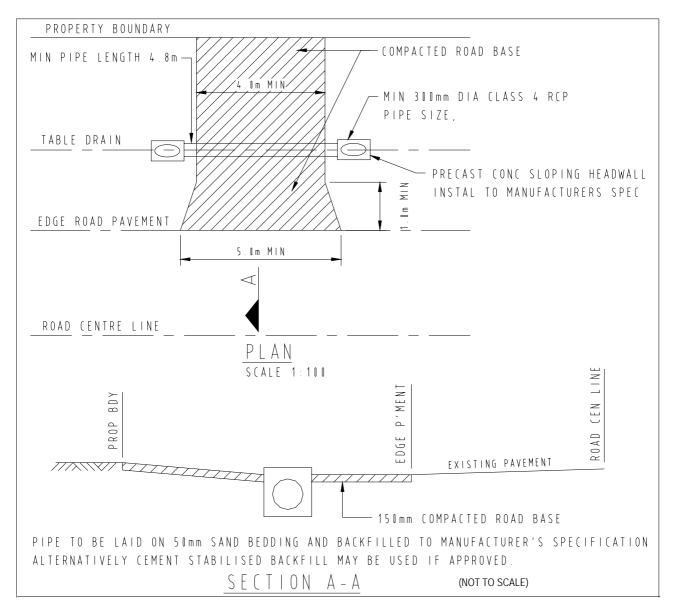
The crossover is constructed of gravel, reinforced concrete, bitumen or pavers where it is located in the Rural or Rural Residential "Zones".

The crossover is constructed of reinforced concrete, bitumen or pavers in all other "zones".

(b) Standard Crossover Drawings



STANDARD DRAWING 1: ROADWORKS- Residential Property Access, Concrete Invert Crossing



STANDARD DRAWING 2: ROADWORKS- Residential Property Access, Concrete Pipe Crossing

Division 3: Standards For Water Supply

3.1 Standards for Reticulated Water Supply

(1) Reticulated Water Supply is in accordance:

Water Services Association, 1999, "WSA 03 Water Reticulation Code of Australia" Water Services Association (and Standards Australia) – noting that the 2002 edition is now available from WSA

Water Resources Commission, Oct 1989, *Guidelines for Planning and Design of Urban Water Supply Schemes*, WRC Local Authority Planning Division, Brisbane.

Division 4: Standards For Sewerage

4.1 Standards for Reticulated Sewerage

(1) Reticulated Sewerage is in accordance with:

WSA, 2002, "Sewerage Code of Australia Version 2.3"

WSA, 2001, "Sewage Pumping Station Code"

Queensland Water Resources Commission/DPI, 1991, "Guidelines for the Planning and Design of Sewerage Schemes", Vol 1 and 2.

4.2 Standards for On-Site Sewerage

(1) On-Site Sewerage is in accordance with:

On-Site Sewerage Code DLGP

AS1547.2000

On-Site Sewerage Facilities Guidelines for Effluent Quality DLGP

Division 5: Standards For Stormwater Drainage

5.1 Standards for Stormwater Drainage

(1) Stormwater Drainage is in accordance with:

Neville Jones & Associates and Australian Water Engineering, 1993, *Queensland urban drainage manual*, prepared for Department of Primary Industries Water Resources, Institute of Municipal Engineers Australia, Queensland Division and Brisbane City Council

Pilgrim, D. H. (Editor-in-chief), 2001, *Australian Rainfall and Runoff: a guide to flood estimation*, (4th edition, 2001 reprint), Australian Institution of Engineers, Barton, ACT

SCHEDULE 2 SEPARATION DISTANCES

Division 1: Separation Distances – Intensive Animal Industries

1.1 Separation of Intensive Animal Industries from Sensitive Land Uses

(1) "Intensive animal industries" are separated from "sensitive land uses" in accordance with the following distances -

Type of "Intensive animal industry"	Animal/ Fowl No.'s	Urban and Small Town "Zone" (metres)	Public Roads (metres)	Other Boundaries of the Land (metres)	"Sensitive land uses" other than in the Urban and Small Town "Zone" (metres)	Watercourses, Well and Bores (metres)
Piggery (Standard Pig Units)	Up to - 1000 1001 – 5000 5001 – 10000 >1000	2500 3500 5000 8000	200 200 200 200	50 50 50 50	800 1000 1500 2000	100 200 200 200
Poultry Farm	Up to -1000 1001 – 10000 >10000	2000 4000 5000	80 120 140	40 40 40	800 1000 2000	100 100 100
Lot Feeding (Cattle: Standard Cattle Units)	Up to 500 501- 5000 5001 – 10000 >1000	2000 6000 7000 15000	200 200 200 200	100 130 130	700 1500 2000 2500	100 200 200 200
Sheep/Goats	Up to 500 501-1500 1501 – 10000 >1000	1000 3000 4000 7000	150 150 200 200	100 100 130 130	800 800 1000 2000	100 150 200 200
Other	all	1000	20	40	200	100

1.2 Separation of Sensitive Land Uses from Intensive Animal Industries

(1) "Sensitive land uses" are separated from "Intensive animal industries" in accordance with the following distances -

Type of "Intensive animal industry"	Animal/Fowl No.'s	Separation Distance (metres)
Piggery (Standard Pig Units)	Up to -1000 1001 - 5000 5001 - 10000 >10000	800 1000 1500 2000
Poultry Farm	Up to -1000 1001 – 10000 >10000	800 1000 2000
Lot Feeding (Cattle: Standard Cattle Units)	Up to 500 501- 5000 5001 – 10000 >10000	700 1500 2000 2500
Sheep/Goats	Up to 500 501-1500 1501 – 10000 >10000	800 800 1000 2000
Other	All	700

Division 2: Separation Distances – Extractive Industries

2.1 Separation Distances to Extractive Industries

(1) Separation distances to "Extractive Industries" are as follows -

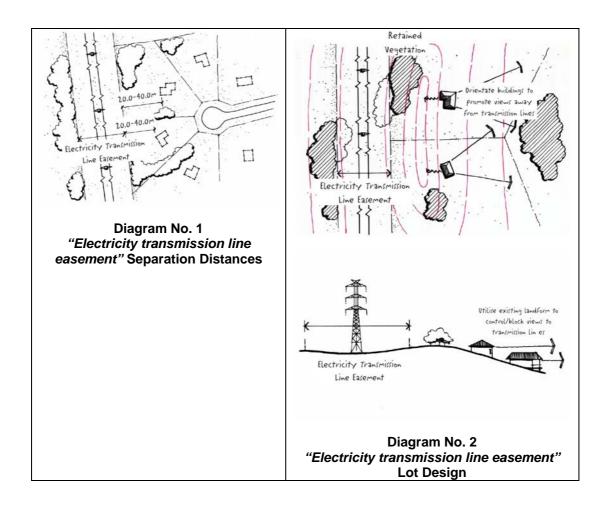
Mining Tenure/Extractive Industry	Resource Property	Separation Distance (metres)		
Mining Leases				
RED LADY	Part of Lot 2 on GN6	1000		

Division 3: Powerline / Electricity Easements

3.1 Separation from Powerline / Electricity Easements

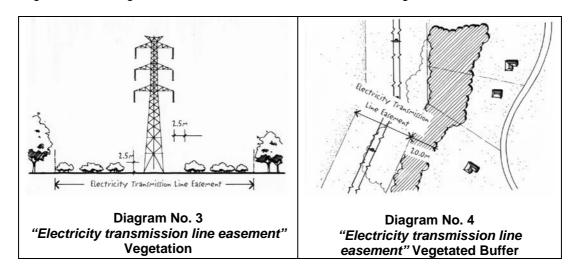
(1) Separation to Powerline / Electricity Easements in accordance with the following distances -

Separation or Buffer Distance	Transmission Line Size
20.0 metres	Up to 132kV
30.0 metres	133kV – 275kV
40.0 metres	Greater than 275kV



3.2 Powerline / Electricity Easements – Vegetation and Vegetated Buffers

(1) Vegetation and Vegetated Buffers in accordance with the following -



Division 4: Separation Distances – Infrastructure Items

4.1 **Separation Distances to Infrastructure Items**

(1) Separation distances (metres) to infrastructure items are as follows -

Use, Infrastructure Item or Area	Minimum Separation Distance (metres)
Petroleum and Gas Pipeline *	200
Refuse Tip **	500
Rail Line*	50
State-controlled Roads*	100

Schedule 2 Effective: 30 June 2006

Infrastructure Item identified on Land Characteristics Map – Features Map.
 Infrastructure Item identified in Schedule 2, Division 5: Refuse Tips, Section 5.1.

Division 5: Refuse Tips

5.1 Locations of Refuse Tips

(1) Refuse tip locations are as follows -

Location	Real Property Description
Blackall	Lot 134 on TB 124

Division 6: Places and Items of Cultural Heritage

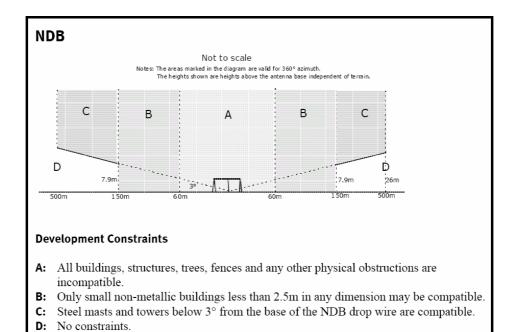
6.1 Known Cemeteries and Burial Sites

(1) Location of known cemeteries and burial sites are as follows -

Location	Real Property Description
Cemeteries	
Blackall	Lot 186 on TB 283

Division 7: Sensitive Areas For Aviation Facilities

Diagram 1

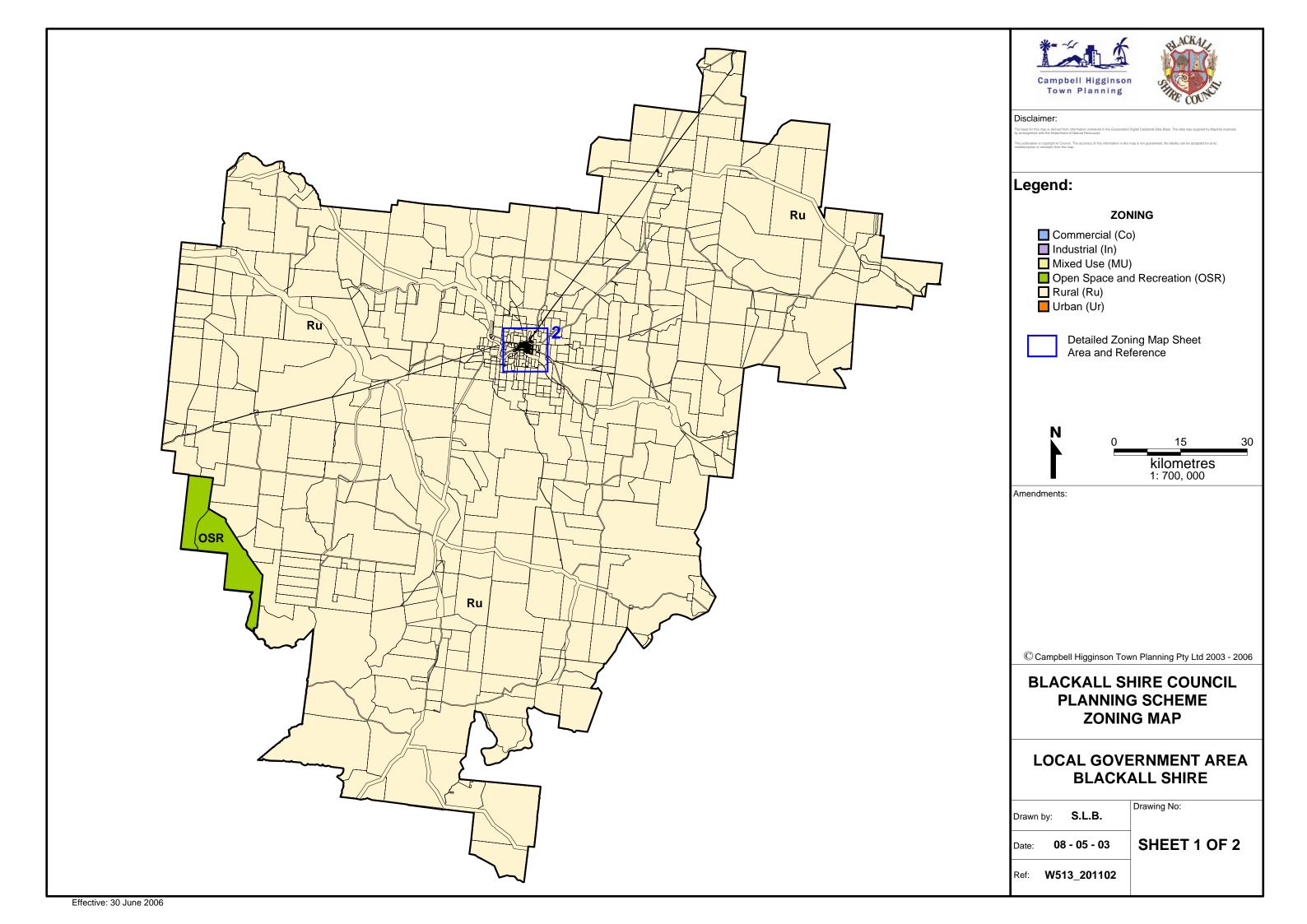


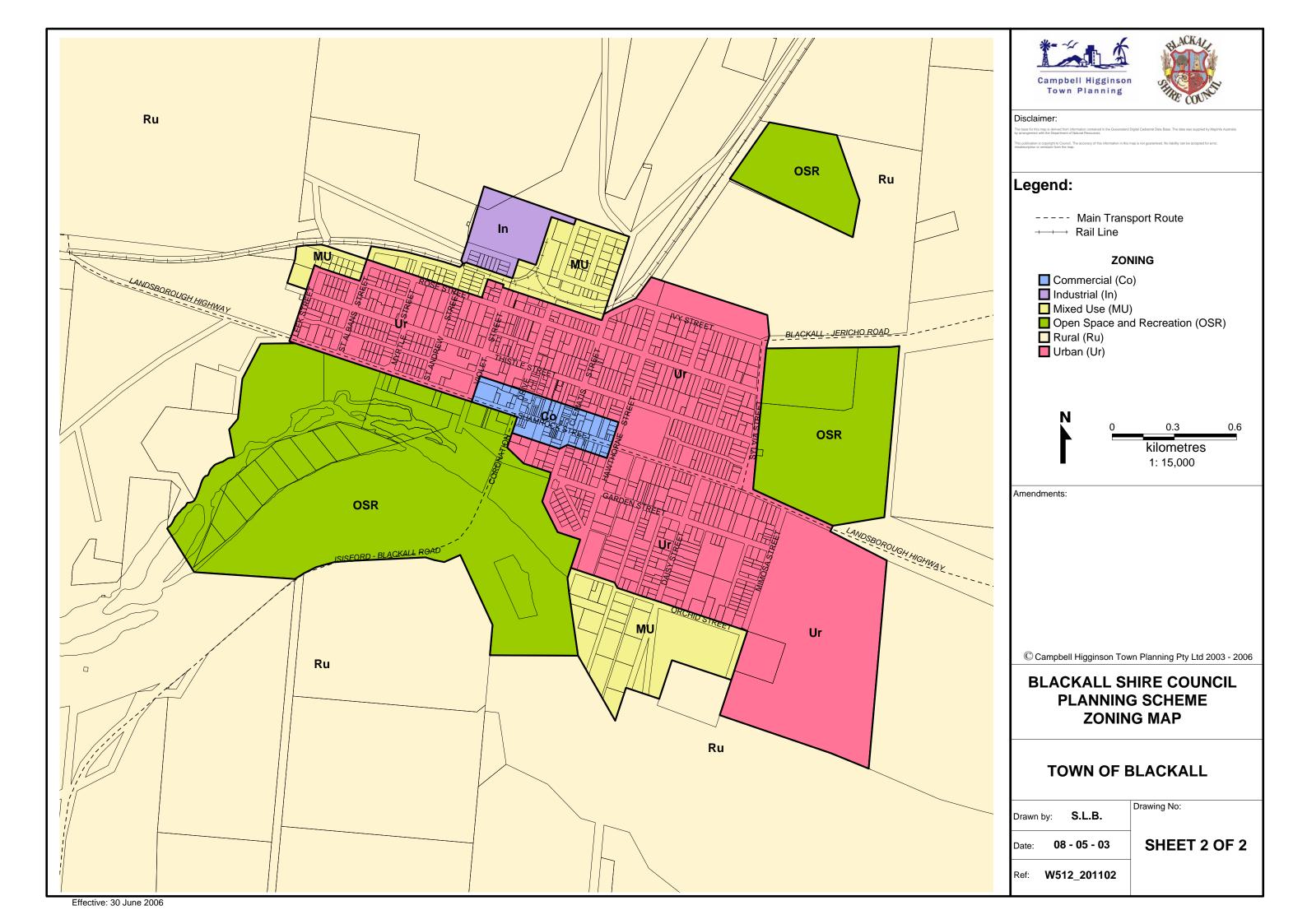
Division 8: Artesian Springs

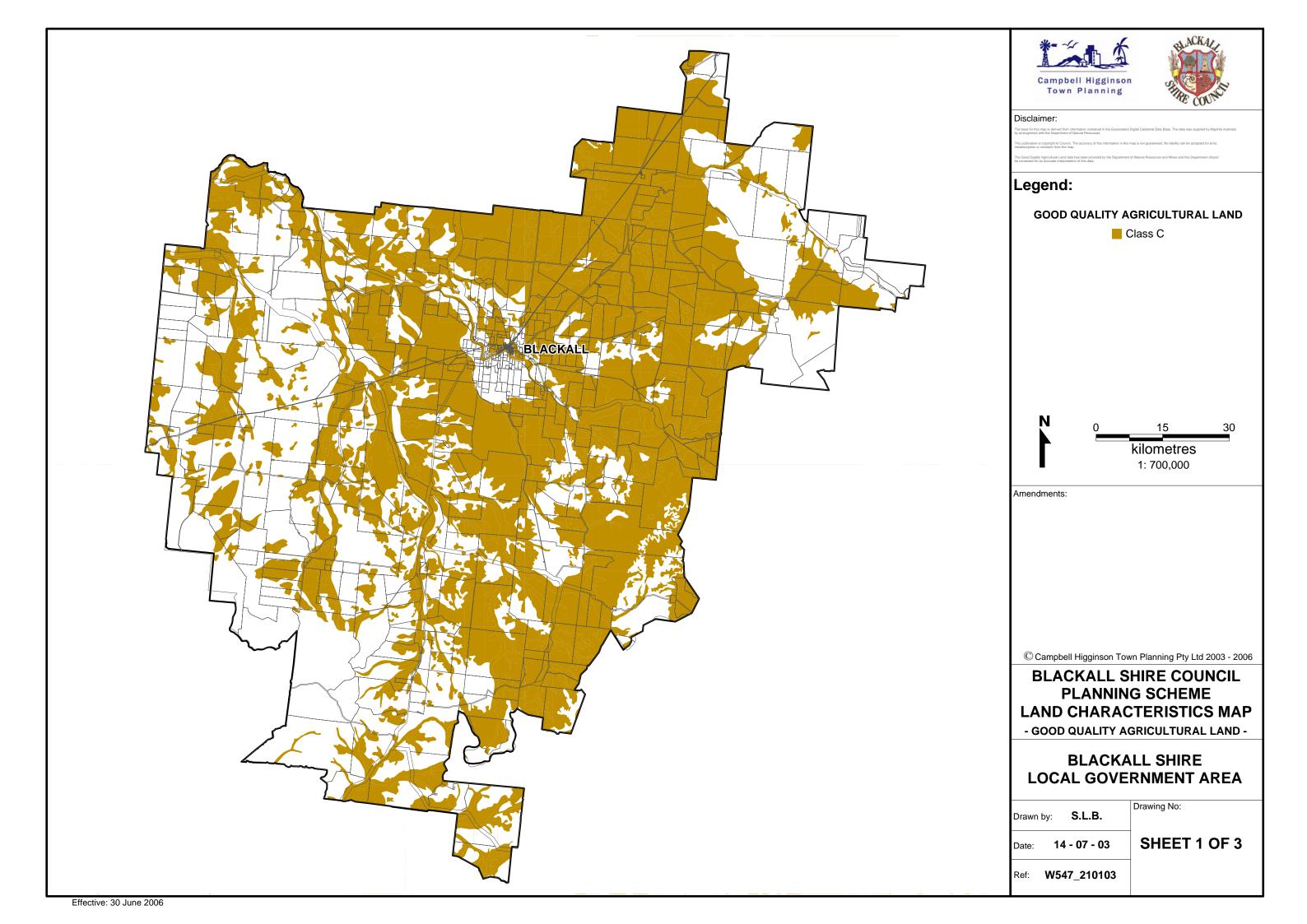
8.1 Locations of Artesian Springs

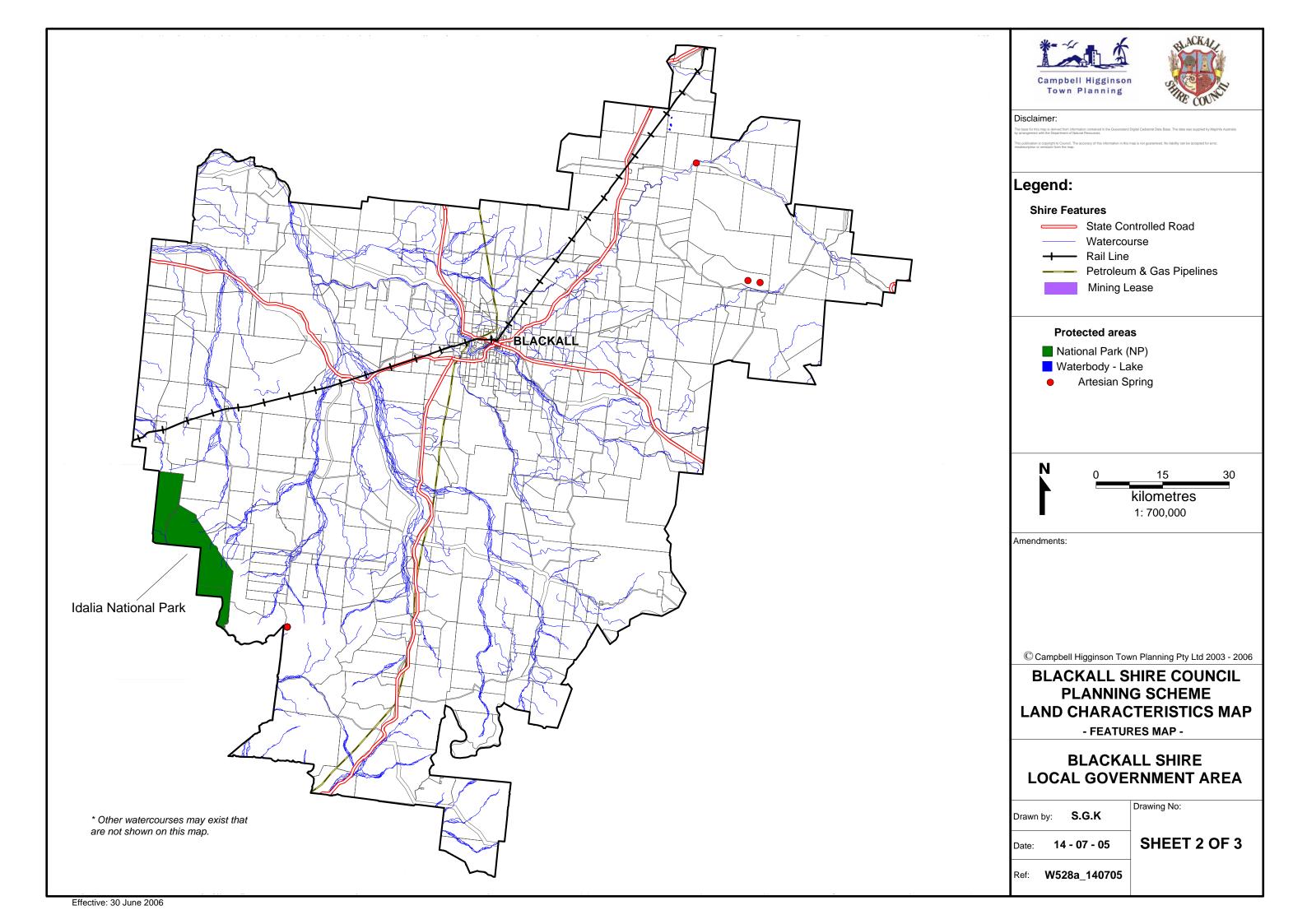
(1) Artesian Spring locations are as follows -

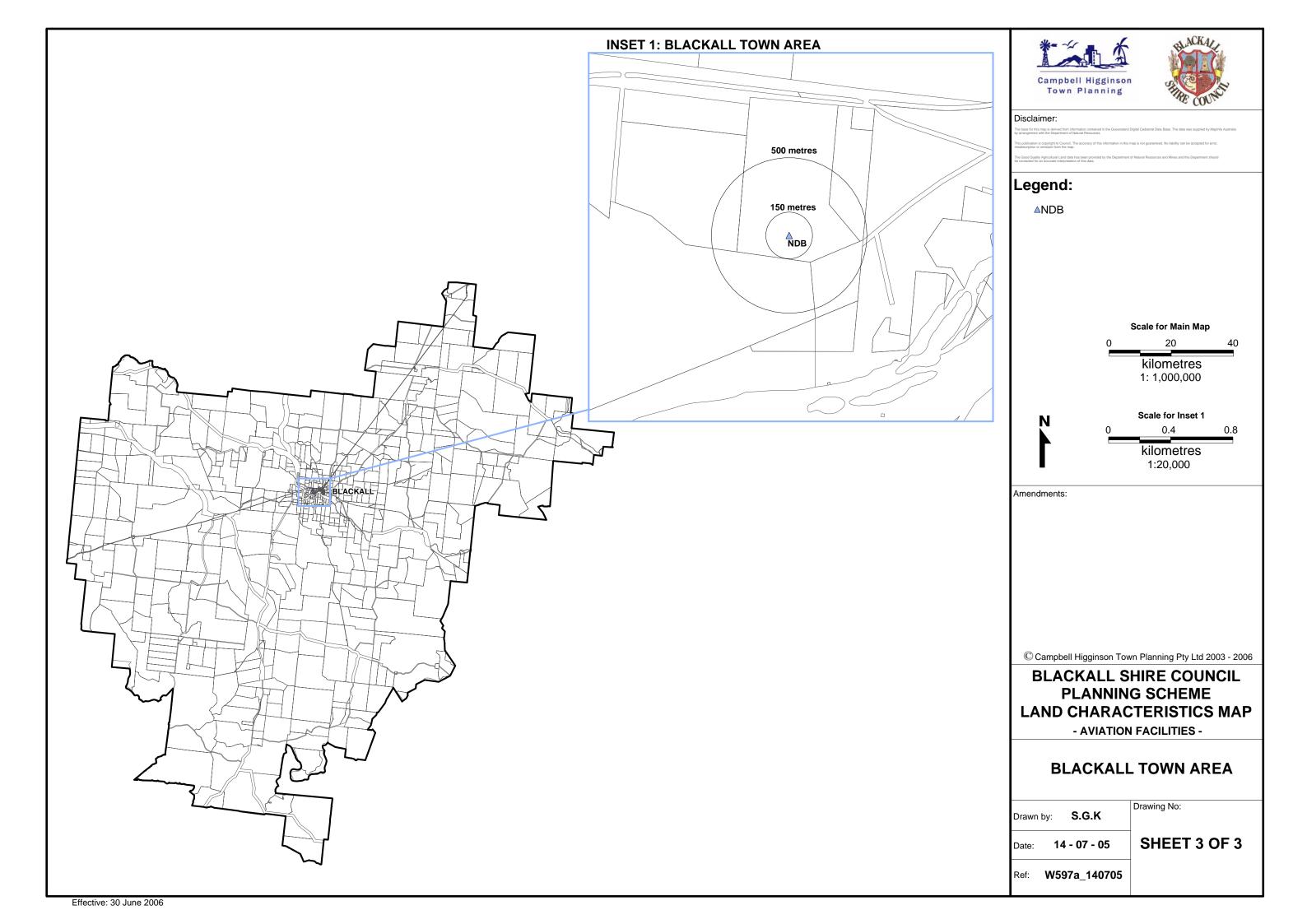
X Coordinate	Y Coordinate	Real Property Description
145.911	-24.061	Part of road reserve
146.026	-24.299	Lot 4 on CP837210
146.053	-24.303	Lot 4 on CP837210
145.000	-25.000	Lot 5102 on PH591











Blackall-Tambo Regional Council Resolution to adopt Infrastructure Charges for the area of the Blackall Planning Scheme

This resolution is made under Section 630 of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009 (SPA).

1. Application to local government area

This resolution declares that the adopted charge does apply for the area of the Blackall Planning Scheme administered by the Blackall-Tambo Regional Council.

2. When resolution has effect

This resolution has effect on and from 1 July 2015.

3. Priority infrastructure area

The priority infrastructure area for the area of the **Blackall Planning Scheme** is identified in the State planning regulatory provision (adopted charges) (SPRP).

4. Comparison of planning scheme use categories and SPRP charge categories

To assist in applying the adopted infrastructure charges schedule in Schedule 1 of the State planning regulatory provision (adopted charges), Table 1 provides a guide to the uses under the planning scheme that come within the uses mentioned in column 2 of the adopted infrastructure charges schedule.

Table 1 - Planning scheme use categories and SPRP (adopted charges) charge categories

Current planning scheme use categories	SPRP (adopted charges) charge categories	
Residential		
Detached House, Dwelling Unit	Dwelling house	
Multiple Dwelling	Dual occupancy	
Caretakers Residence	Caretaker's accommodation	
Multiple Dwelling, Duplex, Flats	Multiple dwelling	
Accommoda	tion (short term)	
Hotel	Hotel	
Visitor Accommodation, Bed and Breakfast	Short-term accommodation	
Visitor Accommodation	Tourist park	
Accommod	ation (long term)	
Community Dwelling	Community residence	
Accommodation Units	Hostel	
Relocatable Home Park	Relocatable home park	
Retirement Village	Retirement facility	
Places	of assembly	
N/A	Club	
N/A	Community use	
N/A	Function facility	
N/A	Funeral parlour	
Place of worship	Place of worship	
Commercial (bulk goods)		
Storage Facility	Agricultural supplies store	
Storage Facility	Bulk landscape supplies	
Storage Facility	Garden centre	
Storage Facility	Hardware and trade supplies	
Storage Facility	Outdoor sales	
Storage Facility	Showroom	
Commercial (retail)		
Shop	Adult store	
Shop, Catering Premises	Food and drink outlet	

Commercial Activities	Service industry	
Service Station	Service station	
Shop	Shop	
Shop	Shopping centre	
Comn	nercial (office)	
Professional Office	Office	
Professional Office	Sales office	
Education facility (ex	cluding Flying Start facilities)	
Child Care Centre, Child Orientated Uses	Child care centre	
Child Orientated Uses	Community care centre	
Educational establishment	Educational establishment	
Flying Star	rt Education facility	
Educational establishment		
Entertainment		
N/A	Hotel (non-residential component)	
N/A	Nightclub	
N/A	Theatre	
Indoor sport and recreational facility		
Indoor Recreation	Indoor sport and recreation	
	Industry	
Industry	Low impact industry	
Industry	Medium impact industry	
Industry	Research and technology industry	
Industry	Rural industry	
Industry	Warehouse	
Industry	Waterfront and marine industry	
High impact industry		
N/A	High impact industry	
Noxious Industry	Noxious and hazardous industries	
Low	impact rural	
Grazing	Animal husbandry	
Agriculture	Cropping	
Agriculture	Permanent plantations	
N/A	Wind farm	
High impact rural		
N/A	Aquaculture	

Intensive Animal Industry, Cattery or Kennel, Stable	Intensive animal industries	
Intensive Agriculture	Intensive horticulture	
N/A	Wholesale nursery	
N/A	Winery	
Essential services		
N/A	Correctional facility	
N/A	Emergency services	
N/A	Health care services	
N/A	Hospital	
N/A	Residential care facility	
N/A	Veterinary services	
Speci	alised uses	
Airport	Air services	
N/A	Animal keeping	
Transport Terminal	Carpark	
N/A	Crematorium	
Extractive Industry	Extractive industry	
N/A	Major sport recreation and entertainment facility	
N/A	Motor sport	
Outdoor Recreation, Park	Outdoor sport and recreation	
N/A	Port services	
Tourist Facility	Tourist attraction	
Public Utility	Utility installation	
Accommodation Units	Non-residential workforce accommodation	
Mir	nor uses	
N/A	Advertising device	
N/A	Cemetery	
Home Business	Home based business	
N/A	Landing	
N/A	Market	
N/A	Outdoor lighting	
Park	Park	
N/A	Roadside stalls	
N/A	Telecommunications facility	
N/A	Temporary use	

5. Adopted infrastructure charges

The Blackall-Tambo Regional Council resolves to adopt the charges mentioned in Table 2, Column 3, for development for a use mentioned in Table 2, Column 2.

The local government declares that an adopted charge in Table 2, Column 3, applies to that part of the local government area mentioned for that charge in Table 2, Column 4.

The area in which the adopted infrastructure charge applies is identified in Map 1: Blackall PIA.

Table 2 - Adopted infrastructure charge

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Residential	Dwelling houseCaretaker's	Adopted infrastructure charge	Adopted infrastructure charges for stormwater network	Map 1: Blackall PIA
	accommodation • Multiple dwelling • Dual occupancy	\$5,000 1 or 2 bedroom dwelling or \$7,000 3 or more bedroom dwelling	N/A	

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Accommodation (short term)	Hotel Short-term accommodation Tourist park	For a tent or caravan site in a tourist park: \$2,500 per 1 or 2 tent/caravan sites or \$3,500 per 3 tent or caravan sites	N/A	Map 1: Blackall PIA
		For a cabin in a tourist park: \$2,500 per 1 or 2 bedroom cabin or \$3,500 per 3 or more bedroom cabin		Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Accommodation (short term)		For a hotel or short-term accommodation: \$2,500 per suite (with 1 or 2 bedrooms) or \$3,500 per suite (with 3 or more bedrooms) or \$2,500 per bedroom (for a bedroom that is not within a suite)		Map 1: Blackall PIA
Accommodation (long term)	Community residence Hostel Relocatable home park Retirement facility	For a relocatable home park: \$5,000 per 1 or 2 bedroom relocatable dwelling site or \$7,000 per 3 or more bedroom relocatable dwelling site	N/A	Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3		Column 4
Adopted infrastructure charge category	Use	Adopted infrastructure charges		Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Accommodation (long term)		For a community residence, retirement facility or hostel: \$5,000 per suite (with 1 or 2 bedrooms) or \$7,000 per suite (with 3 or more bedrooms) or \$5,000 per bedroom (for a bedroom that is not within a		Map 1: Blackall PIA
Places of assembly	 Club Community use Function facility Funeral parlour Place of worship 	suite) \$17.50 per m² of gross floor area (GFA)	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Commercial (bulk goods)	Agricultural supplies store Bulk landscape supplies Garden centre Hardware and trade supplies Outdoor sales Showroom	\$35 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA
Commercial (retail)	Adult store Food and drink outlet Service industry Service station Shop Shopping centre	\$45 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA
Commercial (office)	Office Sales office	\$35 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Education facility (excluding Flying Start facilities)	Child care centre Community care centre Educational establishment	\$35 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA
Flying Start Education facility	Educational establishment for the Flying Start for Queensland Children program	Nil charge	e	N/A
Indoor sport and recreational facility	• Indoor sport and recreation	\$50 per m² of GFA \$5 per m² of GFA for court areas	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Industry	 Low impact industry Medium impact industry Research and technology industry Rural industry Warehouse Waterfront and marine industry 	\$12.50 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA
High impact industry	High impact industry Noxious and hazardous industries	\$17.50 per m ² of GFA	\$2.50 per impervious m ²	Map 1: Blackall PIA
Low impact rural	Animal husbandryCroppingPermanent plantationsWind farms		Nil charge	

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges		Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
High impact rural	Aquaculture Intensive animal industries Intensive horticulture Wholesale nursery Winery	\$5 per m ² of GFA for the high impact rural facility	N/A	Map 1: Blackall PIA

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges	Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Specialised uses	Air services Animal keeping Carpark Crematorium Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Motor sport Non-resident workforce accommodation Outdoor sport and recreation Port services Tourist attraction Utility installation Extractive industry	The adopted infrastructure charge is the charge (in Column 3) for the charge category (in local government determines should apply for the use at the time of assessment.	Column 1) that the

Column 1 Adopted infrastructure charge category	Column 2 Use	Column 3 Adopted infrastructure charges	Column 4 Part of local government area (LGA) to which charge applies
Minor uses	Advertising device Cemetery Home-based business Landing Market Roadside stalls Telecommunications facility Temporary use Park Outdoor lighting	Nil charge	
Other uses	A use not otherwise listed in Column 2, including a use that is unknown because the development application does not specify a proposed use		

6. Additional demand

Section 636 of SPA provides that a levied charge may be only for additional demand placed upon trunk infrastructure. In working out additional demand the following must not be included:

- an existing use on the premises if the use is lawful and already taking place on the premises;
- a previous use that is no longer taking place on the premises if the use was lawful at the time it was carried out;
- other development on the premises if the development may be lawfully carried out without the need for a further development permit.

7. Discounts

The charge for development is to be discounted to take into account the existing usage of trunk infrastructure by the premises on or in relation to which the development is carried out.

Discounts are to be calculated using the following method.

The adopted infrastructure charge is to be calculated using the following formula:

$$AIC = AC - D$$

Where:

- AIC is the adopted infrastructure charge that may be levied for development;
- AC is the adopted charge for the trunk infrastructure networks to service the development stated in Table 2 of the resolutions; and
- **D** is the discount for the trunk infrastructure networks servicing the premises.
- (i) The discount is the greater of:
 - the monetary equivalent of the existing lawful use of the premises, calculated using the adopted infrastructure charges in Table 2; and
 - the monetary contributions for trunk infrastructure that have been previously made, escalated to present value by applying the movements of the Consumer Price Index (all Groups) for Brisbane between the date that the payment was made and 1 July 2012.
- (ii) Applications for development which are not serviced or planned to be serviced by the water supply or sewerage networks for trunk infrastructure will be discounted as follows:

Water supply network: 30% of total chargeSewerage network: 20% of total charge

(iii) The maximum amount of any discount allocated under this resolution is not to exceed the adopted infrastructure charges for the proposed development.

8. Trunk infrastructure

Until a priority infrastructure plan is made —

- the trunk infrastructure shown in Maps 2-6 is identified as the trunk infrastructure for the local government area;
- the trunk infrastructure network or trunk infrastructure networks to which the adopted infrastructure charge applies are water supply, sewerage, stormwater, transport and parks and community facilities;
- the standard of service for each network or network mentioned above is stated to be the standard set out in this Attachment.

9. Indexing adopted infrastructure charges

The adopted charge may be increased after the charge is levied and before it is paid to Council.

The maximum adopted infrastructure charges set out in Table 2 are subject to indexation based on the Producers Price Index (PPI) for the period starting on the day the charge is levied and ending on the day the charge is paid as prescribed under Section 631 of SPA.

10. Offsets and refunds

10.1 Purpose

This section outlines:

- (a) the application of an offset or refund where development has been conditioned to provide necessary trunk infrastructure; and
- (b) the process for determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure for the offset or refund where the applicant does not agree with the establishment cost outlined in the infrastructure charges notice.

10.2 Application of an offset or refund

An offset or refund for trunk infrastructure only applies where, for a development, Council has:

- (a) required the following:
 - (i) a necessary infrastructure condition for infrastructure identified in this charges resolution or an LGIP as per Sections 646 and 979 of SPA; or
 - (ii) a necessary infrastructure condition for other infrastructure under Sections 647 and 979 of SPA; and
- (b) supplied a scope of works including the standard to which the trunk infrastructure is to be provided and the location of the trunk infrastructure; and
- (c) levied an infrastructure charge and indicated an offset or refund is applicable on an infrastructure charges notice for the same premises under Section 637 (Requirements for infrastructure charges notice) of SPA.
- 10.3 Determining the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure for an offset or refund
- 10.3.1 Where the applicant who is bound to provide trunk infrastructure and has been levied an infrastructure charge for the same development and the applicant does not agree with the

establishment cost outlined in the infrastructure charges notice for the trunk infrastructure must, at their own cost, provide to Council the following:

- (a) for a trunk infrastructure that is works;
 - (i) a bill of quantities for the design, construction and commissioning of the trunk infrastructure in accordance with the scope of works (the bill of quantities); and
 - (ii) a first principles estimate for the cost of designing, constructing and commissioning the trunk infrastructure specified in the bill of quantities (the cost estimate); or
- (b) for a trunk infrastructure that is land a valuation of the specified land undertaken by a certified practicing valuer using the before and after method of valuation (the valuation).
- 10.3.2 Council is to give a notice to the applicant which states whether the bill of quantities and the cost estimate or the valuation are accepted or not;
 - (a) if Council accepts the bill of quantities and the cost estimate of the valuation, the cost estimate or valuation is the establishment cost of the infrastructure;
 - (b) if Council does not accept the bill of quantities and the cost estimate or the valuation, Council must, at its own cost, have;
 - (i) for the bill of quantities and the cost estimate, an assessment undertaken by an appropriately qualified person to;
 - i. determine whether the bill of quantities is in accordance with the scope of works;
 - ii. determine whether the cost estimate is consistent with current market costs calculated by applying a first principles estimating approach to the bill of quantities; and
 - iii. provide a new cost estimate using a first principles estimating approach.
 - (ii) for the valuation, a valuation undertaken by a certified practicing valuer.
 - (c) If the local government rejected the bill of quantities and the cost estimate or the valuation provided by the applicant, it must provide written notice to the applicant and propose the new bill of quantities and cost estimate or the valuation and its reasons for doing so.
- 10.3.3 Where a written notice of the local governments proposed bill of quantities and cost estimate or valuation has been given, the applicant may negotiate and agree with the local government regarding a cost estimate or valuation.

The agreed cost estimate or valuation is the establishment cost of the infrastructure.

- 10.3.4 If agreement cannot be reached, the local government must;
 - (a) for the bill of quantities and the cost estimate, refer the bill of quantities and the cost estimate to an independent, suitably qualified person (the independent assessor) to:
 - (i) assess whether the bill of quantities is in accordance with the scope of works;
 - (ii) assess whether the cost estimate is consistent with current market costs calculated by applying a first principles estimating approach to the bill of quantities; and
 - (iii) provide an amended cost estimate using a first principles estimating approach.
 - (b) for the valuation, have a valuation undertaken by an independent, certified practicing valuer to assess the market value of the specified land. The independent assessor or

certified practicing valuer is to be appointed by agreement between the local government and the applicant. The cost of this independent assessment is to be equally shared between the local government and the applicant. The amended cost estimate or valuation determined by the independent assessor is the establishment cost of the infrastructure.

- 10.3.5 If the local government and the applicant cannot reach agreement on the appointment of an independent assessor or independent certified practicing valuer, the establishment cost of the infrastructure is determined by calculating the average of the previous two cost estimates prepared on behalf of the applicant and the local government respectively.
- 10.3.6 The local government must give an amended infrastructure charges notice to the applicant stating:
 - (a) the value of the establishment cost of the infrastructure which has been indexed to the date that is stated in the amended infrastructure charges notice using the Producer Price Index Road and bridge construction index for Queensland; and
 - (b) that the establishment cost of the infrastructure stated in the amended infrastructure charges notice is indexed from the date that it is stated in the amended infrastructure charges notice to the date it is to be offset against the levied charge in accordance with the Producer Price Index - Road and bridge construction index for Queensland.

11. Conversions

11.1 Purpose

This section outlines:

- (a) the process to apply for a conversion application where non-trunk infrastructure has been conditioned as part of a development application and the applicant considers the non-trunk infrastructure to be trunk infrastructure; and
- (b) the criteria for deciding a conversion application.
- 11.2 Applying to convert particular non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure
 - (a) An application to convert particular non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure may be made to Council only where the following applies;
 - (i) Council has required non-trunk infrastructure to be provided as a particular condition of a development approval under Section 665 of SPA; and
 - (ii) the construction of the non-trunk infrastructure has not started; and
 - (iii) the conversion application is made in accordance with Section 659 of SPA.
 - (b) Council will decide the application in accordance with the decision criteria outlined in Section 11.3 below, and Sections 660 and 661 of SPA.
 - (c) Where Council agrees to the conversion application, any offset or refund is determined in accordance with Section 10 above.

11.3 Criteria for deciding conversion applications

- (a) The following section outlines the criteria for deciding conversion applications as per Section 660 of SPA.
- (b) For infrastructure to be considered trunk infrastructure, each of the following criteria must be met:
 - (i) the infrastructure has the capacity to service other developments in the area; and
 - (ii) the function and purpose of the infrastructure is consistent with other trunk infrastructure identified in this charges resolution for the area; and
 - (iii) the infrastructure is not consistent with non-trunk infrastructure for which conditions may be imposed in accordance with Section 665 of SPA; and
 - (iv) the type, size and location of the infrastructure is the most cost effective option for servicing multiple users in the area; and
 - (v) the infrastructure is consistent with the desired standards of service outlined in this resolution.
- (c) The most cost effective option under 11.3(b)(iv) means the least cost option based upon the life cycle cost of the infrastructure required to service future urban development in the area at the desired standard of service. The calculation of life cycle cost shall reflect the following assumptions:
 - (i) Lifecycle cost to be determined as the Net Present Value (NPV) of all costs incurred over a 50 year term;
 - (ii) Values contained within the NPV will not be escalated for inflation but be stated in present day terms (real values);
 - (iii) The discount rate used in the analysis will be the nominal 90 day bank bill rate as applicable at the 31 December on the year prior to the assessment, plus a margin of 1.5%. This will be adjusted to a real rate by deducting an allowance for inflation of 2.5% per annum;
 - (iv) Financing costs will not be separately included in the assessment;
 - (v) The NPV must include the following costs:
 - The capital cost of all proposed works. This includes the cost of providing and removing any temporary works; and
 - An estimate of capital and recurrent maintenance costs; and
 - Estimated differences in timing of infrastructure charges revenues to Council; and
 - Any other costs (either capital or operational) identified as part of the mitigation strategies associated with the assessment.

Any strategies proposed by the developer to mitigate the financial impact of the development are to be clearly stated.

12. Apportionment of charges for temporary use

This section outlines the infrastructure charges for temporary uses.

Temporary uses are assessed on a case-by-case basis because some temporary uses can have significant up-front impacts while others have minimal impacts.

For transparency of decision making, the following considerations apply to temporary uses:

• Infrastructure networks used

- Up-front infrastructure network requirements
- Ongoing infrastructure network requirements
- Duration of use

General rules - inside and outside PIA:

- If use is less than 1 year without up-front infrastructure network requirements, no charge
- If use is more than 1 year but less than 2 years without up-front infrastructure network requirements, 20% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- If use is more than 1 year but less than 5 years without up-front infrastructure network requirements, 40% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- If use is more than 5 years but less than 10 years without up-front infrastructure network requirements, 70% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- If use is less than 1 year but requires up-front infrastructure network requirements, cost of up-front infrastructure
- If use is more than 1 year but less than 2 years but requires up-front infrastructure network requirements, cost of up-front infrastructure and 20% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- If use is more than 1 year but less than 5 years but requires up-front infrastructure network requirements, cost of up-front infrastructure and 40% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- If use is more than 5 years but less than 10 years but requires up-front infrastructure network requirements, cost of up-front infrastructure and 70% of the equivalent adopted infrastructure charge for a permanent use
- Any use for longer than 10 years is classed as a permanent use

Credits, discounts, offsets and refunds are the same as for permanent uses inside and outside the PIA respectively for networks used, providing the infrastructure provided is permanent.

13. Dictionary

Words and terms used in this resolution have the meaning given in SPA or the Queensland Planning Provisions.

If a word or term used in this resolution is not defined in SPA or the Queensland Planning Provision, it has the meaning given in this section.

The following terms used in this resolution are defined in SPA:

- adopted charge
- lawful use
- maximum adopted charge
- trunk infrastructure
- priority infrastructure area

Gross Floor Area (GFA) is as per the definition in the Queensland Planning Provisions.

impervious area is an area within a site which does not allow natural infiltration of rainfall to the underlying soil and the majority of rainfall would become runoff (i.e. roadways, car parks, footpaths, roofed area, hardstand areas (sealed and unsealed), compacted and other such spaces).

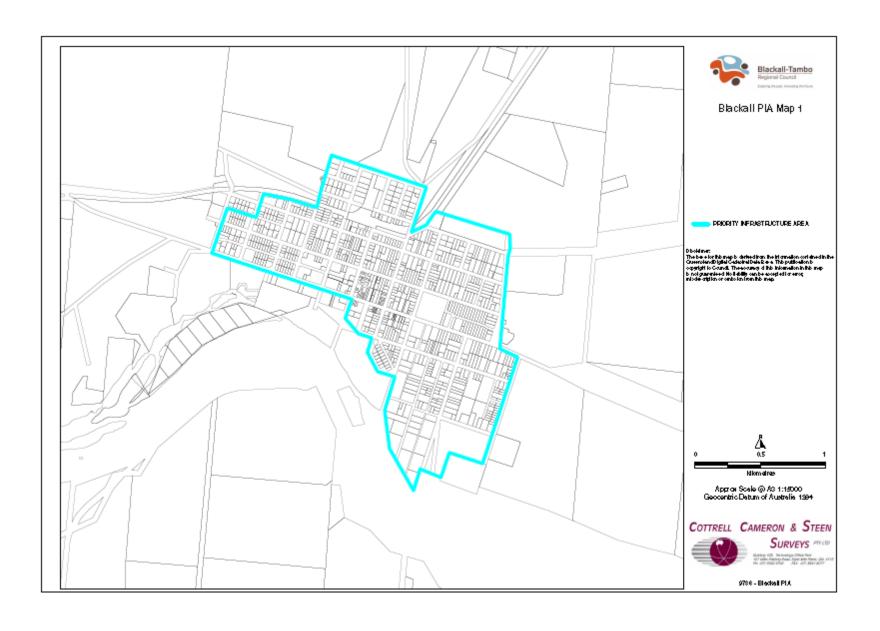
State planning regulatory provision (adopted charge) is the State planning regulatory provision (adopted charges) made under SPA.

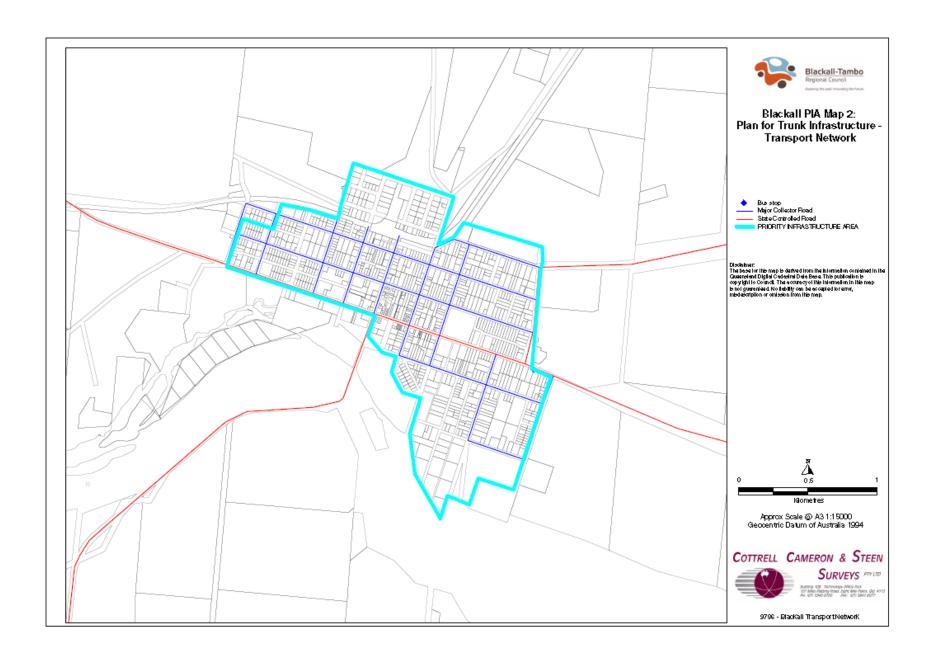
14. Resolution attachments

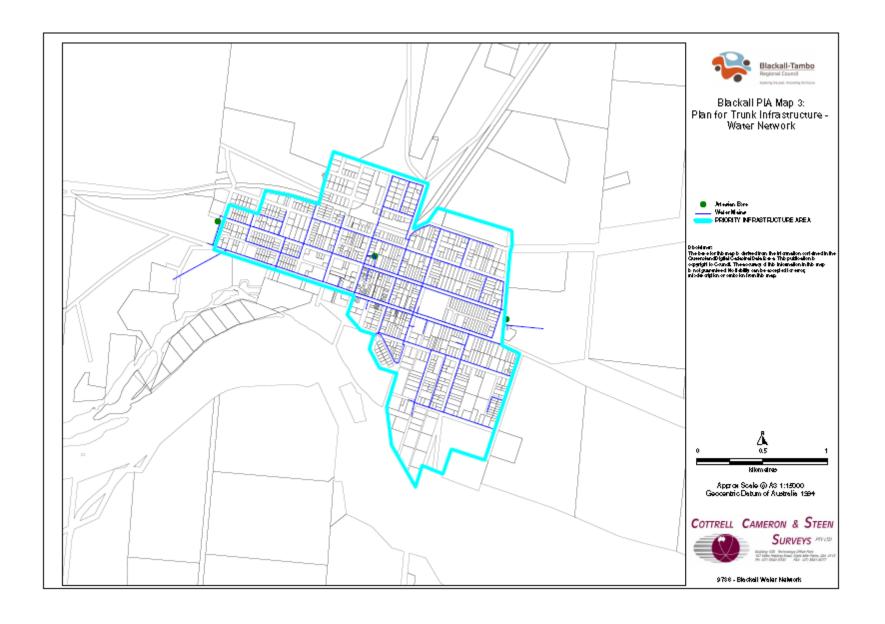
• Map 1: Blackall PIA

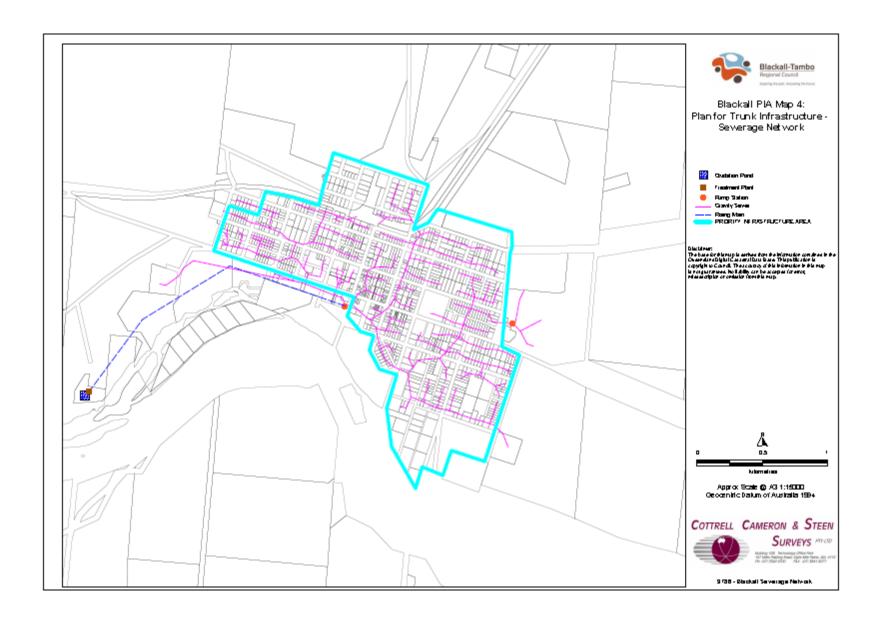
• Maps 2-6: Plans for Trunk Infrastructure

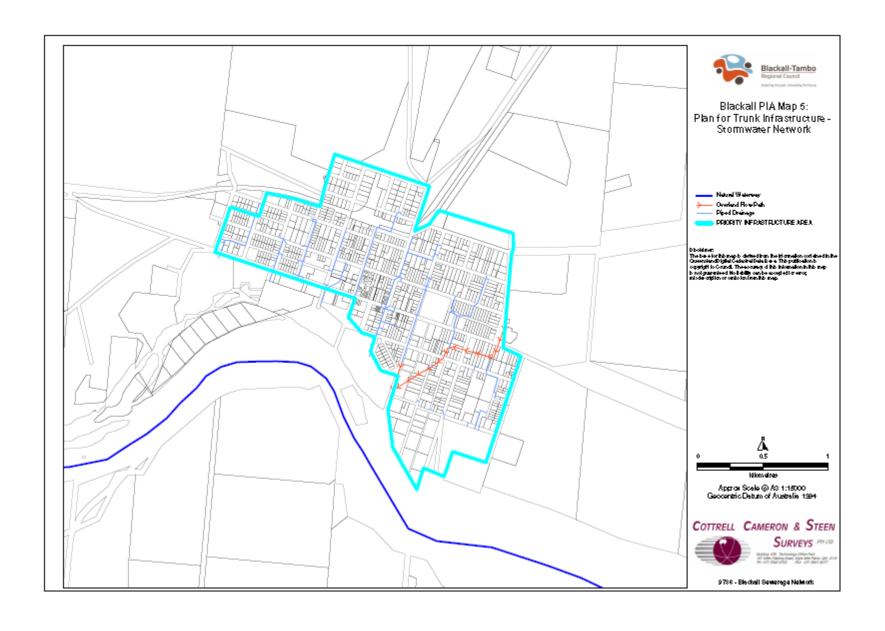
• Attachment 1: Desired Standards of Service

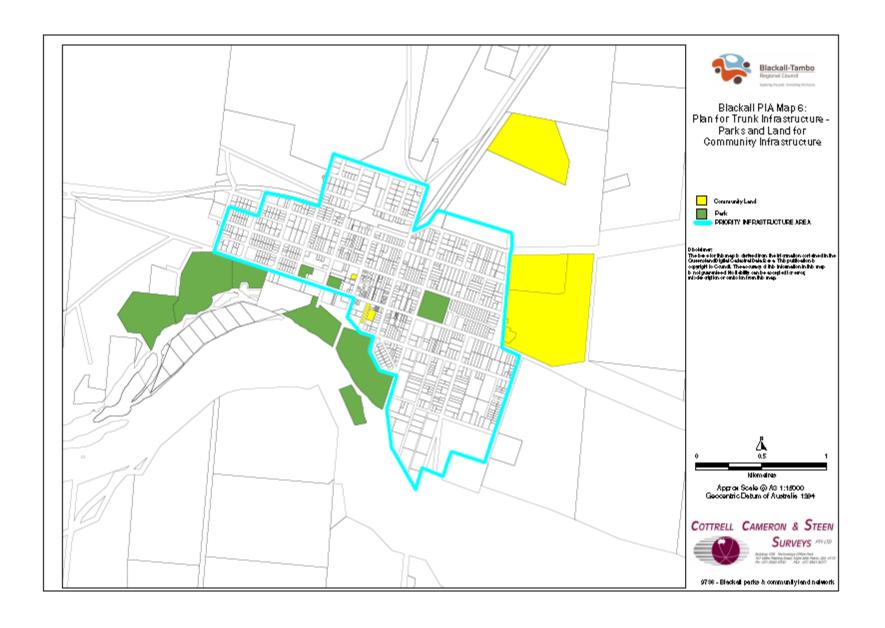












Desired Standards of Service

1. Water supply network desired standards of service

Measure	Planning Criteria	Design Criteria
Reliability / Continuity of Supply Adequacy of Supply	(qualitative standards) All development receives a reliable supply of potable water, with minimal interruptions to their service. All development is provided with a water supply which is adequate for the intended use.	 (quantitative standards) Standards in Division 3 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Customer Service Standards Customer Service Obligations Water Service Association of Australia Codes IPWEA Standards
		 Standards in Division 3 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Customer Service Standards
Quality of Supply	Provide a uniform water quality in accordance with recognised standards which safeguard community health and is free from objectionable taste and odour.	 The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines developed by the National Health and Medical Research Council Standards in Division 3 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme
Environmental Impacts	The environmental impacts of the water supply network are minimised in accordance with community expectations.	Compliance with the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act1994 and associated Environmental Protection Polices and the Water Act 2000
Pressure and Leakage Management	The water supply network is monitored and managed to maintain the reliability and adequacy of supply and to minimise environmental impacts.	 System Leakage Management Plan (Chapter 3, Part 3, Division 1A Water Act 2000) Water Supply (Safety and Reliability Act) 2008
Infrastructure Design / Planning Standards	Design of the water supply network will comply with established codes and standards	 Water Services Association of Australia - WSA 03 2002 Water Supply Code of Australia Australian Drinking Water Guidelines - National Health and Medical Research Council Planning Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage - Department of Natural Resources and Water Standards in Division 3 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme

2. Sewerage network desired standard of service

Measure	Planning Criteria (qualitative standards)	Design Criteria (quantitative standards)
Reliability	All development has access to a reliable sewerage collection, conveyance, treatment and disposal system.	Standards in Division 4 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Customer service standards Customer service obligations
Quality of Treatment	Ensures the health of the community and the safe and appropriate level of treatment and disposal of treated effluent.	Local water quality guidelines prepared in accordance with the National Water Quality Management Strategy Queensland Water Quality Guidelines 2006 - Environmental Protection Agency (where local guidelines do not exist) National Water Quality Guidelines - National Water Quality Management Strategy (where local or regional guidelines do not exist)
Environmental Impacts	The environmental impacts of the sewerage network are minimised in accordance with community expectations.	Compliance with the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection</i> <i>Act 1994</i> and associated Environmental Protection Polices
Effluent Reuse	Reuse effluent wherever possible.	 Guidelines for Sewerage Systems: Reclaimed Water - February 2000 Queensland Water Recycling Guidelines - December 2005
Infrastructure Design / Planning Standards	Design of the sewerage network will comply with established codes and standards.	 Planning Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage - NRW Sewerage Code of Australia - Water Services Association of Australia - WSA 02 2002 Sewerage Pumping Station Code of Australia - Water Services Association of Australia - WSA 04 2005 Standards in Division 4 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme

3. Stormwater network desired standard of service

Measure	Planning Criteria	Design Criteria
	(qualitative standards)	(quantitative standards)
Quantity	Collect and convey the design storm event in natural and engineered channels, a piped drainage network and system of overland flow paths to a lawful point of discharge in a safe	 Queensland Urban Drainage Manual - NRW Standards in Division 5 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme

Quality	manner that minimises the inundation of habitable rooms and protects life. The water quality of urban catchments and waterways are	Local water quality guidelines prepared in accordance with the
	managed to protect and enhance environmental values and pose no health risk to the community.	National Water Quality Management Strategy • Queensland Water Quality Guidelines 2006 - Environmental Protection Agency (where local guidelines do not exist) • National Water Quality Guidelines - National Water Quality Management Strategy (where local or regional guidelines do not exist)
Environmental Impacts	Adopt water sensitive urban design practices and on site water quality management to achieve EPA water quality objectives.	 Environmental Protection Agency requirements (Section 42 of the Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 1997) Standards in Division 5 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme
Infrastructure Design / Planning Standards	Design of the stormwater network will comply with established codes and standards.	 Queensland Urban Drainage Manual - NRW Standards in Division 5 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Natural Channel Design Guidelines

4. Transport network desired standard of service

Measure	Planning Criteria (qualitative standards)	Design Criteria (quantitative standards)
Road Network Design / Planning Standards	The road network provides a functional urban and rural hierarchy and freight routes which support settlement patterns and commercial and economic activities. Design of the road system will comply with established codes and standards.	 Standards in Division 2 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Road Planning and Design Manual - Department of Transport and Main Roads Australian Standards AUSTROADS Guides, including AUSTROADS Guide to Traffic Management Part 3, 2009
Public Transport Design / Planning Standards	New urban development is designed to achieve safe walking distance to existing or potential bus stops or existing or proposed demand-responsive public transport routes.	 Standards in Division 2 of Schedule 1 of the Planning Scheme Design accords with the Performance Criteria set by the Department of Transport and Main Roads AUSTROADS Guides for road- based public transport and high

Measure	Planning Criteria	Design Criteria	
	(qualitative standards)	(quantitative standards)	
		occupancy vehicles	
Cycleways and Pathways	Cycleways and pathways provide	 Standards in Division 2 of 	
Design / Planning	a safe and convenient network	Schedule 1 of the Planning	
Standards	which encourages walking and	Scheme	
	cycling as acceptable	Australian Standards	
	alternatives.	AUSTROADS Guides - Part 14	
		(Chapter 10)	
	Design of the network will comply with established codes and	Queensland Streets Manual	
	standards.		

5. Public parks and land for community facilities desired standard of service

Measure	Planning Criteria (qualitative standards)	Design Criteria (quantitative standards)
Functional Network	A network of parks and community land is established to provide for the full range of recreational and sporting activities and pursuits.	Parks and community land is provided at a local, district and LGA-wide level Parks and community land addresses the needs of both recreation and sport. Nature conservation is also provided for but not part of the charging regime
Accessibility	Public parks will be located to ensure adequate pedestrian, cycle and vehicle access.	 Accessibility criteria are identified in Table 5.1 Accessibility of land for community facilities will be determined at the time of assessment
Land Quality / Suitability • Area / 1000 persons • Minimum size • Maximum grade • Flood immunity	Public parks will be provided to a standard which supports a diverse range of recreational, sporting and health promoting activities to meet community expectations. This includes ensuring land is of an appropriate size, configuration and slope and has an acceptable level of flood immunity.	 The rate of public park provision is identified in Table 5.2 The size for public parks is identified in Table 5.3 The maximum gradient for public parks is identified in Table 5.4 The minimum flood immunity for public parks is identified in Table 5.5
Embellishments	Public parks contain a range of embellishments to complement the type and use of the park.	Standard embellishments for each type of park are identified in Table 5.6
Infrastructure Design / Performance Standards	Maximise opportunities to colocate recreational parks in proximity to other community infrastructure, transport hubs and valued environmental and cultural assets.	Australian Standards

Table 5.1: Accessibility standard

Infrastructure Type	Accessibility Standard					
illirastructure Type	Local	District	Area of Planning Scheme			
Recreation park	Park or node ¹	Park or node within	Park/precinct based on specific			
	within 500 m safe	2-5 km	feature or location - serves whole			
	walking distance		of planning scheme area			
Sport park	No formal provision	Sporting Park within 5-10 km of residential and village areas	1-3 parks serves whole of area for regional competition or is base for competition within area			

Table 5.2: Rate of park provision

	Rate of provision (Ha/1000 people) Local District Area of Planning					
Infrastructure Type						
		Scheme				
Recreation park	1.5	1.0	0.5			
Sport park	N/A	1.0	0.4			

Table 5.3: Size of parks

	Size (Ha)	ize (Ha)				
Infrastructure Type	Local	District	Area of Planning			
			Scheme			
Recreation park	1.5 Ha (2.0 Ha if a node)	2 Ha usable area	More than 5 Ha			
Sport park	No formal provision	5 Ha minimum	5-10 Ha			

Table 5.4: Maximum grade desired for parks

	Maximum Gradient	Maximum Gradient					
Infrastructure Type	Local	District	Area of Planning Scheme				
Recreation park	1:20 for main use area 1:6 for remainder	1:20 for main use area Variable for remainder	1:20 for use areas Variable for remainder				
Sport park	N/A	1:50 for field and court areas 1:10 for remainder	1:50 for all playing surfaces				

Table 5.5: Minimum desired flood immunity for parks

Infrastructure	Minimu	Minimum flood immunity (%)							
Туре	Local District Area of Planning Scheme					ng Scheme			
Flood immunity	>Q5	>Q50	>Q100	>Q5	>Q50	>Q100	>Q5	>Q50	>Q100
Recreation park	50%	15%	0%	70%	30%	5%	90%	40%	10%
Sport park	N/A	N/A	N/A	70%	30%	5%	90%	40%	10%

¹ Node is an area within a higher level park or within other open space (e.g. a waterway corridor) that is developed for play and picnic use.

Table 5.6: Standard embellishments for parks

Embellishment type	Recreation parks Sport parks					
	Local	District	Area of Planning Scheme	District	Area of Planning Scheme	
Internal roads	N/A	N/A	If needed	N/A	Network as required	
Parking	On street	Off street unless sufficient on street available	Off street or dedicated on street parking, possibly in several locations	Off street parking provided as central hubs to facilities	Off street parking provided as central hubs to facilities	
Fencing/bollards	Bollards to prevent car access	Bollards to prevent car access	Range of fencing, boundary definition styles as appropriate to location	Bollards to prevent car access	Fencing and bollards to control access to site as well as limiting internal traffic access to fields and facilities	
Lighting	Safety lighting provided by street lights	For carpark, toilets, youth space and picnic areas	For carpark, toilets, picnic areas and active recreation facilities	For carpark, toilets, security lighting for buildings. Field lighting responsibility	For carpark, toilets, security lighting for buildings. Field lighting responsibility	
Toilet	Generally not provided	Usually provided	Provided	Provided if not being provided as part of club facilities	Provided by clubs as part of club facilities	
Paths (pedestrian/cycle)	On footpath and providing access to boundary	Paths and links to park and within park	Internal links to facilities	Bikeway links to park. Internal links to facilities	Internal links to facilities	
Shade structures	Shade from trees or structures provided for play areas and picnic node	Built shade for play and picnic facilities if insufficient natural shade	Shade for picnic facilities and all use nodes. Combination of natural and built	Perimeter shade from appropriate tree species	Perimeter shade from appropriate tree species	
Seating, tables and BBQ	1-2 tables 2+ seats BBQs normally not provided	2+ sheltered tables 4+ seats BBQs usually provided	Multiple picnic nodes, BBQs and shelters provided	Not provided except as recreation nodes. 2-4 perimeter seats	Not provided except as recreation nodes. 2 perimeter seats per field	
Taps/irrigation	1-2 drinking taps/fountains	2+ drinking fountains for picnic areas. Taps near active	In ground irrigation for landscaped areas. Drinking	Taps located on built facilities and near fields	In ground irrigation for fields. Taps located on built facilities and 1 per field	

		recreation areas	fountains and taps provided at picnic areas and active nodes		
Bins	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided
Landscaping (including earthworks, irrigation, and revegetation)	Ornamental plantings. Shade species. Buffer plantings with other nodes	Enhancement plantings and shade plantings along with screening and buffers	Significant works including plantings, features and public art	Planted buffer areas adjacent to residential areas. Screening/buff er plantings for recreation nodes	Planted buffer areas adjacent to residential areas. Screening/buffer plantings for recreation nodes
Playgrounds	1 play event provided	Larger playground multiple play events provided	Large playgrounds and possibly multiple locations	Not provided except as part of recreation node	Not provided except as part of recreation node
Youth active and informal facilities		Youth "active facilities" provided - bike tracks, youth space, etc	Youth "active facilities" provided - bike tracks, youth space, etc	Not provided except as public access to sporting fields	Not provided except as public access to sporting fields or as dedicated facility (e.g. skate park)